

General Information

General Information

The supplemental restraint system (SRS) is designed to supplement the seat belt to help reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and passenger by activating and deploying the driver, passenger, side airbag and belt pretensioner in certain frontal or side collisions.

The SRS (Airbag) consists of ; a driver side airbag module located in the center of the steering wheel, which contains the folded cushion and an inflator unit ; a passenger side airbag module located in the passenger side crash pad contains the folded cushion assembled with inflator unit ; side airbag modules located in the front seat contain the folded cushion and an inflator unit ; curtain airbag modules located inside of the headliner which contains folded cushions and inflator units. The impact sensing function of the SRSCM is carried out by electronic accelerometer that continuously measure the vehicle's acceleration and delivers a corresponding signal through amplifying and filtering circuitry to the microprocessor.

SRSCM (SRS Control Module)

SRSCM will detect front impact with front impact sensor, and side impact with side impact sensor, and determine airbag module deployment.

1. DC/DC converter: DC/DC converter in power supply unit includes up/down transformer converter, and provide ignition voltage for 2 front airbag ignition circuits and the internal operation voltage of the SRSCM. If the internal operation voltage is below critical value setting, it will perform resetting.
2. Safety sensor: Safety sensor is located in airbag ignition circuit. Safety sensor will operate airbag circuit at any deployment condition and release airbag circuit safely at normal driving condition. Safety sensor is a double contact electronic switch that will close detecting acceleration above certain criteria.
3. Back up power supply: SRSCM has separate back up power supply, that will supply deployment energy instantly in low voltage condition or upon power failure by front crash.
4. Self diagnosis: SRSCM will constantly monitor current SRS operation status and detect system failure while vehicle power supply is on, system failure may be checked with trouble codes using scan tool. (Hi-Scan)
5. Airbag warning lamp on: Upon detecting error, the module will transmit signal to SRSCM indicator lamp located at cluster. MIL lamp will indicate driver SRS error. Upon ignition key on, SRS lamp will turn on for about six seconds.
6. Trouble code registration: Upon error occurrence in system, SRSCM will store DTC corresponding to the error. DTC can be cleared only by Hi-Scan. However, if an internal fault code is logged or if a crash is recorded the fault clearing should not happen.
7. Self diagnostic connector: Data stored in SRSCM memory will be output to Hi-Scan or other external output devices through connector located below driver side crash pad.
8. Once airbag is deployed, SRSCM should not be used again but replaced.
9. SRSCM will determine whether passenger put on seat belt by the signal from built-in switch in seat belt buckle, and deploy front seat airbag at each set crash speed.
10. Side airbag deployment will be determined by SRSCM that will detect satellite sensor impact signal upon side crash, irrespective to seat belt condition.

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Restraint

Specification

Item	Resistance (Ω)
Driver Airbag (DAB)	1.5 ~ 5.7
Passenger Airbag (PAB)	1.5 ~ 5.7
Side Airbag (SAB)	1.5 ~ 5.7
Curtain Airbag (CAB)	1.5 ~ 5.7
Seat Belt Retractor Pretensioner (BPT)	1.5 ~ 5.7

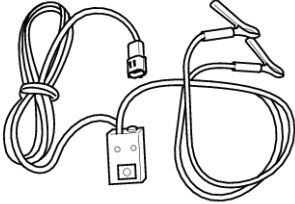
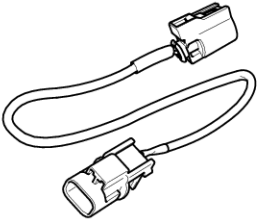
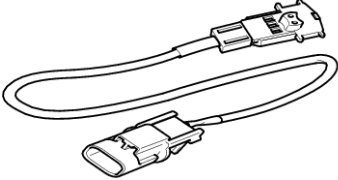
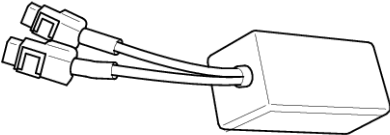
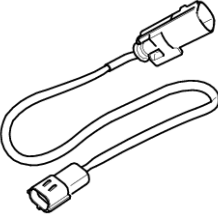
Tightening Torques

Item	N.m	kgf.m	lb-ft
Driver Airbag (DAB)	7.8 ~ 10.8	0.8 ~ 1.1	5.8 ~ 8.0
Passenger Airbag (PAB)	Bolt : 18.6 ~ 26.5 Nut : 5.9 ~ 6.9	1.9 ~ 2.7 0.6 ~ 0.7	13.7 ~ 19.2 4.3 ~ 5.1
Side Airbag (SAB)	18.6 ~ 26.5	1.9 ~ 2.7	13.7 ~ 19.2
Curtain Airbag (CAB)	6.9 ~ 8.8	0.7 ~ 0.9	5.1 ~ 6.5
Seat Belt Anchor Bolt (BPT)	39.2 ~ 53.9	4.0 ~ 5.5	28.9 ~ 39.8
SRSCM	6.9 ~ 8.8	0.7 ~ 0.9	5.1 ~ 6.5
Front Impact Sensor (FIS) Mounting Nut	6.9 ~ 8.8	0.7 ~ 0.9	5.1 ~ 6.5
Front Side Impact Sensor (FSIS) Mounting Screw	4.9 ~ 6.9	0.5 ~ 0.7	3.6 ~ 5.1
Rear Side Impact Sensor (RSIS) Mounting Bolt	6.9 ~ 8.8	0.7 ~ 0.9	5.1 ~ 6.5

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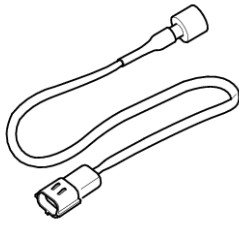
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Special Service Tools

Tool(Number and Name)	Illustration	Use
Deployment tool 0957A-34100A	 ARIE500A	Airbag deployment tool.
Deployment adapter 0957A-3F100	 ERKD001F	Use with deployment tool. (PAB, SAB)
Deployment adapter 0957A-38500	 ARIE500C	Use with deployment tool. (DAB, CAB, BPT)
Dummy 0957A-38200	 ARIE500D	Simulator to check the resistance of each wiring harness.
Dummy adapter 0957A-3F000	 ERKD001G	Use with dummy (PAB, SAB)

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Restraint

Tool(Number and Name)	Illustration	Use
Dummy adapter 0957A-2G000	 ARIE500F	Use with dummy (DAB, CAB, BPT)

DAB : Driver Airbag

PAB : Passenger Airbag

SAB : Side Airbag

CAB : Curtain Airbag

BPT : Seat Belt Pretensioner

General Information

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Precautions

General Precautions

Please read the following precautions carefully before performing the airbag system service.

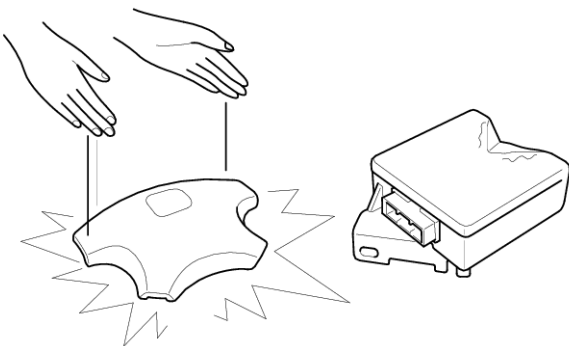
Observe the instructions described in this manual, or the airbags could accidentally deploy and cause damage or injuries.

- Except when performing electrical inspections, always turn the ignition switch OFF and disconnect the negative cable from the battery, and wait at least three minutes before beginning work.

NOTICE

The contents in the memory are not erased even if the ignition switch is turned OFF or the battery cables are disconnected from the battery.

- Use the replacement parts which are manufactured to the same standards as the original parts and quality. Do not install used SRS parts from another vehicle. Use only new parts when making SRS repairs.
- Carefully inspect any SRS part before you install it. Do not install any part that shows signs of being dropped or improperly handled, such as dents, cracks or deformation.



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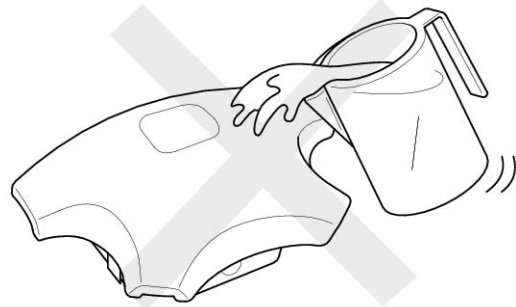
- Before removing any of the SRS parts (including the disconnection of the connectors), always disconnect the SRS connector.

Airbag Handling and Storage

Do not disassemble the airbags; it has no serviceable parts. Once an airbag has been deployed, it cannot be repaired or reused.

For temporary storage of the air bag during service, please observe the following precautions.

- Store the removed airbag with the pad surface up.
- Keep free from any oil, grease, detergent, or water to prevent damage to the airbag assembly.



ERKD002Z

- Store the removed airbag on secure, flat surface away from any high heat source (exceeding 85 C/185 F).
- Never perform electrical inspections to the airbags, such as measuring resistance.
- Do not position yourself in front of the airbag assembly during removal, inspection, or replacement.
- Refer to the scrapping procedures for disposal of the damaged airbag.
- Be careful not to bump or impact the SRS unit or the side impact sensors or front impact sensors whenever the ignition switch is ON, wait at least three minutes after the ignition switch is turned OFF before begin work.
- During installation or replacement, be careful not to bump (by impact wrench, hammer, etc.) the area around the SRS unit and the side impact sensor and the front impact sensors. The airbags could accidentally deploy and cause damage or injury.

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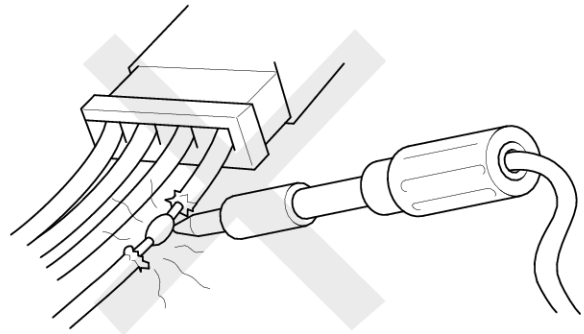
Restraint

- Replace the front airbag module, SRSCM, FIS when deploying the front airbag. Replace the airbag wiring when the airbag wiring get damaged. Replace the side airbag module, the curtain airbag module, SRSCM, SIS when deploying the side airbag. Replace the airbag when the airbag wiring get damaged.
- After a collision in which the airbags or the side air bags did not deploy, inspect for any damage or any deformation on the SRS unit and the side impact sensors. If there is any damage, replace the SRS unit, the front impact sensor and/or the side impact sensors.
- Do not disassemble the SRS unit, the front impact sensor or the side impact sensors.
- Turn the ignition switch OFF, disconnect the battery negative cable and wait at least three minutes before beginning installation or replacement of the SRS unit.
- Be sure the SRS unit, the front impact sensor and side impact sensors are installed securely with the mounting bolts.
- Do not spill water or oil on the SRS unit, or the front impact sensor or the side impact sensors and keep them away from dust.
- Store the SRS unit, the front impact sensor and the side impact sensors in a cool (15 ~ 25°C/ 59 ~ 77°F) and dry (30 ~ 80% relative humidity, no moisture) area.

Wiring Precautions

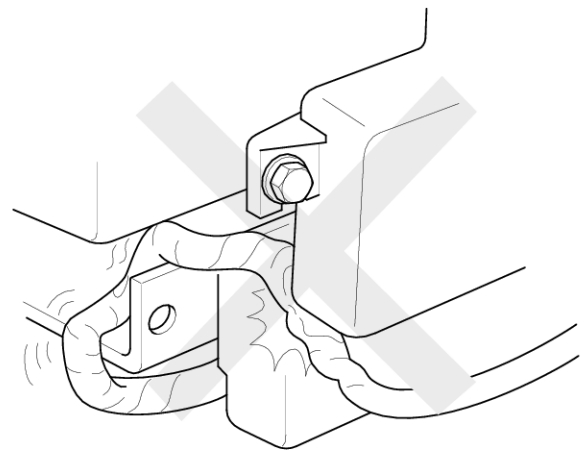
SRS wiring can be identified by special yellow outer covering. Observe the instructions described in this section.

- Never attempt to modify, splice, or repair SRS wiring. If there is an open or damage in SRS wiring, replace the harness.



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- Be sure to install the harness wires so that they are not pinched, or interfere with other parts.



ERKD002X

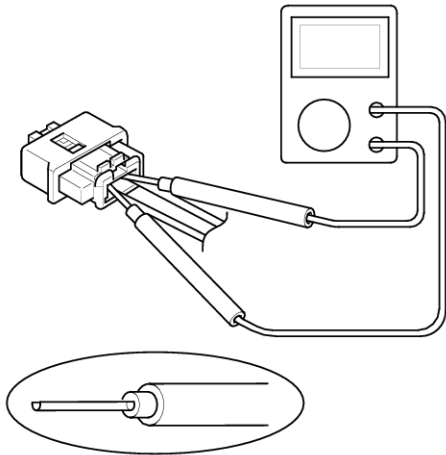
- Make sure all SRS ground locations are clean, and grounds are securely fastened for optimum metal-to-metal contact. Poor grounding can cause intermittent problems that are difficult to diagnose.

General Information

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Precautions for Electrical Inspections

- When using electrical test equipment, insert the probe of the tester into the wire side of the connector. Do not insert the probe of the tester into the terminal side of the connector, and do not tamper with the connector.



ERKD002W

- Use a u-shaped probe. Do not insert the probe forcibly.
- Use specified service connectors for troubleshooting. Using improper tools could cause an error in inspection due to poor metal contact.

Spring-laded Lock Connector

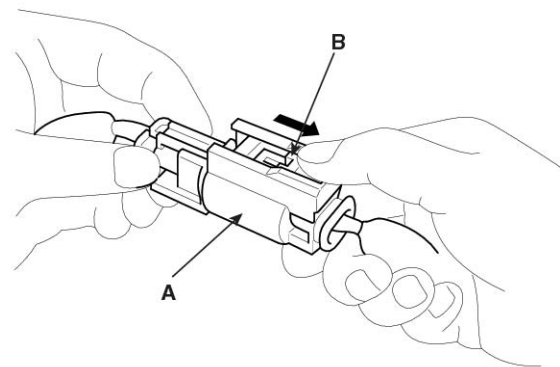
Some SRS system connectors have a spring-loaded lock.

Airbag Connector

Disconnecting

To release the lock, pull the spring-loaded sleeve (A) and the slider (B), while holding the opposite half of the connector.

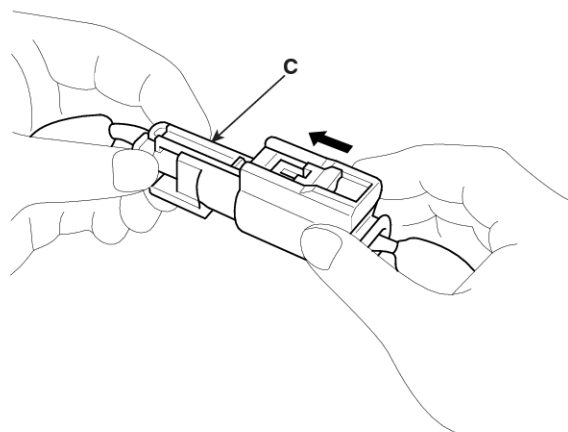
Pull the connector halves apart. Be sure to pull on the sleeve and not on the connector half.



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Connecting

Hold both connector halves and press firmly until the projection (C) of the sleeve-side connector clicks to lock.



ERKD511E

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Restraint

Warning Lamp Activation

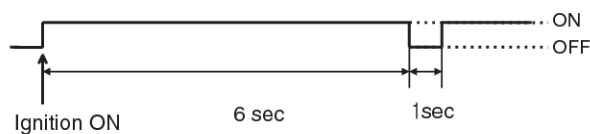
Warning Lamp Behavior after Ignition On

As soon as the operating voltage is applied to the SRSCM ignition input, the SRSCM activates the warning lamp for a bulb check.

The lamp shall turn on for 6 seconds during the initialization phase and be turned off afterward.

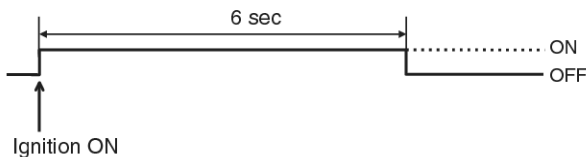
However, in order to indicate the driver, the warning lamp shall turn on for 6 seconds and off for one second then on continuously after the operating voltage is applied if any active fault exists.

1. Active fault or historical fault counter is greater or equal to 10.



BRIF500A

2. Normal or historical fault counter is less than 10.



BRIF500B

SRSCM Independent Warning Lamp Activation

There are certain fault conditions in which the SRSCM cannot function and thus cannot control the operation of the standard warning lamp. In these cases, the standard warning lamp is directly activated by appropriate circuitry that operates independently of the SRSCM. These cases are:

1. Loss of battery supply to the SRSCM : warning lamp turned on continuously.
2. Loss of internal operating voltage : warning lamp turned on continuously.
3. Loss of Microprocessor operation : warning lamp turned on continuously.
4. SRSCM not connected : warning lamp turned on continuously through the shorting bar.

Component Replacement After Deployment

NOTICE

Before doing any SRS repairs, use the Hi-Scan Pro to check for DTCs. Refer to the Diagnostic Trouble Code list for repairing of the related DTCs.

When the front airbag(s) deployed after a collision, replace the following items.

- SRSCM
- Deployed airbag(s)
- Seat belt pretensioner(s)
- Front impact sensors
- SRS wiring harnesses
- Inspect the clock spring for heat damage.

If any damage found, replace the clock spring.

When the seat belt pretensioner(s) deployed after a collision, replace the following items.

- Seat belt pretensioner(s)
- SRSCM
- Front impact sensors
- SRS wiring harnesses

When the side/curtain airbag(s) deployed after a collision, replace the following items.

- SRSCM
- Deployed airbag(s)
- Side impact sensor(s) for the deployed side(s)
- SRS wiring harnesses

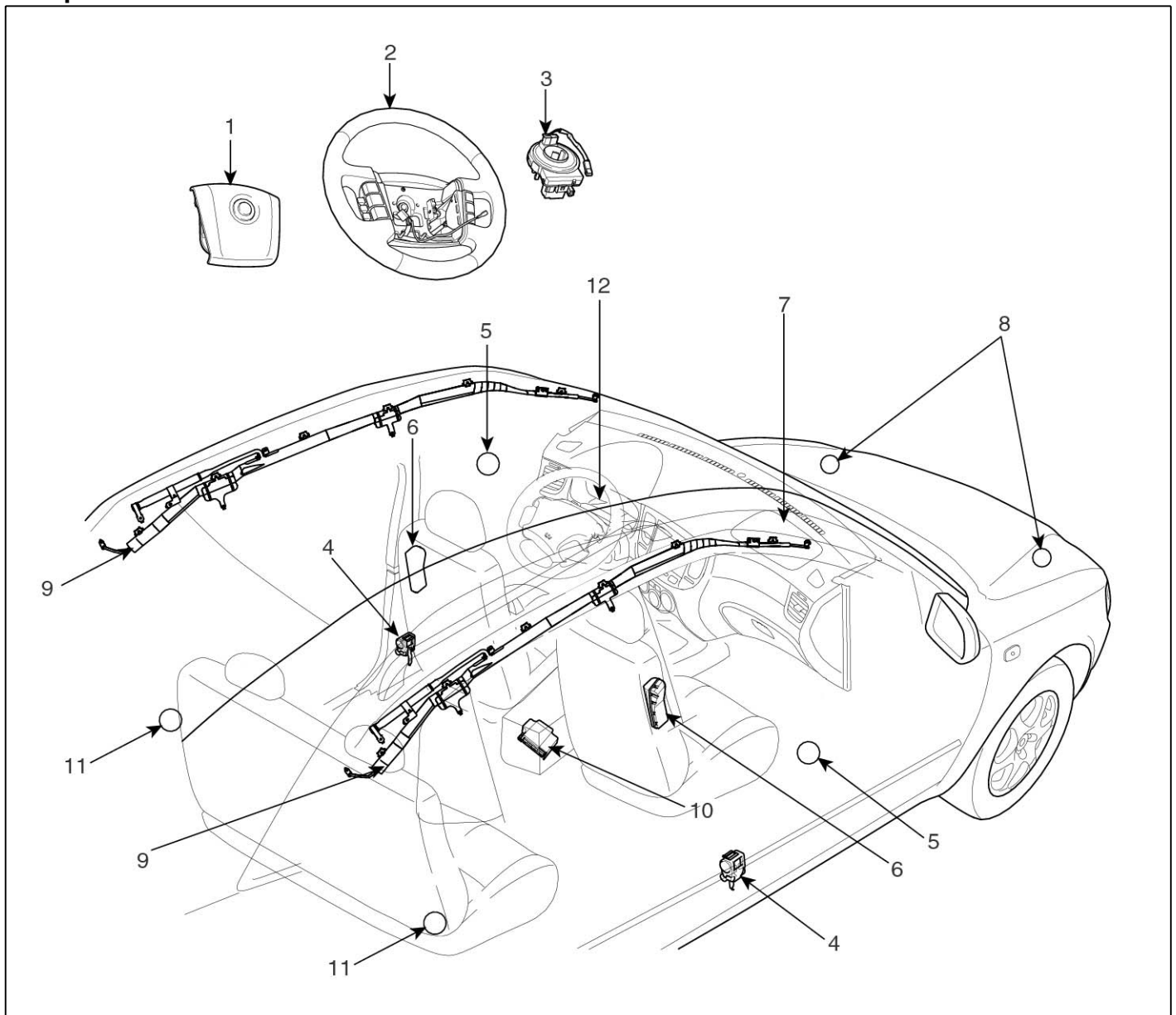
After the vehicle is completely repaired, confirm the SRS airbag system is OK.

- Turn the ignition switch ON; the SRS indicator should come on for about six seconds and then go off.

General Information

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Components



SHMRT8100D

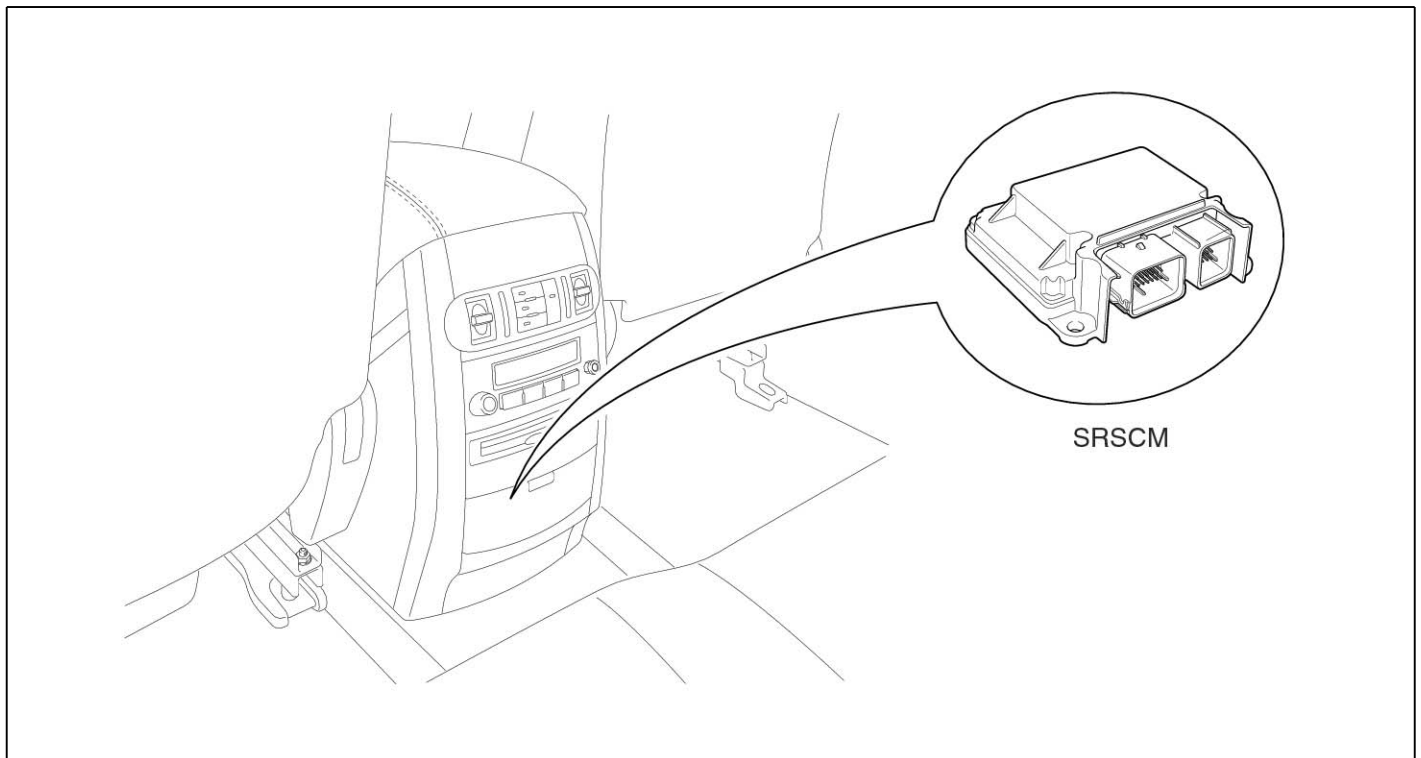
- | | |
|------------------------------------|--|
| 1. Driver Airbag (DAB) | 7. Passenger Airbag (PAB) |
| 2. Steering Wheel | 8. Front Impact Sensor (FIS) |
| 3. Clock Spring | 9. Curtain Airbag (CAB) |
| 4. Seat Belt Pretensioner (BPT) | 10. Supplemental Restraint System Control Module (SRSCM) |
| 5. Front Side Impact Sensor (FSIS) | 11. Rear Side Impact Sensor (RSIS) |
| 6. Side Airbag (SAB) | 12. Airbag Warning Lamp |

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Restraint

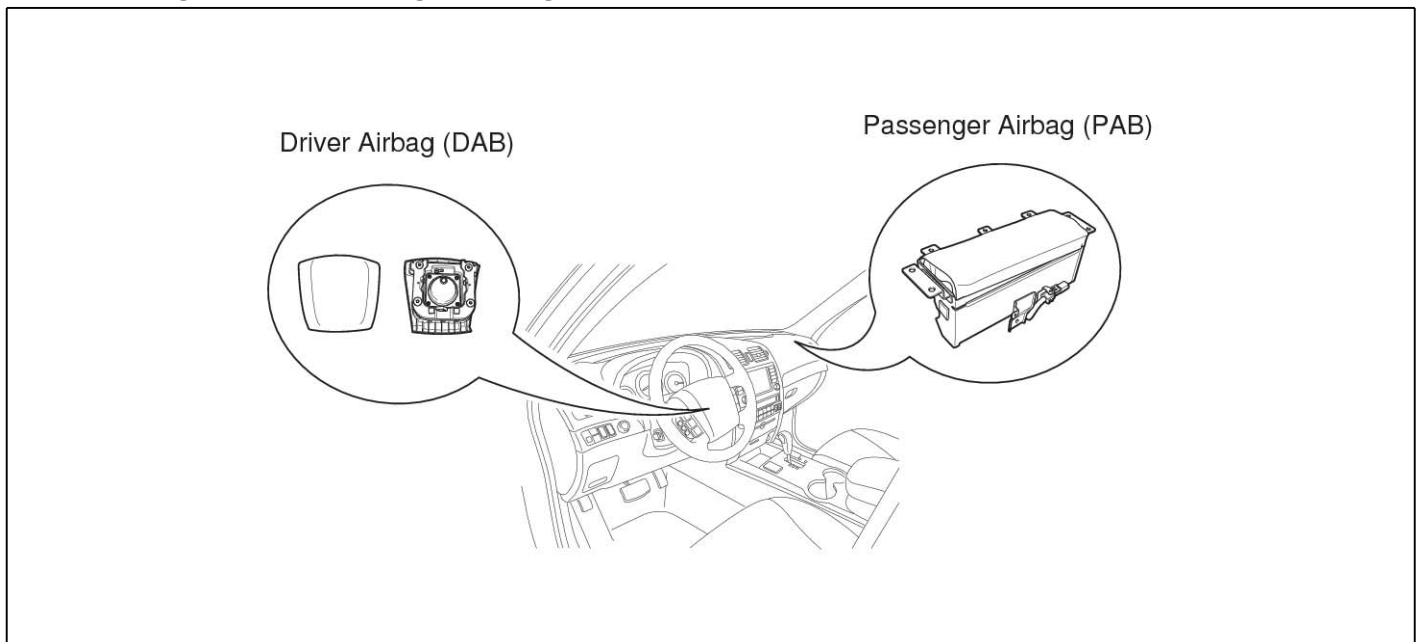
Components Location

Supplemental Restraint System Control Module (SRSCM)



SHMRT8150D

Driver Airbag (DAB) / Passenger Airbag (PAB)

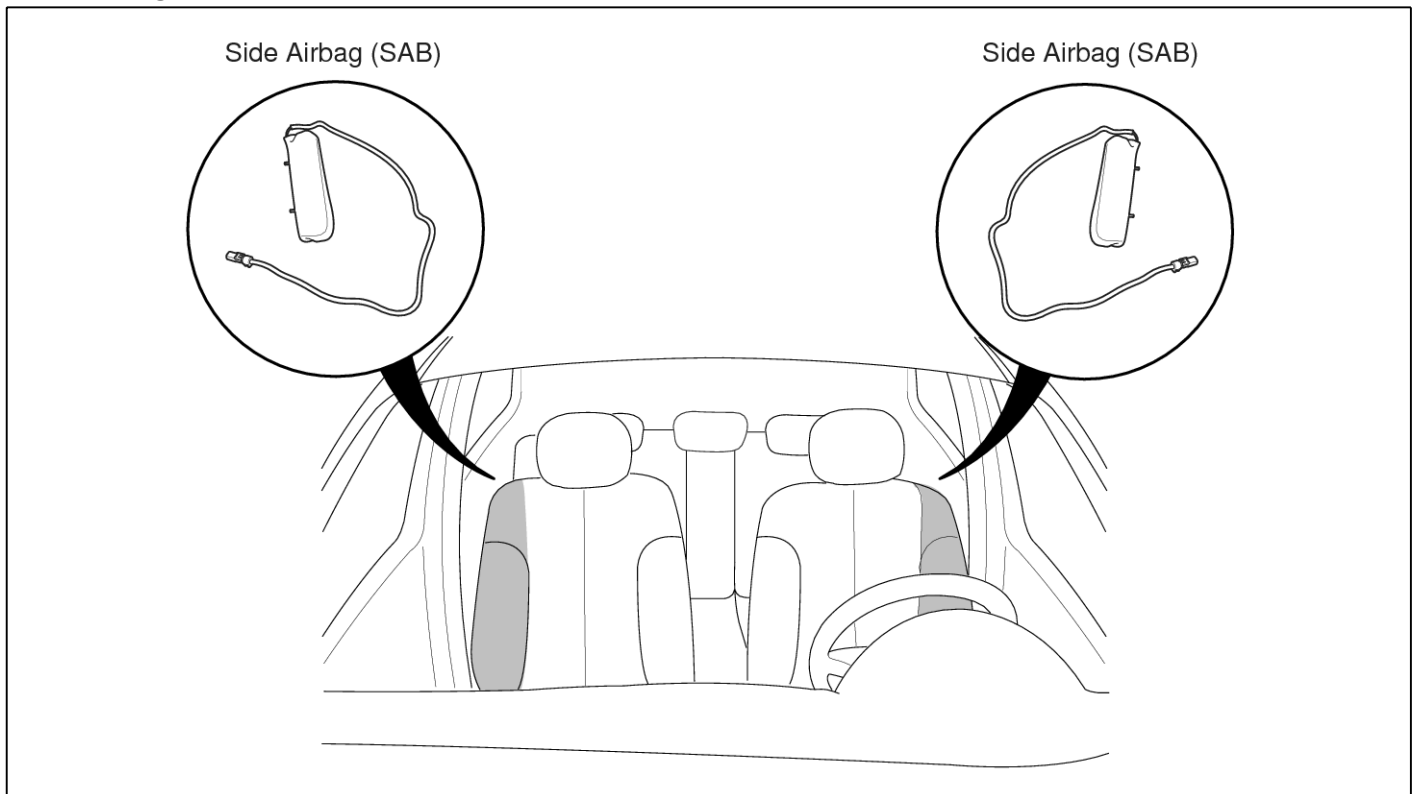


SHMRT9110L

General Information

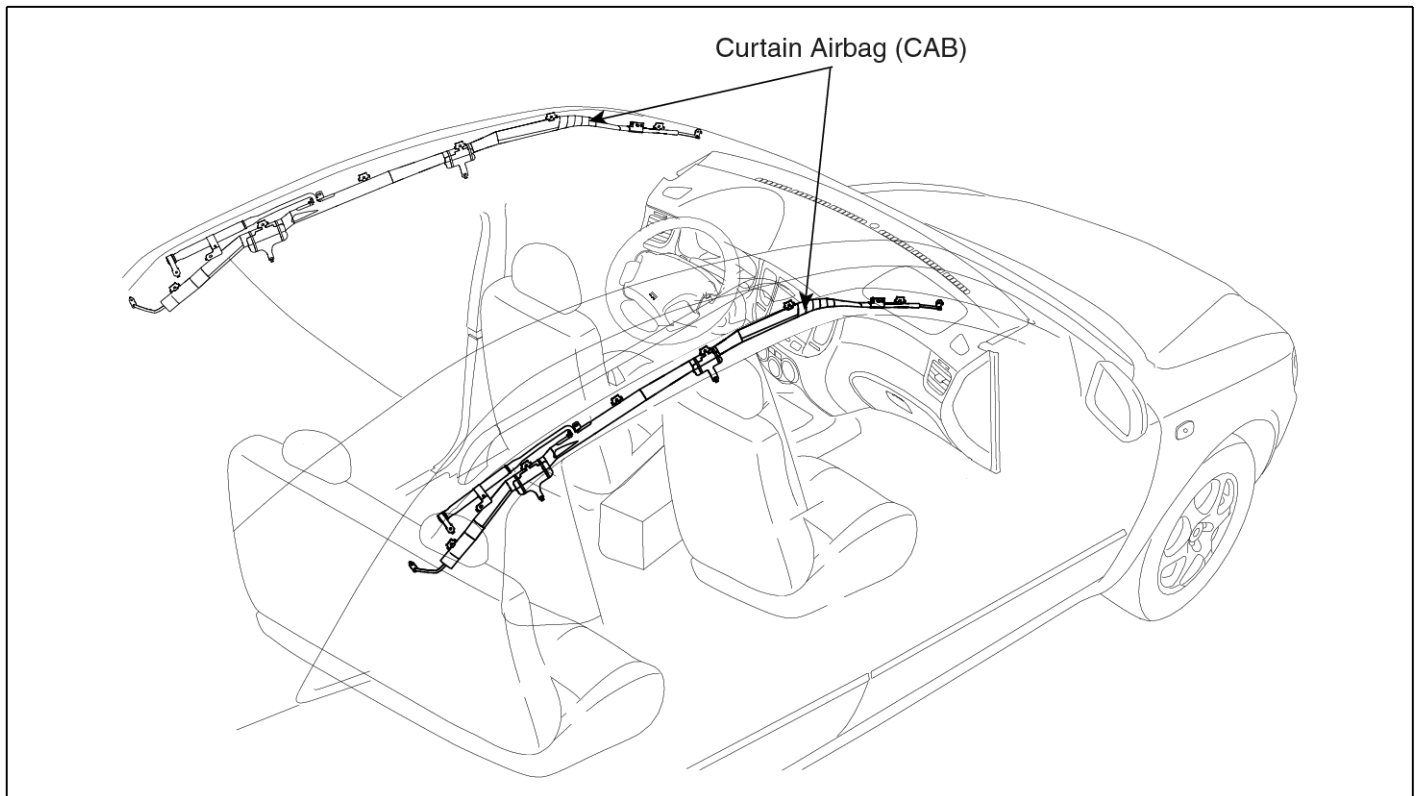
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Side Airbag (SAB)



SHMRT9120N

Curtain Airbag (CAB)

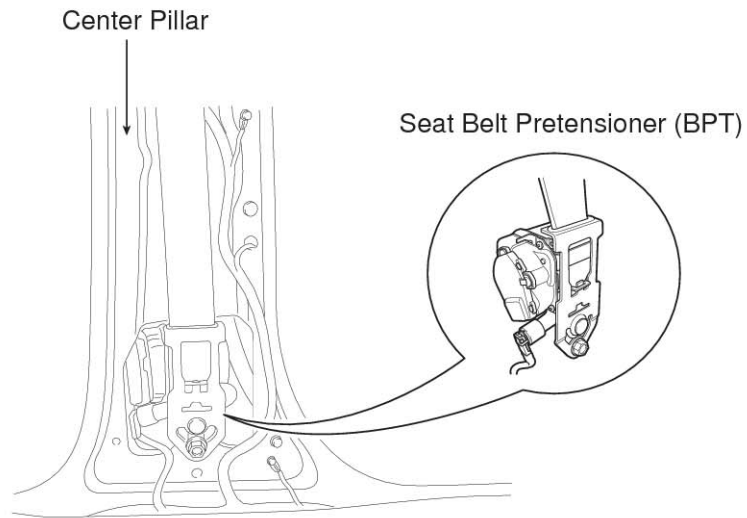


SENRT7130L

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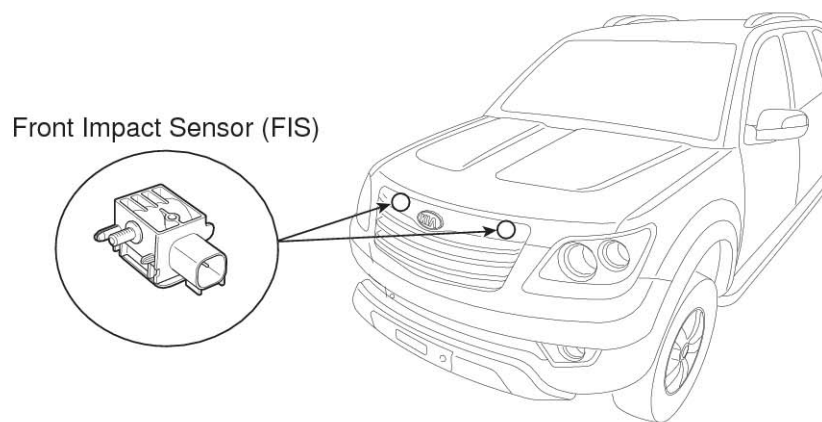
Restraint

Seat Belt Retractor Pretensioner (BPT)



SHMRT9140N

Front Impact Sensor (FIS)



SHMRT9160N

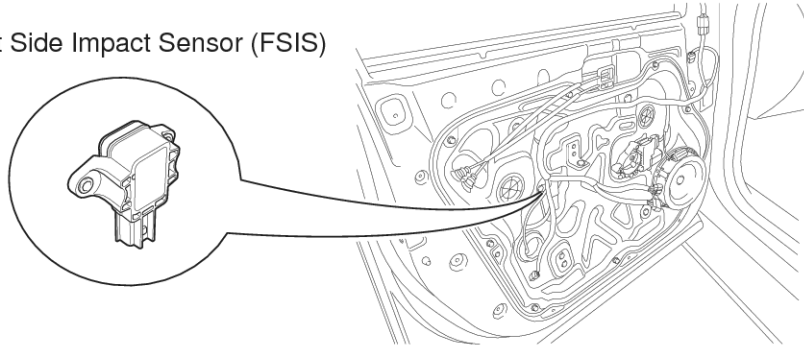
General Information

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Side Impact Sensor (SIS)

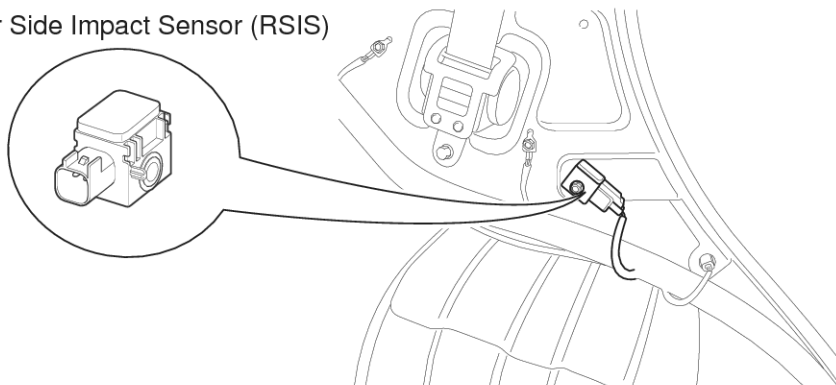
[Front]

Front Side Impact Sensor (FSIS)



[Rear]

Rear Side Impact Sensor (RSIS)



SHMRT9170N

SRSCM

SRS Control Module (SRSCM)

Description

The primary purpose of the SRSCM (Supplemental Restraints System Control Module) is to discriminate between an event that warrants restraint system deployment and an event that does not. The SRSCM must decide whether to deploy the restraint system or not. After determining that pretensioners and/or airbag deployment is required, the SRSCM must supply sufficient power to the pretensioners and airbag igniters to initiate deployment.

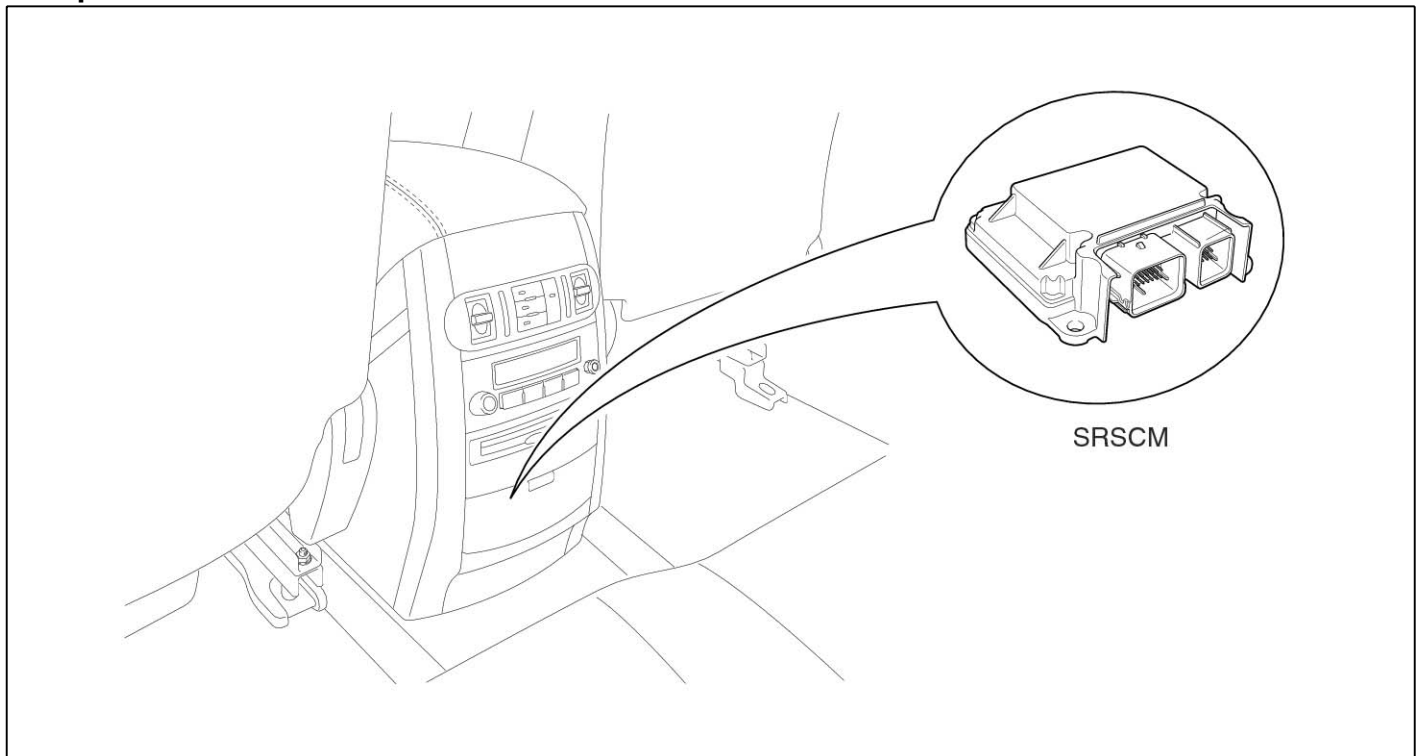
The SRSCM determines that an impact may require deployment of the pretensioners and airbags from data obtained from impact sensors and other components in conjunction with a safing function.

The SRSCM will not be ready to detect a crash or to activate the restraint system devices until the signals in the SRSCM circuitry stabilize.

It is possible that the SRSCM could activate the safety restraint devices in approximately 2 seconds but is guaranteed to fully function after prove-out is completed.

The SRSCM must perform a diagnostic routine and light a system readiness indicator at key-on. The system must perform a continuous diagnostic routine and provide fault annunciation through a warning lamp indicator in the event of fault detection. A serial diagnostic communication interface will be used to facilitate servicing of the restraint control system.

Components



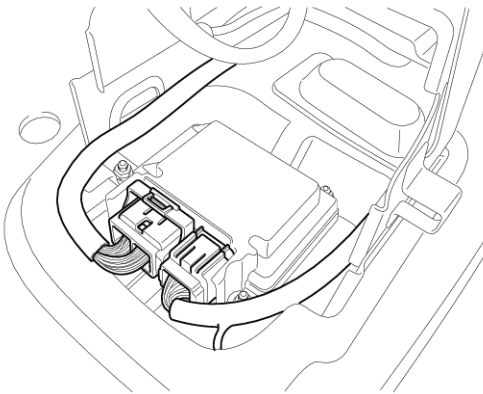
SHMRT8150D

SRSCM

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Removal

1. Remove the ignition key from the vehicle.
2. Disconnect the battery negative cable and wait for at least three minutes before beginning work.
3. Disconnect the DAB, PAB, SAB, CAB and BPT connectors.
4. Remove the floor console. (Refer to the Body group - console)
5. Disconnect the SRSCM harness connector from the SRSCM.



SHMRT8151D

6. Remove the SRSCM mounting bolts(4EA) from the SRSCM, then remove the SRSCM.

CAUTION

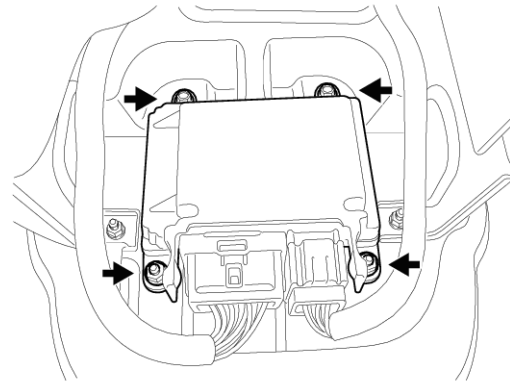
You must remove or install SRSCM at the ignition switch OFF because SRSCM has overturn sensing function. SAB, CAB, BPT may be deployed if you shake SRSCM at the direction of up and down or right and left at the ignition switch ON.

Installation

1. Remove the ignition key from the vehicle.
2. Disconnect the battery negative cable and wait for at least three minutes before beginning work.
3. Install the SRSCM with the SRSCM mounting bolts.

Tightening torque

: 6.9 ~ 8.8 Nm (0.7 ~ 0.9 kgf.m, 5.1 ~ 6.5 lb.ft)



SHMRT8152D

NOTICE

Use new mounting bolts when replacing the SRSCM after a collision.

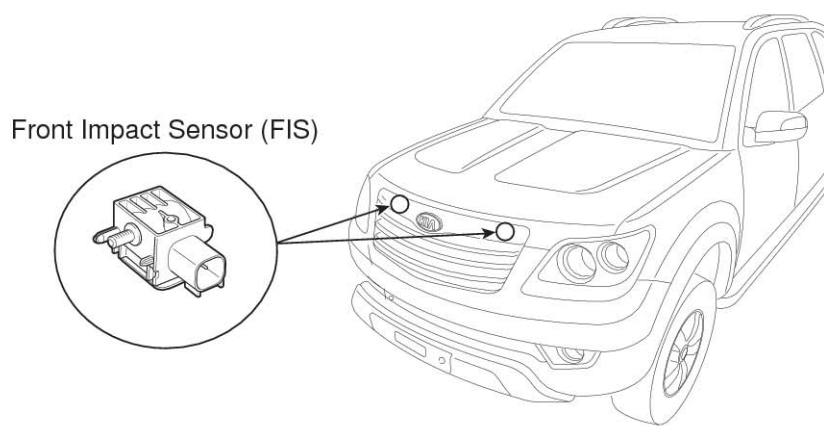
4. Connect the SRSCM harness connector.
5. Install the heater ducts and floor console. (Refer to the Body group - console)
6. Connect the DAB, PAB, SAB, CAB and BPT connectors.
7. Reconnect the battery negative cable.
8. After installing the SRSCM, confirm proper system operation:
 - Turn the ignition switch ON; the SRS indicator light should be turned on for about six seconds and then go off.

Front Impact Sensor (FIS)

Description

The front impact sensor (FIS) is installed in the Front End Module (FEM). They are remote sensors that detect acceleration due to a collision at its mounting location. The primary purpose of the Front Impact Sensor (FIS) is to provide an indication of a collision. The Front Impact Sensor (FIS) sends acceleration data to the SRSCM.

Components

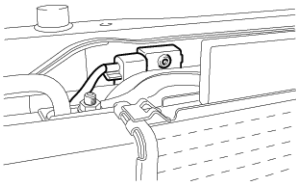
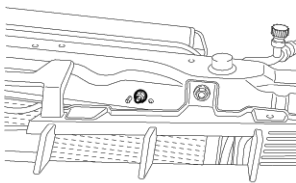


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Removal

⚠CAUTION

- Removal of the airbag must be performed according to the precautions/ procedures described previously.
 - Before disconnecting the front impact sensor connector, disconnect the front airbag connector(s).
 - Do not turn the ignition switch ON and do not connect the battery cable while replacing the front impact sensor.
1. Disconnect the battery negative cable, and wait for at least three minutes before beginning work.
 2. Remove the radiator upper cover. (Refer to the Body group-Bumper)
 3. Disconnect the Front Impact Sensor connector.
 4. Remove the Front Impact Sensor mounting nut.



SHMRT8161D

5. Remove the Front Impact Sensor.

Installation

⚠CAUTION

- Do not turn the ignition switch ON and do not contact the battery cable while replacing the front impact sensor.

1. Install the new Front Impact Sensor.
2. Tighten the Front Impact Sensor mounting nut.

Tightening torque

: 6.9 ~ 8.8 Nm (0.7 ~ 0.9 kgf.m, 5.1 ~ 6.5 lb.ft)

3. Connect the Front Impact Sensor connector and install the radiator upper cover. (Refer to the Body group-Bumper)
4. Reconnect the battery negative cable.
5. After installing the Front Impact Sensor, confirm proper system operation:
 - Turn the ignition switch ON; the SRS indicator light should be turned on for about six seconds and then go off.

Side Impact Sensor (SIS)

Description

Side Impact Sensor (SIS) system consists of two Front-SIS which are installed at each center of the front door module (LH and RH) and two Rear-SIS which are installed at each rear pillar nearby (LH and RH).

Front-Side Impact Sensor (F-SIS) is also called P-SIS because that detects pressure due to collision at its mounting location.

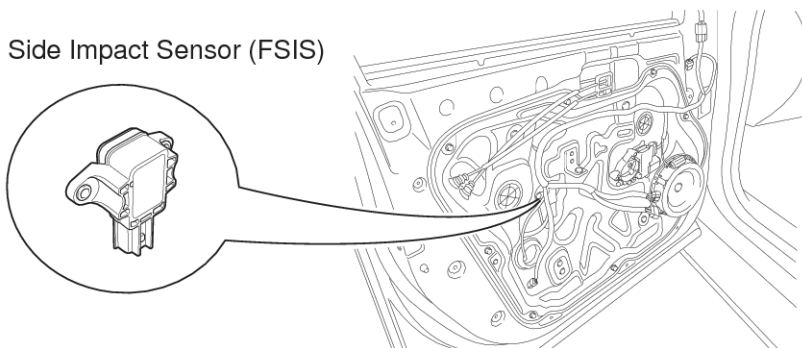
Rear-Side Impact Sensor (R-SIS) is also called A-SIS because that detects acceleration.

SRSCM decides deployment or not of the airbag and the time of deployment through the collision signal of SIS when the collision occurred.

Components

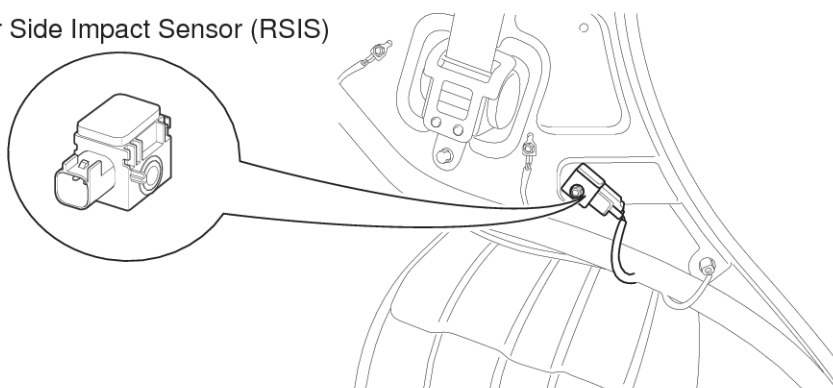
[Front]

Front Side Impact Sensor (FSIS)



[Rear]

Rear Side Impact Sensor (RSIS)



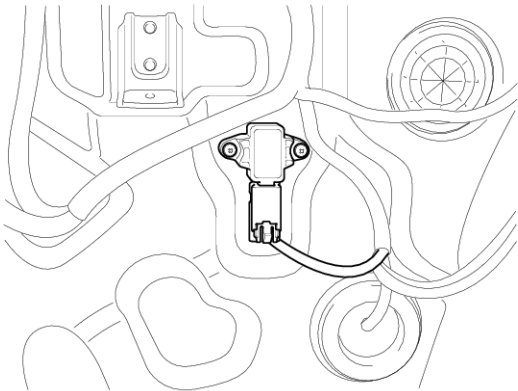
SHMRT9170N

Removal

Front Side Impact Sensor

⚠CAUTION

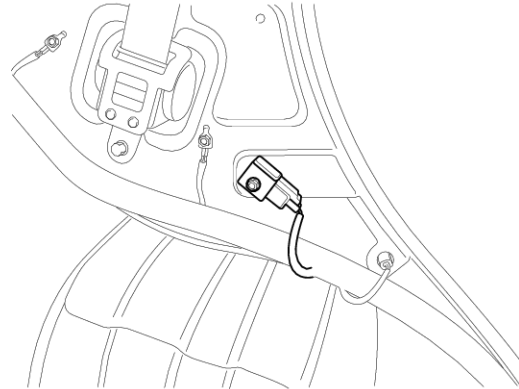
- Removal of the airbag must be performed according to the precautions/procedures described previously.
 - Before disconnecting the side impact sensor connector(s), disconnect the side airbag connector(s).
 - Do not turn the ignition switch ON and do not connect the battery cable while replacing the side impact sensor.
1. Disconnect the battery negative cable, and wait for at least three minutes before beginning work.
 2. Remove the front door trim. (Refer to the Body group-Front door)
 3. Disconnect the front side impact sensor connector and remove the front side impact sensor mounting screws.



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Rear Side Impact Sensor

1. Disconnect the battery negative cable and wait for at least three minutes before beginning work.
2. Remove the rear seat. (Refer to the Body group-Seat)
3. Disconnect the rear side impact sensor connector.
4. Loosen the rear side impact sensor mounting bolt and remove the rear side impact sensor.



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Restraint

Installation

Front Side Impact Sensor

CAUTION

- Do not turn the ignition switch ON and do not connect the battery cable while replacing the side impact sensor.
1. Install the new front side impact sensor with the bolt then connect the SRS harness connector to the front side impact sensor.

Tightening torque

: 4.9 ~ 6.9 Nm (0.5 ~ 0.7 kgf.m, 3.6 ~ 5.1 lb.ft)

2. Install the front door trim. (Refer to the Body group- Front door)
3. Reconnect the battery negative cable.
4. After installing the front side impact sensor, confirm proper system operation:
 - Turn the ignition switch ON; the SRS indicator light should be turned on for about six seconds and then go off.

CAUTION

- You must comply with the specified tightening torques with the tool specified because Front – Side Impact Sensors (FSIS, P-SIS) may be broken or POP-NUT may be rotated.
- Problems may be occurred in the durability of P-SIS or impact sensing performance may be depreciated if POP-NUT is rotated.
- The door module must not be transformed because SRSCM judges a impact through the pressure sensed in the door module.

Rear Side Impact Sensor

CAUTION

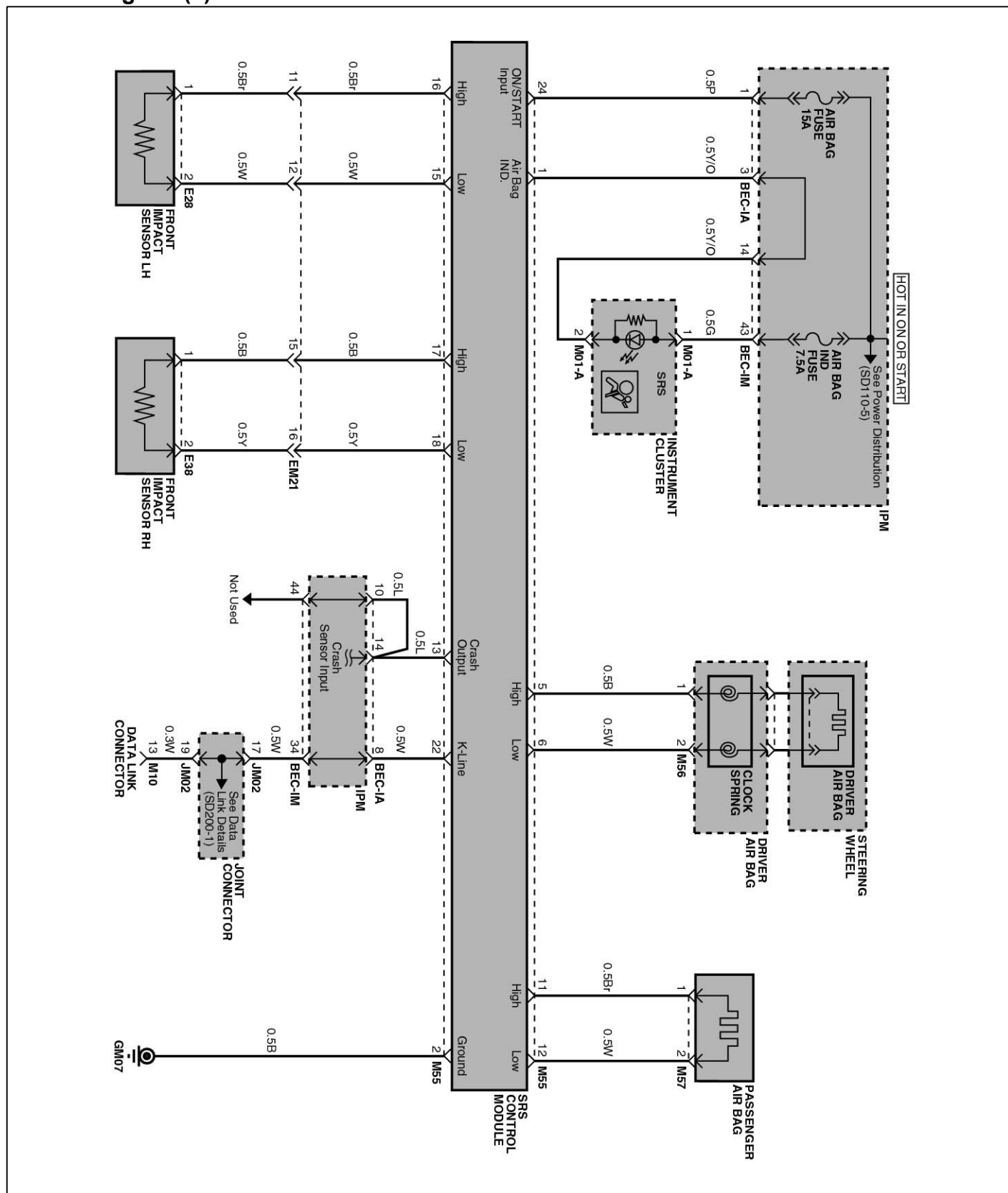
- Do not turn the ignition switch ON and do not connect the battery cable while replacing the side impact sensor.
1. Install the new side impact sensor with the bolt then connect the SRS harness connector to the side impact sensor.

Tightening torque

: 6.8 ~ 8.8 Nm (0.7 ~ 0.9 kgf.m, 5.1 ~ 6.5 lb.ft)

2. Install the rear seat . (Refer to the Body group- Seat)
3. Reconnect the battery negative cable.
4. After installing the Side Impact Sensor, confirm proper system operation:
 - Turn the ignition switch ON; the SRS indicator light should be turned on for about six seconds and then go off.

Circuit Diagram (1)

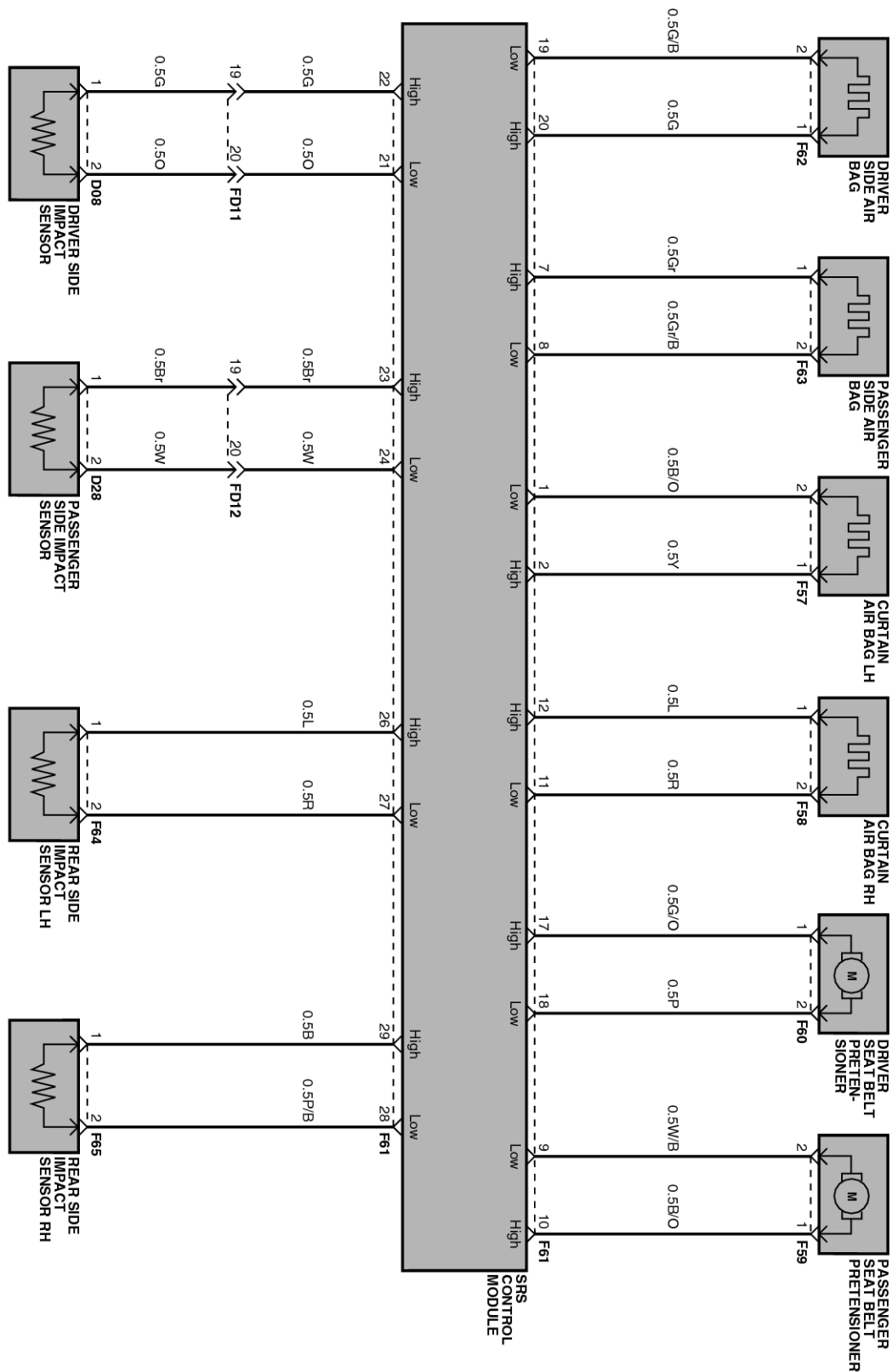


SHMRT9001L

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Restraint

Circuit Diagram (2)



SHMRT9002L

SRSCM

RT-25

Harness Connector

6	5	4	3	2	1
12	11	10	9	8	7
18	17	16	15	14	13
24	23	22	21	20	19

CONNECTOR A

10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11
30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21
40	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	32	31

CONNECTOR B

Shorting bar () : located on the upper side of pin 1 and 2 of SRSCM connector A

Note : For short circuit check, shorting bar must be opened. Use a plastic clip as a shorting bar opener for disconnecting shorting bar.

SBHRT9011N

Pin	Function (Connector A)	Pin	Function (Connector B)
1	Airbag Warning Lamp	1	Curtain Airbag [Driver] Low
2	Ground	2	Curtain Airbag [Driver] High
3	-	3~6	-
4	-	7	Side Airbag [Front-Passenger] High
5	(1st stage) Driver Airbag High	8	Side Airbag [Front-Passenger] Low
6	(1st stage) Driver Airbag Low	9	Seat Belt Pretensioner [Front-Passenger] Low
7	-	10	Seat Belt Pretensioner [Front-Passenger] High
8	-	11	Curtain Airbag [Passenger] Low
9	-	12	Curtain Airbag [Passenger] High
10	-	13~16	-
11	(1st stage) Passenger Airbag High	17	Seat Belt Pretensioner [Front-Driver] High
12	(1st stage) Passenger Airbag Low	18	Seat Belt Pretensioner [Front-Driver] Low
13	Crash Output	19	Side Airbag [Front-Driver] Low
14	-	20	Side Airbag [Front-Driver] High
15	Front Impact Sensor [Driver] Low	21	Side Impact Sensor [Rear-Driver] Low
16	Front Impact Sensor [Driver] High	22	Side Impact Sensor [Rear-Driver] High
17	Front Impact Sensor [Passenger] High	23	Side Impact Sensor [Rear-Passenger] High
18	Front Impact Sensor [Passenger] Low	24	Side Impact Sensor [Rear-Passenger] Low
19	-	25	-
20	-	26	Side Impact Sensor [Front-Driver] High
21	-	27	Side Impact Sensor [Front-Driver] Low
22	K-Line Diagnostic	28	Side Impact Sensor [Front-Passenger] Low
23	-	29	Side Impact Sensor [Front-Passenger] High
24	Ignition	30~40	-

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Restraint

Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC)

DTC	Fault Descriptions	Remark
B1101	Battery voltage High	
B1102	Battery voltage Low	
B1326	FIS(Front Impact Sensor)-Driver short to Ground	
B1327	FIS(Front Impact Sensor)-Driver short to Battery	
B1328	FIS(Front Impact Sensor)-Driver defect	
B1329	FIS(Front Impact Sensor)-Driver communication error	
B1330	FIS(Front Impact Sensor)-Driver Wrong ID	
B1331	FIS(Front Impact Sensor)-Passenger short to Ground	
B1332	FIS(Front Impact Sensor)-Passenger short to Battery	
B1333	FIS(Front Impact Sensor)-Passenger defect	
B1334	FIS(Front Impact Sensor)-Passenger communication error	
B1335	FIS(Front Impact Sensor)-Passenger Wrong ID	
B1346	Driver airbag resistance too High (1st stage)	
B1347	Driver airbag resistance too Low (1st stage)	
B1348	Driver airbag resistance circuit short to Ground (1st stage)	
B1349	Driver airbag resistance circuit short to Battery (1st stage)	
B1352	Passenger airbag resistance too High (1st stage)	
B1353	Passenger airbag resistance too Low (1st stage)	
B1354	Passenger airbag resistance circuit short to Ground (1st stage)	
B1355	Passenger airbag resistance circuit short to Battery (1st stage)	
B1361	Pretensioner front-Driver resistance too High	
B1362	Pretensioner front-Driver resistance too Low	
B1363	Pretensioner front-Driver resistance circuit short to Ground	
B1364	Pretensioner front-Driver resistance circuit short to Battery	
B1367	Pretensioner front-Passenger resistance too High	
B1368	Pretensioner front-Passenger resistance too Low	
B1369	Pretensioner front-Passenger resistance circuit short to Ground	
B1370	Pretensioner front-Passenger resistance circuit short to Battery	
B1378	Side airbag front-Driver resistance too High	
B1379	Side airbag front-Driver resistance too Low	
B1380	Side airbag front-Driver resistance circuit short to Ground	
B1381	Side airbag front-Driver resistance circuit short to Battery	
B1382	Side airbag front-Passenger resistance too High	
B1383	Side airbag front-Passenger resistance too Low	

SRSCM

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DTC	Fault Descriptions	Remark
B1384	Side airbag front-Passenger resistance circuit short to Ground	
B1385	Side airbag front-Passenger resistance circuit short to Battery	
B1395	Firing loops interconnection fault	
B1412	SIS(Side Impact Sensor)rear-Driver communication error	
B1413	SIS(Side Impact Sensor)rear-Passenger communication error	
B1416	SIS(Side Impact Sensor)rear-Driver Wrong ID	
B1417	SIS(Side Impact Sensor)rear-Passenger Wrong ID	
B1418	SIS(Side Impact Sensor)rear-Driver defect	
B1419	SIS(Side Impact Sensor)rear-Passenger defect	
B1451	SIS(Side Impact Sensor)rear-Driver circuit short to Ground	
B1452	SIS(Side Impact Sensor)rear-Driver circuit short to Battery	
B1454	SIS(Side Impact Sensor)rear-Passenger circuit short to Ground	
B1455	SIS(Side Impact Sensor)rear-Passenger circuit short to Battery	
B1473	Inflatable curtain airbag front-Driver resistance too High	
B1474	Inflatable curtain airbag front-Driver resistance too Low	
B1475	Inflatable curtain airbag front-Driver resistance circuit short to Ground	
B1476	Inflatable curtain airbag front-Driver resistance circuit short to Battery	
B1477	Inflatable curtain airbag front-Passenger resistance too High	
B1478	Inflatable curtain airbag front-Passenger resistance too Low	
B1479	Inflatable curtain airbag front-Passenger resistance circuit short to Ground	
B1480	Inflatable curtain airbag front-Passenger resistance circuit short to Battery	
B1620	Internal fault - Replace SRSCM	
B1649	Crash recorded - Rollover event(Replace ECU)	
B1650	Crash recorded in 1st stage only(Frontal - Replace SRSCM)	
B1651	Crash recorded in front-Driver side airbag(Replace SRSCM)	
B1652	Crash recorded in front-Passenger side airbag(Replace SRSCM)	
B1657	Crash recorded in Belt pretensioner only	
B1658	Belt pretensioner 6 times deployment	
B1738	P-SIS front – Driver Wrong ID	
B1739	P-SIS front – Driver Defect	
B1740	P-SIS front – Driver Short to Ground	
B1741	P-SIS front – Driver Short to Battery	
B1742	P-SIS front – Driver Communication Error	
B1744	P-SIS front - Passenger Wrong ID	
B1745	P-SIS front - Passenger Defect	

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Restraint

DTC	Fault Descriptions	Remark
B1746	P-SIS front - Passenger Short to Ground	
B1747	P-SIS front - Passenger Short to Battery	
B1748	P-SIS front - Passenger Communication Error	
B2500	Warning lamp Failure	

B1101 Battery Voltage High

General Description

SRSCM (Supplemental Restraints System Control Module) checks input voltage when "IG ON" to make air bag system work properly.

If input voltage is out of normal range, there can be malfunction in system operation. In this case, Check battery and charging system.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1101 and turns warning light on if voltage above threshold value is detected for more than 4 sec. (If voltage within threshold value is detected When the SRSCM returns to normal condition. SRSCM regards DTC as being cleared and turns warning light off).

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check voltage	• Poor connection of connected part. • Open/Short circuit in power harness. • Open/Short circuit in ground harness. • Faulty charging system. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• $V_{batt} \geq 16$	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• More than 4 sec	
	De-Qualification	• More than 4 sec	

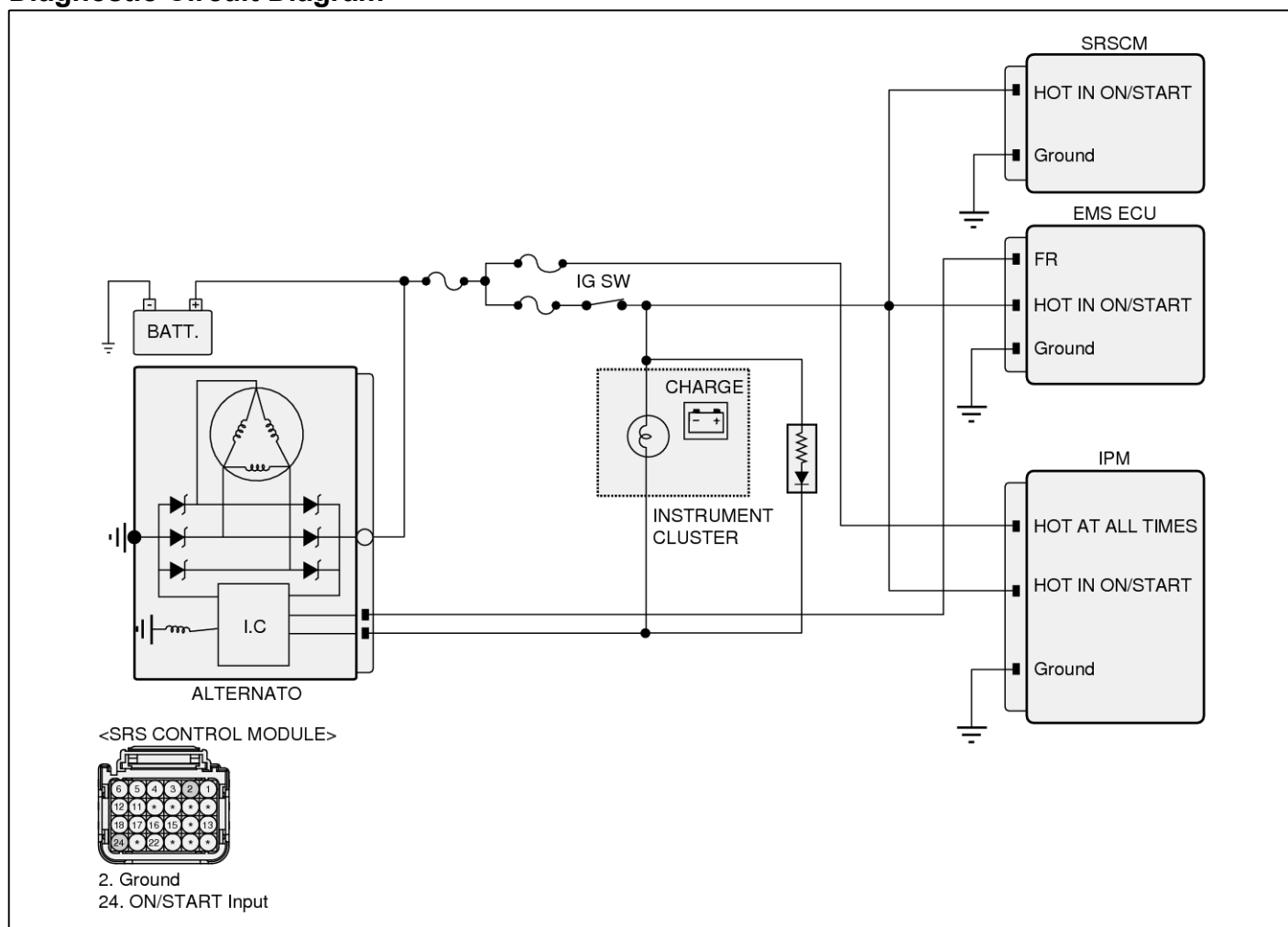
Specification

Test Condition	Voltage
Idle & WOT	Approx. $9 \leq V_{batt} \leq 16$

RT-30

Restraint

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9500L

SHMRT9600L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Charging System Inspection" procedure.

Charging System Inspection

1. Engine "ON", headlight and heatwire "ON".
2. Measure voltage between the battery terminal (+) and (-) maintaining ENG. RPM 2,500RPM (idle) over 2 minutes.

Specification : Approx. $9 \leq V_{batt} \leq 16$

3. Is the measured voltage within specifications?

YES ▶ Go to "Power Circuit Inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute with a known-good alternator and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace alternator and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Power Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect the SRSCM connector.
4. Connect the battery (-) terminal cable and start engine.
5. Measure voltage between power terminal of the SRSCM harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : Approx. $9 \leq V_{batt} \leq 16$

6. Is the measured voltage within specifications?

YES ▶ Go to "Ground circuit inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Thoroughly check all connectors (and connections) for looseness, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, and/or damage.
Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Ground Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect the SRSCM connector.
4. Measure resistance between ground terminal of the SRSCM harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : Approx. 1Ω below.

5. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

RT-32

Restraint

B1102 Battery Voltage Low

General Description

SRSCM (Supplemental Restraints System Control Module) checks input voltage when "IG ON" to make air bag system work properly.

If input voltage is out of normal range, there can be malfunction in system operation. In this case, Check battery and charging system.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1102 and turns warning light on if voltage below threshold value is detected for more than 4 sec. (If voltage within threshold value is detected When the SRSCM returns to normal condition. SRSCM regards DTC as being cleared and turns warning light off).

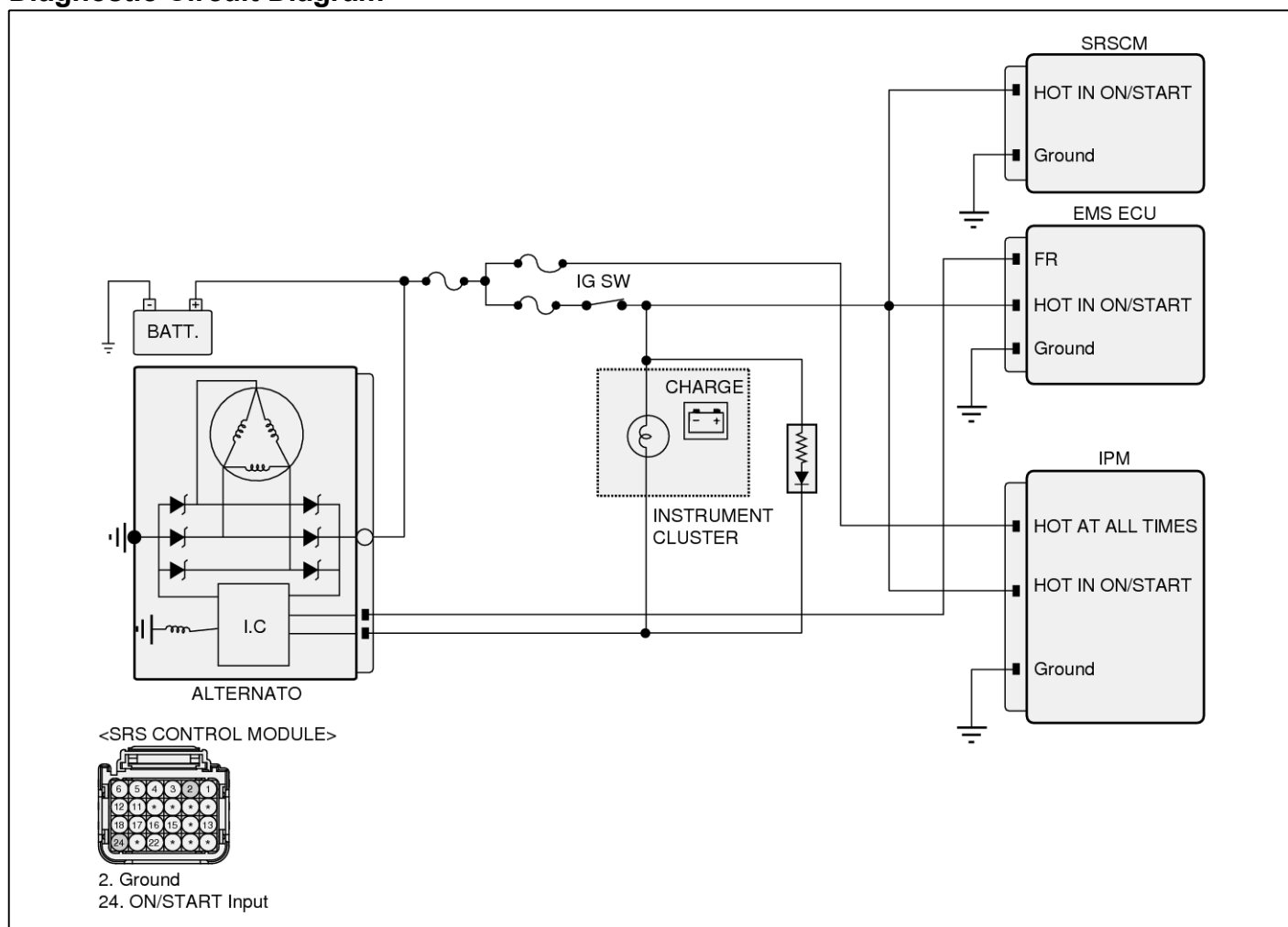
DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check voltage	• Poor connection of connected part. • Open/Short circuit in power harness. • Open/Short circuit in ground harness. • Faulty charging system. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• $V_{batt} \leq 9$	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• More than 4 sec	
	De-Qualification	• More than 4 sec	

Specification

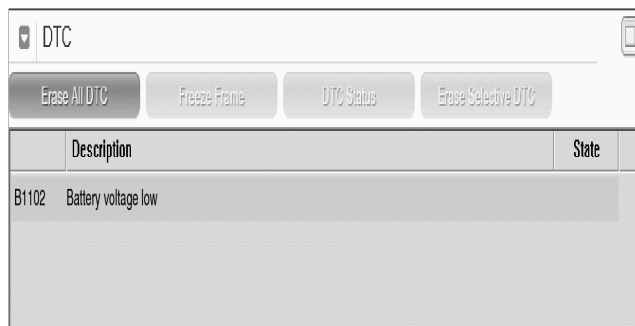
Test Condition	Voltage
Idle & WOT	Approx. $9 \leq V_{batt} \leq 16$

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9500L

SHMRT9601L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.

Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

RT-34

Restraint

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Charging System Inspection" procedure.

Charging System Inspection

1. Engine "ON", headlight and heatwire "ON".
2. Measure voltage between the battery terminal (+) and (-) maintaining ENG. RPM 2,500RPM (idle) over 2 minutes.

Specification : Approx. $9 \leq V_{batt} \leq 16$

3. Is the measured voltage within specifications?

YES ▶ Go to "Power Circuit Inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute with a known-good alternator and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace alternator and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Power Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect the SRSCM connector.
4. Connect the battery (-) terminal cable and start engine.
5. Measure voltage between power terminal of the SRSCM harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : Approx. $9 \leq V_{batt} \leq 16$

6. Is the measured voltage within specifications?

YES ▶ Go to "Ground circuit inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Thoroughly check all connectors (and connections) for looseness, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, and/or damage.
Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Ground Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect the SRSCM connector.
4. Measure resistance between ground terminal of the SRSCM harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : Approx. 1Ω below.

5. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

SRSCM

RT-35

B1326 FIS(Front Impact Sensor)-Driver Short to Ground

General Description

Front Impact Sensor(FIS)located at both sides of the front of engine room detects head-on collision. When FIS delivers collision signal to SRSCM, Driver FIS if safing sensor located in SRSCM detects collusion.

and if both FIS and safing sensor detects collision simultaneously, SRSCM operates front air bag.

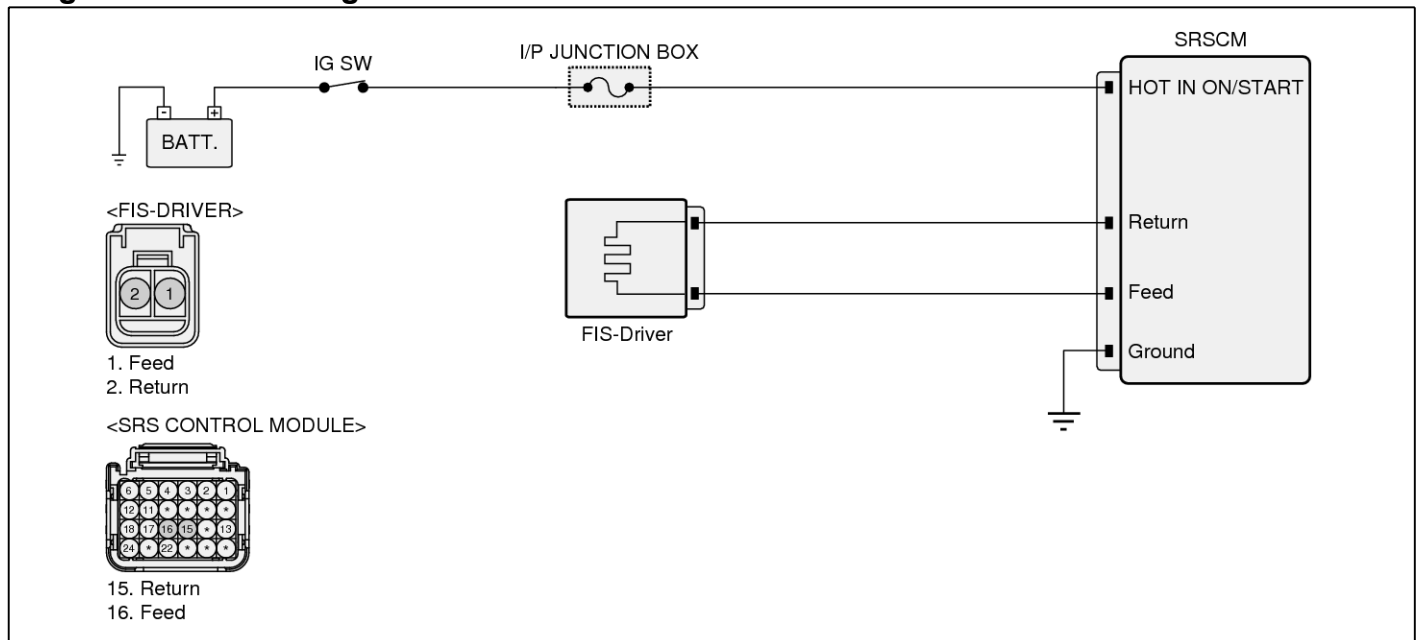
DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1326 if there is short to ground in DFIS harness.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check voltage	• Short to ground in harness. • Faulty DFIS. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• DFIS no acceleration data, and line voltage < 3V	
Diagnostic Time	Qualificati-on	• Ini(Start Up):2.1s (2 times) • Steady:500μs x 8 + 2.2s (2 times)	
	De-Qualifi-cation	• Ini(Start Up):1 time • Steady:1 time	

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



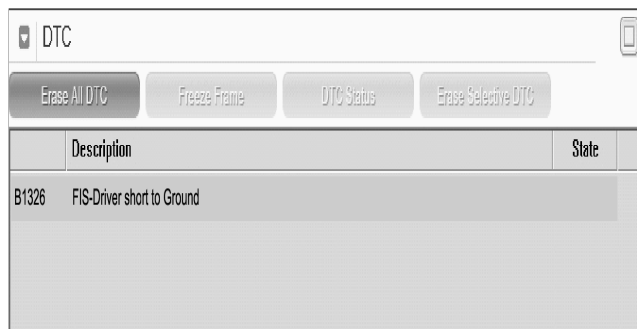
SHMRT9501L

RT-36

Restraint

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9602L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.
Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.
Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.
2. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?
YES ► Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO ► Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect DFIS connector and SRSCM main harness connector.
4. Measure resistance between terminal "FIS - Driver (+)" or "FIS-Driver (-)" of the DFIS harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : ∞

5. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES ► Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Component Inspection

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
2. Ignition "OFF".
3. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
4. Disconnect DFIS connector .
5. Substitute the DFIS and check for proper operation.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ► Substitute a known-good DFIS, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace DFIS and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

Refer to DTC B1101 : Battery Voltage High.

B1327 FIS(Front Impact Sensor)-Driver Short to Battery

General Description

Front Impact Sensor(FIS)located at both sides of the front of engine room detects head-on collision. When FIS delivers collision signal to SRSCM, SRSCM checks if safing sensor located in SRSCM detects collusion.

and if both FIS and safing sensor detects collision simultaneously, SRSCM operates front air bag.

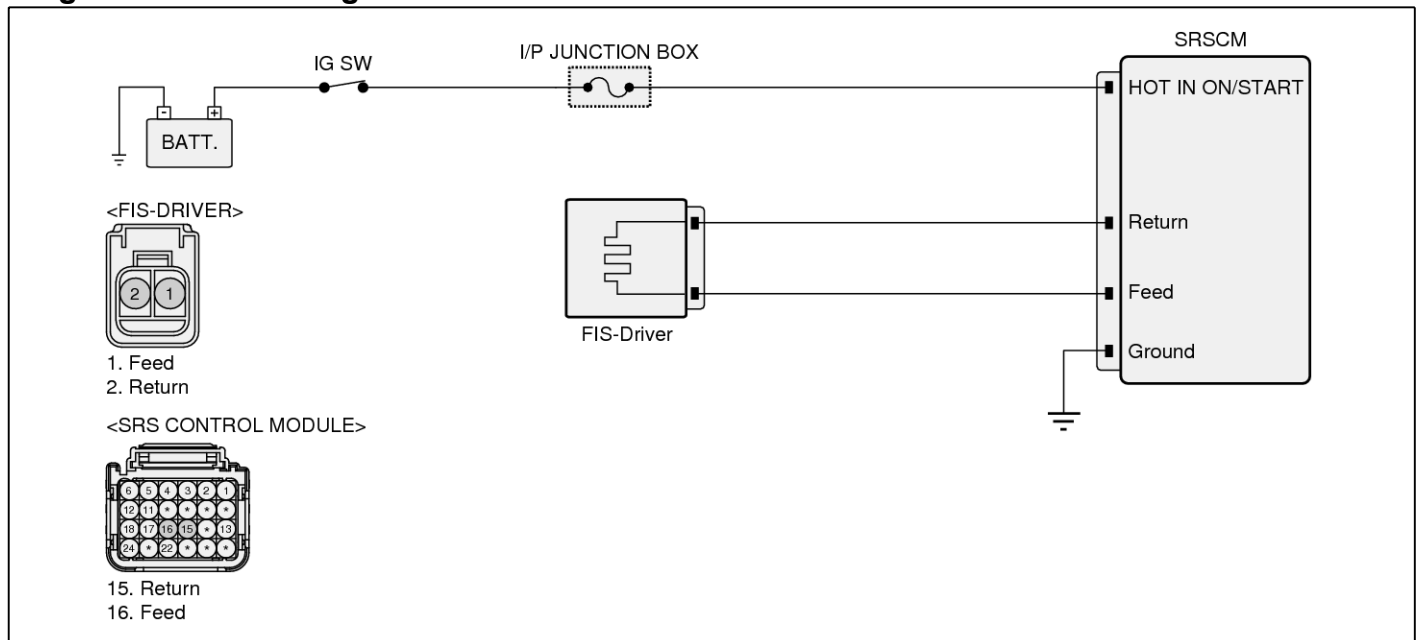
DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1327 if there is short to power harness in DFIS harness.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check voltage	• Short to power in harness. • Faulty DFIS. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• DFIS no acceleration data, and line voltage >11V	
Diagnostic Time	Qualificati-on	• Ini(Start Up):0.2s (100ms x 2) • Steady:500μs x 8 + 2.2s (2 times)	
	De-Qualifi-cation	• Ini(Start Up):1 time • Steady:1 time	

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



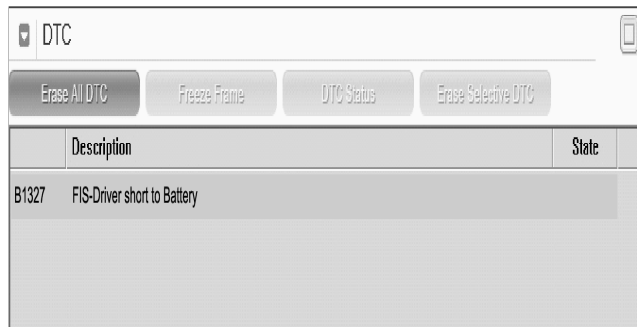
SHMRT9501L

RT-38

Restraint

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9603L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.
Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
▶ Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.
Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.
2. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?
YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect DFIS connector and SRSCM main harness connector.
4. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF"
5. Measure voltage between terminal "FIS-Driver (+)" or "FIS-Driver (-)" of the DFIS harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : 0V

6. Is the measured Voltage within specifications?

YES ▶ Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Component Inspection

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
2. Ignition "OFF".
3. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
4. Disconnect DFIS connector .
5. Substitute the DFIS and check for proper operation.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good DFIS, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace DFIS and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

Refer to DTC B1101 : Battery Voltage High.

B1328 FIS(Front Impact Sensor)-Driver Defect

General Description

Front Impact Sensor(FIS)located at both sides of the front of engine room detects head-on collision. When FIS delivers collision signal to SRSCM, SRSCM checks if safing sensor located in SRSCM detects collusion.

and if both FIS and safing sensor detects collision simultaneously, SRSCM operates front air bag.

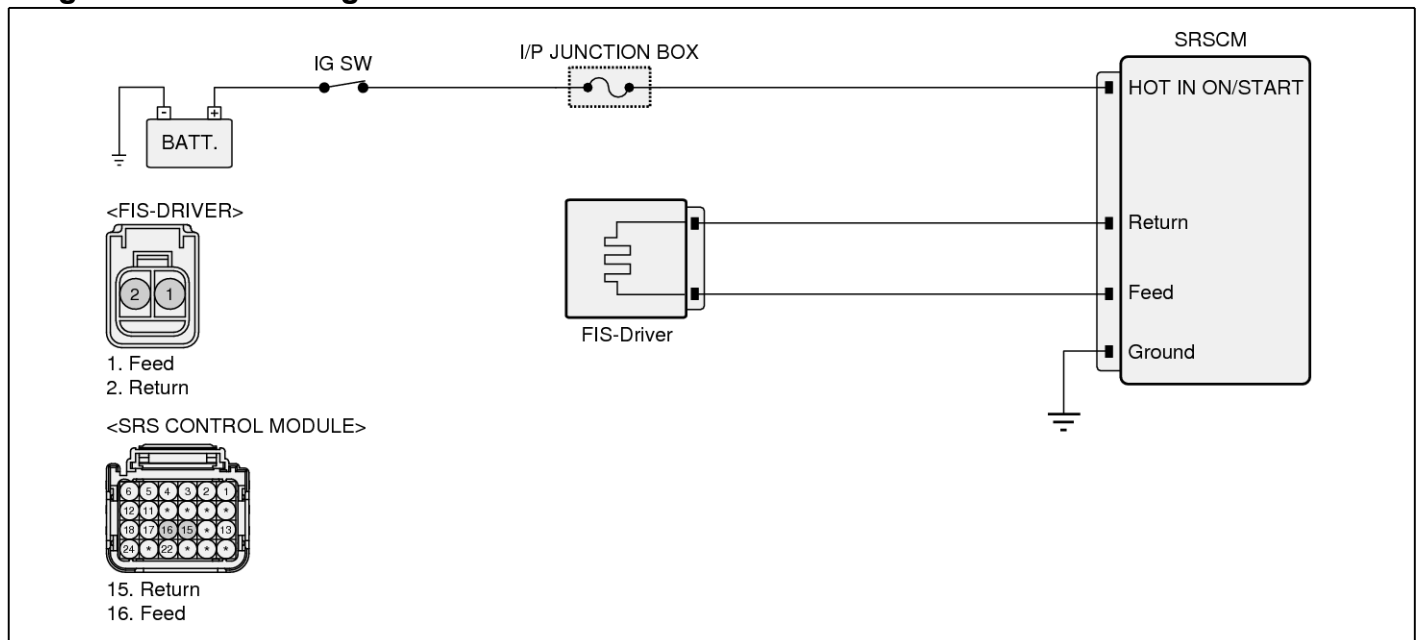
DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1328 if there is any fault in Driver side front impact sensor.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		Check Data	- Poor connection of connected part. - Faulty DFIS. - Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		- DFIS send defect code - DFIS output is not expected value	
Diagnostic Time	Qualificati-on	- Ini(Start Up):100 ms (500μs x 20) - Steady:1s (10ms x 100)	
	De-Qualifi-cation	- Ini(Start Up):IGN off -> on - Steady:IGN off -> on	

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9501L

RT-40

Restraint

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9604L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.
Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
▶ Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.
Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.
2. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?
YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO ▶ Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

Component Inspection

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
2. Ignition "OFF".
3. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
4. Disconnect DFIS connector .
5. Substitute the DFIS and check for proper operation.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure

▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good DFIS, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace DFIS and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

SRSCM

RT-41

B1329 FIS(Front Impact Sensor)-Driver Communication error

General Description

Front Impact Sensor(FIS)located at both sides of the front of engine room detects head-on collision. When FIS delivers collision signal to SRSCM, SRSCM checks if safing sensor located in SRSCM detects collusion.

and if both FIS and safing sensor detects collision simultaneously, SRSCM operates front air bag.

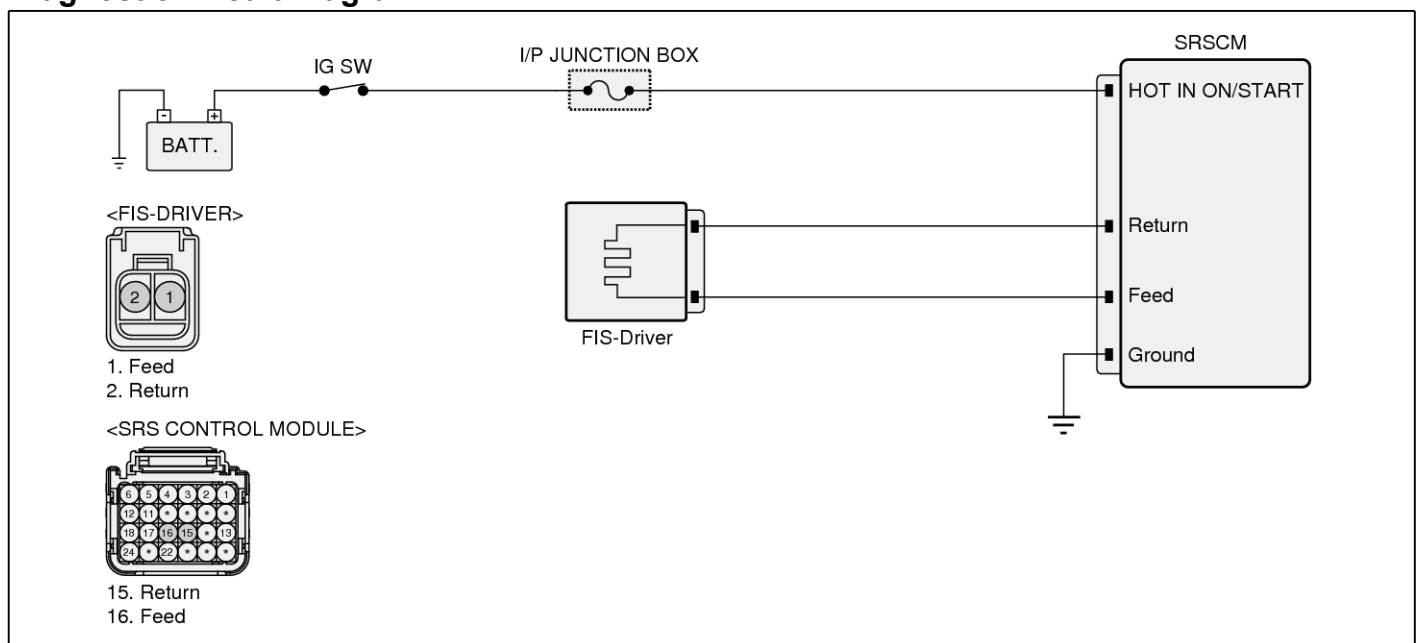
DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1329 if there is any error in communication between DFIS and SRSCM

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Data	• Poor connection of connected part. • Faulty DFIS. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• DFIS no acceleration data, and line voltage is ok (between 3V and 11V)	
Diagnostic Time	Qualificati-on	• 1 time	
	De-Qualifi-cation	• 1 time	

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



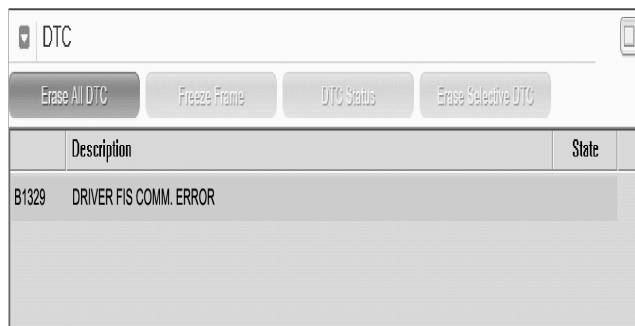
SHMRT9501L

RT-42

Restraint

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9605L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.
Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
▶ Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.
Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.
2. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?
YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO ▶ Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

Component Inspection

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
2. Ignition "OFF".
3. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
4. Disconnect DFIS connector .
5. Substitute the DFIS and check for proper operation.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure

▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good DFIS, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace DFIS and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

B1330 FIS(Front Impact Sensor)-Driver Wrong ID

General Description

Front Impact Sensor(FIS)located at both sides of the front of engine room detects head-on collision. When FIS delivers collision signal to SRSCM, SRSCM checks if safing sensor located in SRSCM detects collusion.

and if both FIS and safing sensor detects collision simultaneously, SRSCM operates front air bag.

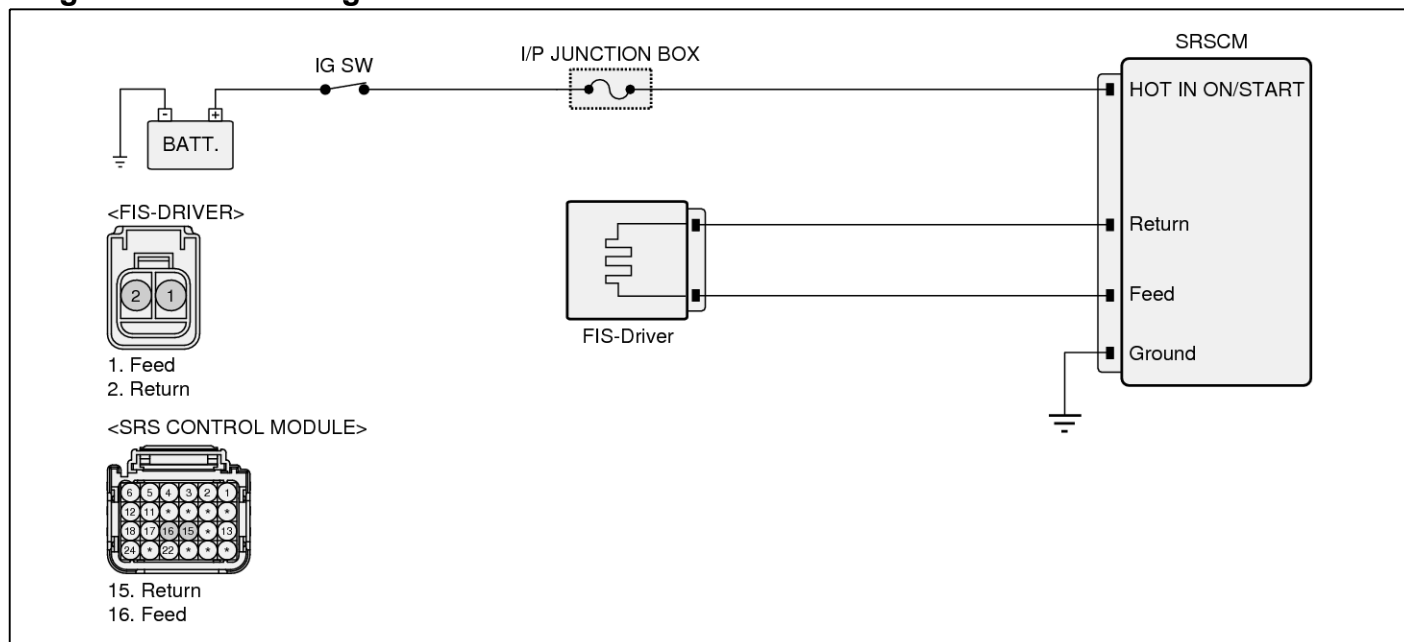
DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1330 if DFIS with wrong ID is detected

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Data	• Faulty DFIS with wrong ID. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• DFIS ID is different from programmed in ACU	
Diagnostic Time	Qualificati-on	• 1 time	
	De-Qualifi-cation	• 1 time	

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9501L

RT-44

Restraint

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9606L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.
Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
▶ Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.
Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.
2. Thoroughly check shorting connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?
YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO ▶ Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

Component Inspection

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
2. Ignition "OFF".
3. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
4. Disconnect DFIS connector .
5. Substitute the DFIS and check for proper operation.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.
▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good DFIS, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace DFIS and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?
YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.
NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

B1331 FIS(Front Impact Sensor)-Passenger Short to Ground

General Description

Front Impact Sensor(FIS)located at both sides of the front of engine room detects head-on collision. When FIS delivers collision signal to SRSCM, SRSCM checks if safing sensor located in SRSCM detects collusion.

and if both FIS and safing sensor detects collision simultaneously, SRSCM operates front air bag.

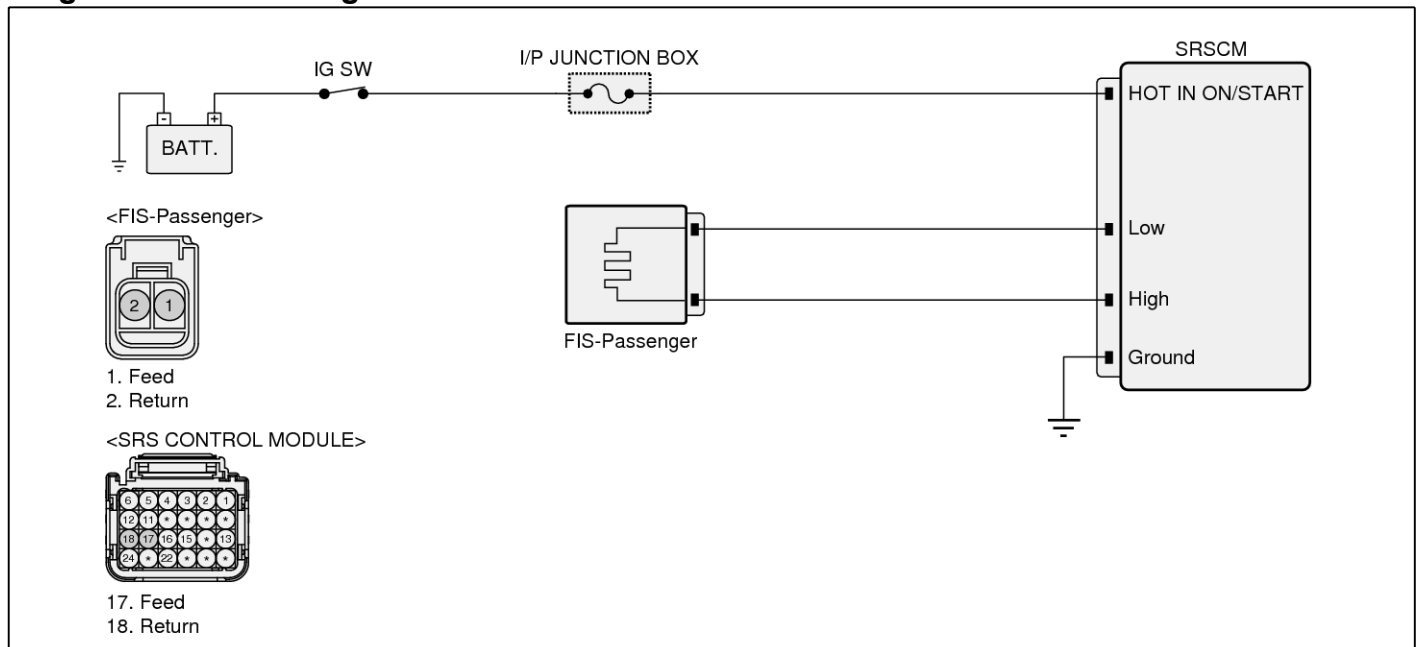
DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1331 if there is short to ground in PFIS harness.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check voltage	• Short to ground in harness. • Faulty PFIS. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• PFIS no acceleration data, and line voltage < 3V	
Diagnostic Time	Qualificati-on	• Ini(Start Up):2.1s (2 times) • Steady:500μs x 8 + 2.2s (2 times)	
	De-Qualifi-cation	• Ini(Start Up):1 time • Steady:1 time	

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



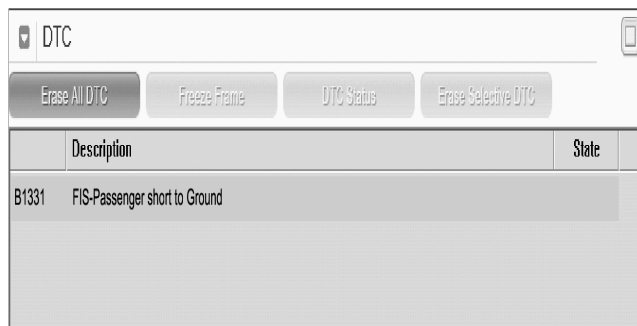
SHMRT9502L

RT-46

Restraint

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9607L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.
Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.
Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.
2. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?
YES ► Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO ► Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect PFIS connector and SRSCM main harness connector.
4. Measure resistance between terminal "FIS-Passenger (+)" or "FIS-Passenger (-)" of the PFIS harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : ∞

5. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES ► Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Component Inspection

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
2. Ignition "OFF".
3. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
4. Disconnect PFIS connector .
5. Substitute the PFIS and check for proper operation.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ► Substitute a known-good PFIS, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace PFIS and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

Refer to DTC B1101 : Battery Voltage High.

B1332 FIS(Front Impact Sensor)-Passenger Short to Battery

General Description

Front Impact Sensor(FIS)located at both sides of the front of engine room detects head-on collision. When FIS delivers collision signal to SRSCM, SRSCM checks if safing sensor located in SRSCM detects collusion.

and if both FIS and safing sensor detects collision simultaneously, SRSCM operates front air bag.

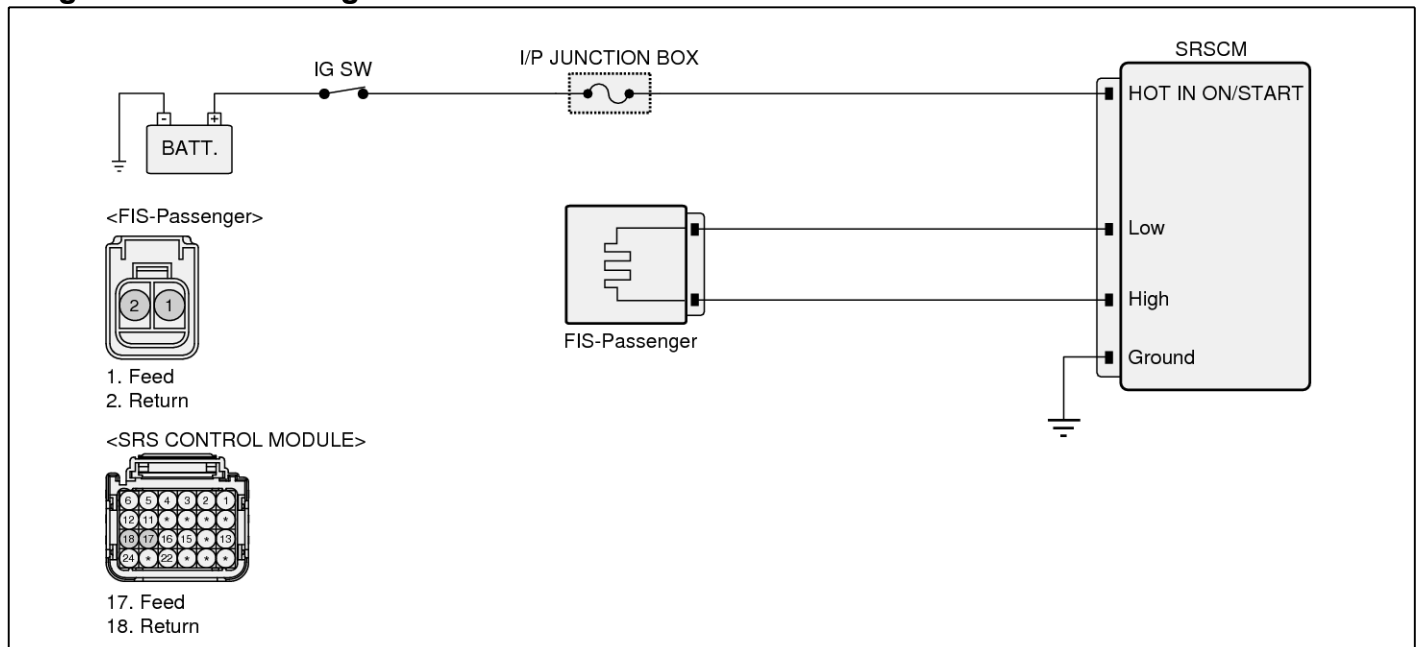
DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1332 if there is short to power harness in PFIS harness.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check voltage	• Short to power in harness. • Faulty PFIS. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• PFIS no acceleration data, and line voltage >11V	
Diagnostic Time	Qualificati-on	• Ini(Start Up):0.2s (100ms x 2) • Steady:500μs x 8 + 2.2s (2 times)	
	De-Qualifi-cation	• Ini(Start Up):1 time • Steady:1 time	

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



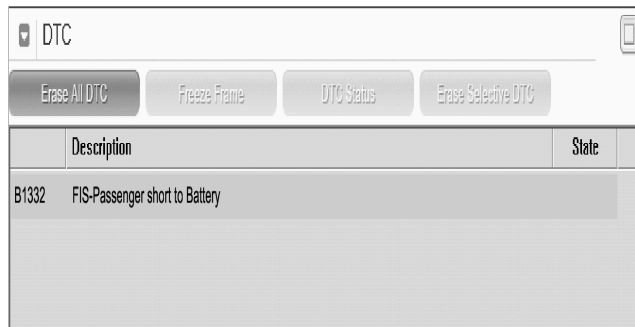
SHMRT9502L

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Restraint

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9608L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.
Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
▶ Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.
Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.
2. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?
YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect PFIS connector and SRSCM main harness connector.
4. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF"
5. Measure voltage between terminal "FIS-Passenger (+)" or "FIS-Passenger (-)" of the PFIS harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : 0V

6. Is the measured Voltage within specifications?

YES ▶ Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Component Inspection

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
2. Ignition "OFF".
3. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
4. Disconnect PFIS connector .
5. Substitute the PFIS and check for proper operation.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good PFIS, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace PFIS and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

Refer to DTC B1101 : Battery Voltage High.

B1333 FIS(Front Impact Sensor)-Passenger Defect

General Description

Front Impact Sensor(FIS)located at both sides of the front of engine room detects head-on collision. When FIS delivers collision signal to SRSCM, SRSCM checks if safing sensor located in SRSCM detects collusion.

and if both FIS and safing sensor detects collision simultaneously, SRSCM operates front air bag.

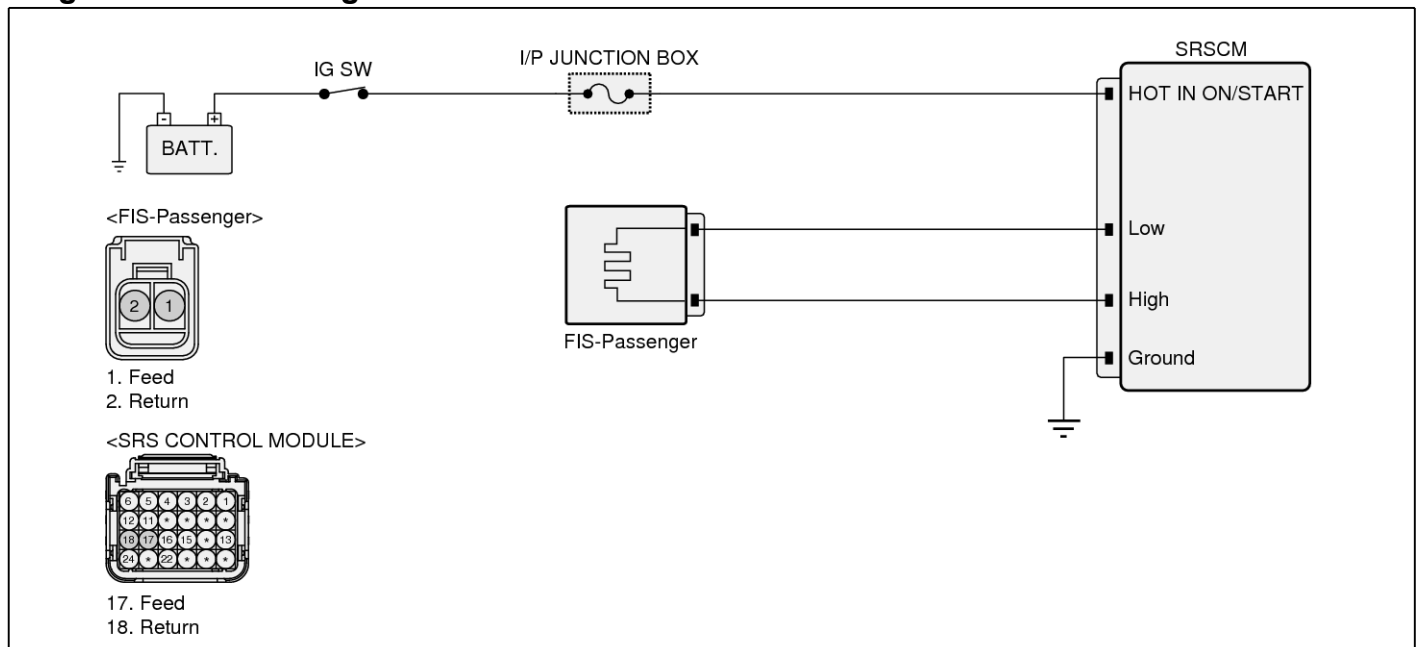
DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1333 if there is any fault in Passenger side front impact sensor

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Data	• Poor connection of connected part. • Faulty PFIS. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• PFIS send defect code • PFIS output is not expected value	
Diagnostic Time	Qualificati-on	• Ini(Start Up):100 ms (500μs x 20) • Steady:1s (10ms x 100)	
	De-Qualifi-cation	• Ini(Start Up):IGN off -> on • Steady:IGN off -> on	

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9502L

RT-50

Restraint

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9609L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.
Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
▶ Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.
Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.
2. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?
YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO ▶ Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

Component Inspection

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
2. Ignition "OFF".
3. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
4. Disconnect PFIS connector .
5. Substitute the PFIS and check for proper operation.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure

▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good PFIS, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace PFIS and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?
YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.
NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

SRSCM

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B1334 FIS(Front Impact Sensor)-Passenger Communication error

General Description

Front Impact Sensor(FIS)located at both sides of the front of engine room detects head-on collision. When FIS delivers collision signal to SRSCM, SRSCM checks if safing sensor located in SRSCM detects collusion.

and if both FIS and safing sensor detects collision simultaneously, SRSCM operates front air bag.

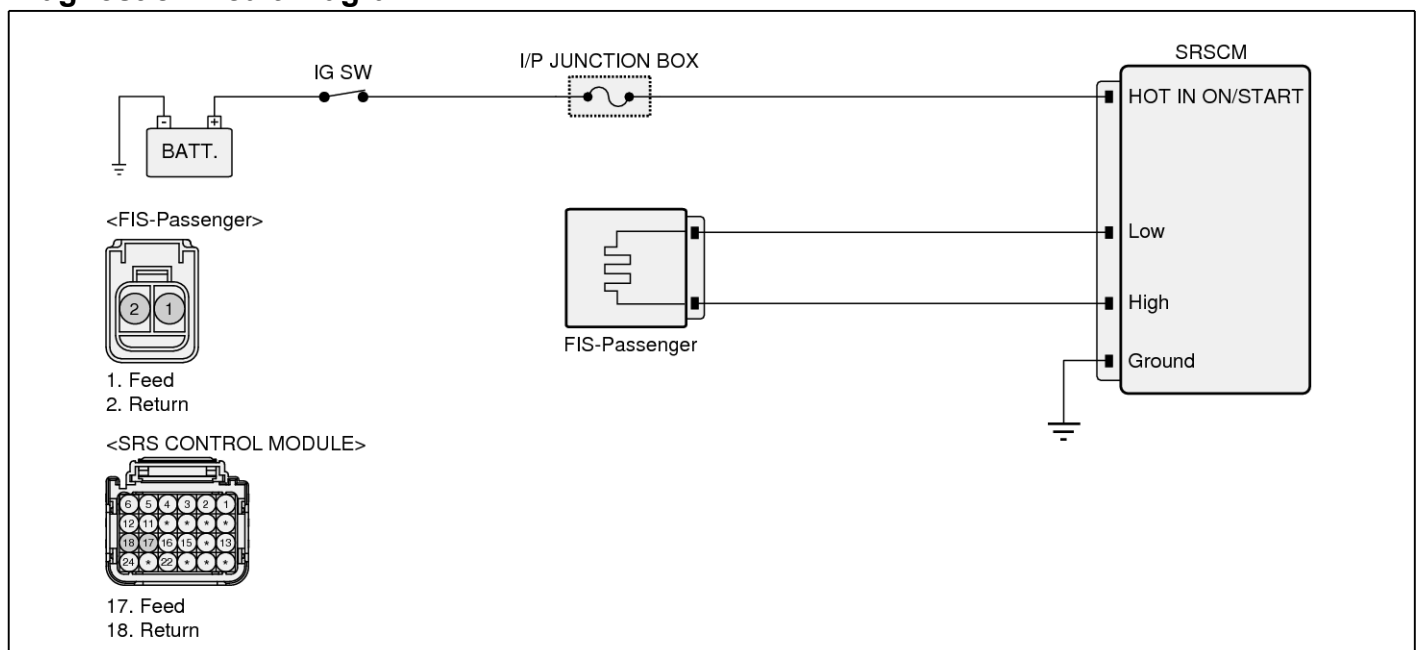
DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1334 if there is any error in communication between PFIS and SRSCM

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Data	• Poor connection of connected part. • Faulty PFIS. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• PFIS no acceleration data, and line voltage is ok (between 3V and 11V)	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• 1 time	
	De-Qualification	• 1 time	

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9502L

RT-52

Restraint

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9610L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.
Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
▶ Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.
Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.
2. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?
YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO ▶ Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

Component Inspection

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
2. Ignition "OFF".
3. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
4. Disconnect PFIS connector .
5. Substitute the PFIS and check for proper operation.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure

▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good PFIS, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace PFIS and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

B1335 FIS(Front Impact Sensor)-Passenger Wrong ID

General Description

Front Impact Sensor(FIS)located at both sides of the front of engine room detects head-on collision. When FIS delivers collision signal to SRSCM, SRSCM checks if safing sensor located in SRSCM detects collusion.

and if both FIS and safing sensor detects collision simultaneously, SRSCM operates front air bag.

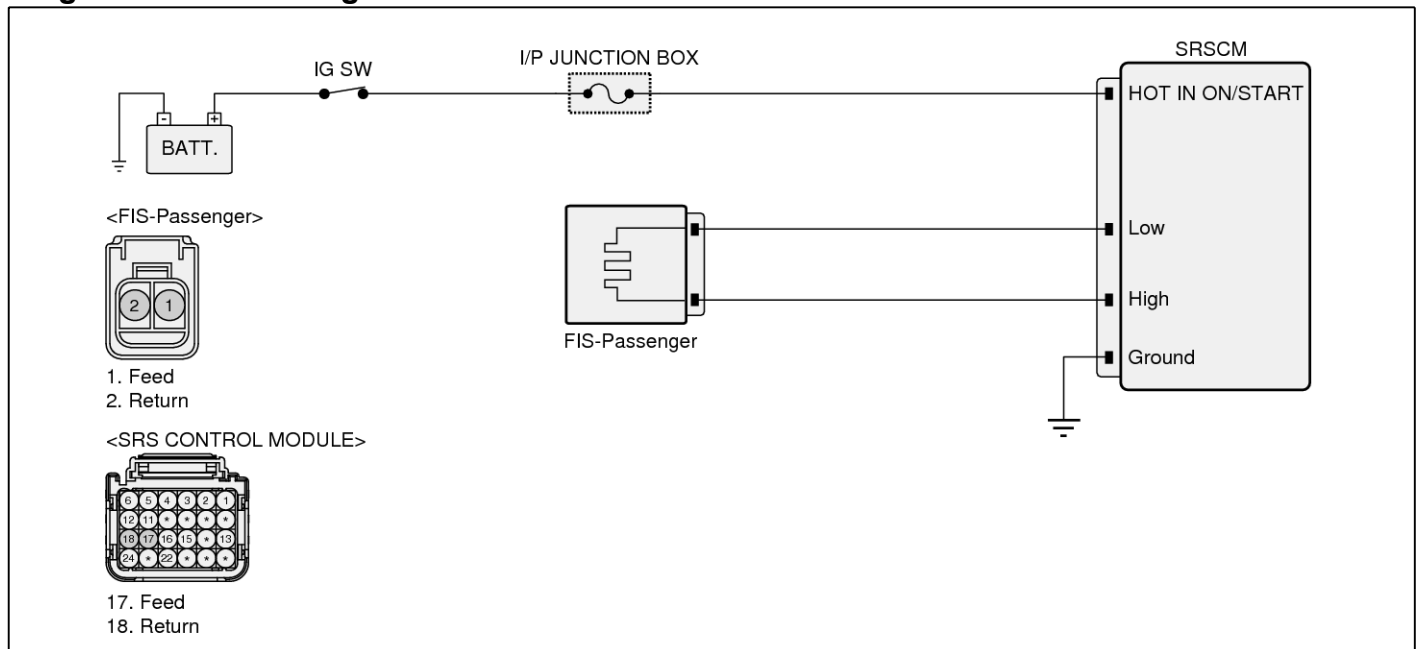
DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1335 if PFIS with wrong ID is detected.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Data	• Faulty PFIS with wrong ID. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• PFIS ID is different from programmed in ACU	
Diagnostic Time	Qualificati-on	• 1 time	
	De-Qualifi-cation	• 1 time	

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9502L

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Restraint

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9611L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.
Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
▶ Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.
Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.
2. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?
YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO ▶ Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

Component Inspection

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
2. Ignition "OFF".
3. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
4. Disconnect PFIS connector .
5. Substitute the PFIS and check for proper operation.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure

▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good PFIS, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace PFIS and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

B1346 Driver Airbag Resistance too High (1st stage)

General Description

Driver Air bag module (hereinafter referred to DAB) located at center of steering wheel protects driver by reducing impact of collision. DAB is consist of air bag, pat cover and two inflator.

There are power, circuit for ignition, gas generator and diffuser screen in inflator.

Air bag reduces impact of collision by filled up gas.

In collision, pat cover splits and through this crack, air bag emerges and deploys.

Inflator generates gas that expands air bag.

Clock spring is located between steering wheel and column. It connects SCSRM to DAB.

⚠CAUTION

Never measure resistance of DAB directly, Current of measuring device may cause unexpected air bag deploy.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1346 if the measured resistance value of DAB circuit is more than the threshold value.

*In this case, SRSCM checks if there's any fault in circuit by sending current for a while.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Resistance	• Poor connection of connected part. • Poor connection between shorting bar and release pin. • Faulty DAB. • Faulty Clock spring. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• DAB 1st stage Squib resistance $\geq 6.4\Omega$	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• More than 2.5s (250ms x 10)	
	De-Qualification	• More than 5s	

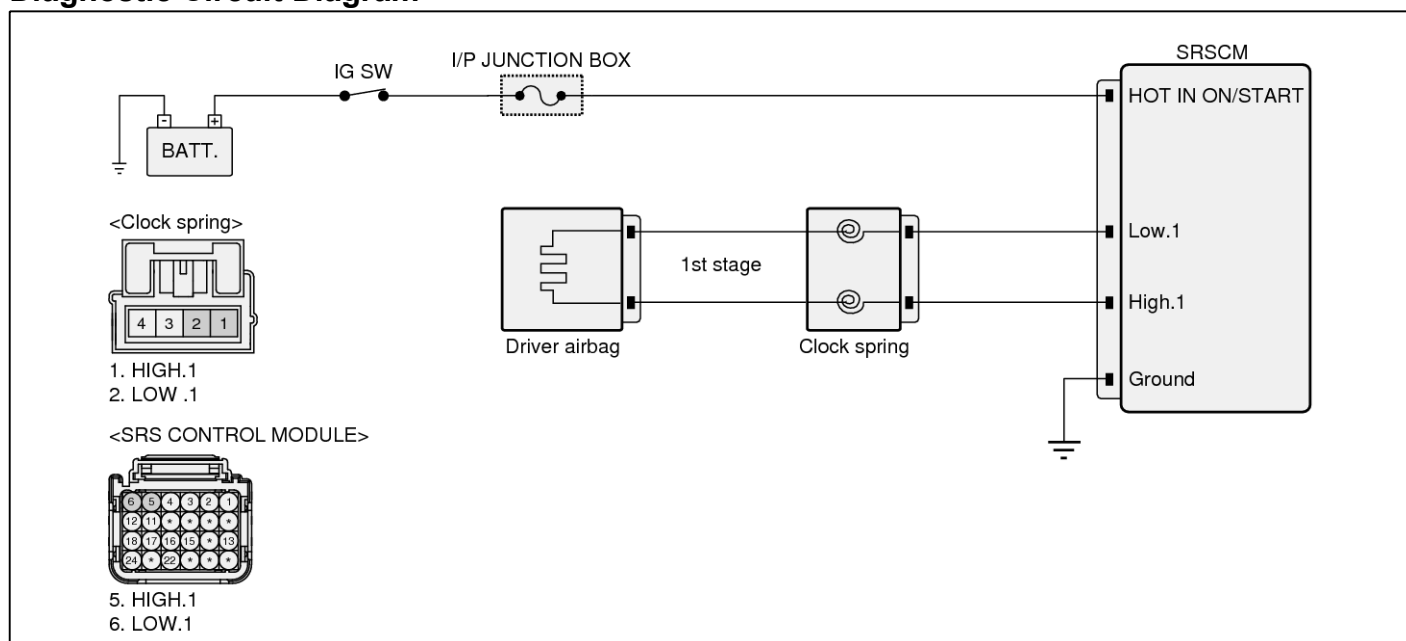
Specification

Test Condition	Resistance
Ignition ON	$1.4\Omega \leq \text{Squib resistance} \leq 6.4\Omega$

RT-56

Restraint

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9503L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9612L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared. Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage. ► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals. Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.
2. Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Squib Circuit Inspection" procedure.

Squib Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect (-) terminal cable from battery and wait for 1 minutes or more.
3. Remove the DAB module and connect the dummy (0957A-38200) and dummy adapter (0957A-2G000) to DAB connector of the clock spring harness connector.

NOTICE

If dummy and dummy adaptor are not able to be prepared, use a known-good DAB or 2Ω resistor.

WARNING

Lay Removed DAB facing upward for unexpected air bag deploy .

4. Connect (-) terminal cable to battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and wait for 30 seconds or more.
5. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC) and clear DTC with scantool and diagnose again.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "Clock Spring Circuit Inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good DAB assembly, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace DAB and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Clock Spring Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF" .
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery and wait at least one minutes.
3. Remove DAB module and disconnect SRSCM connector of the clock spring harness.

WARNING

Lay Removed DAB facing upward for unexpected air bag deploy .

4. Measure resistance between terminal "Low.1" and "High.1" of the Clock Spring harness connector.

Specification : approx. 1 Ω below

5. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute the Clock spring and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace Clock spring and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery and wait at least one minutes.
3. Remove DAB module and disconnect SRSCM connector of the clock spring harness.

WARNING

Lay Removed DAB facing upward for unexpected air bag deploy .

4. Measure resistance between terminal "Low.1" and "High.1" of the DAB harness connector.

Specification : approx. 1 Ω below

5. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

Refer to DTC B1101 : Battery Voltage High.

RT-58

Restraint

B1347 Driver Airbag Resistance too Low (1st stage)

General Description

Driver Air bag module (hereinafter referred to DAB) located at center of steering wheel protects driver by reducing impact of collision.

DAB is consist of air bag, pat cover and two inflator.

There are power,circuit for ignition, gas generator and diffuser screen in inflator.

Air bag reduces impact of collision by fillied up gas.

In collision, pat cover splits and through this crack, air bag emerges and deploys.

Inflator generates gas that expands air bag.

Clock spring is located between steering wheel and column. It connects SCSRM to DAB.

CAUTION

Never measure resistance of DAB directly, Current of measuring device may cause unexpected air bag deploy.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1347 if the measured resistance value of DAB circuit is less than the threshold value.

*In this case, SRSCM checks if there's any fault in circuit by sending current for a while.

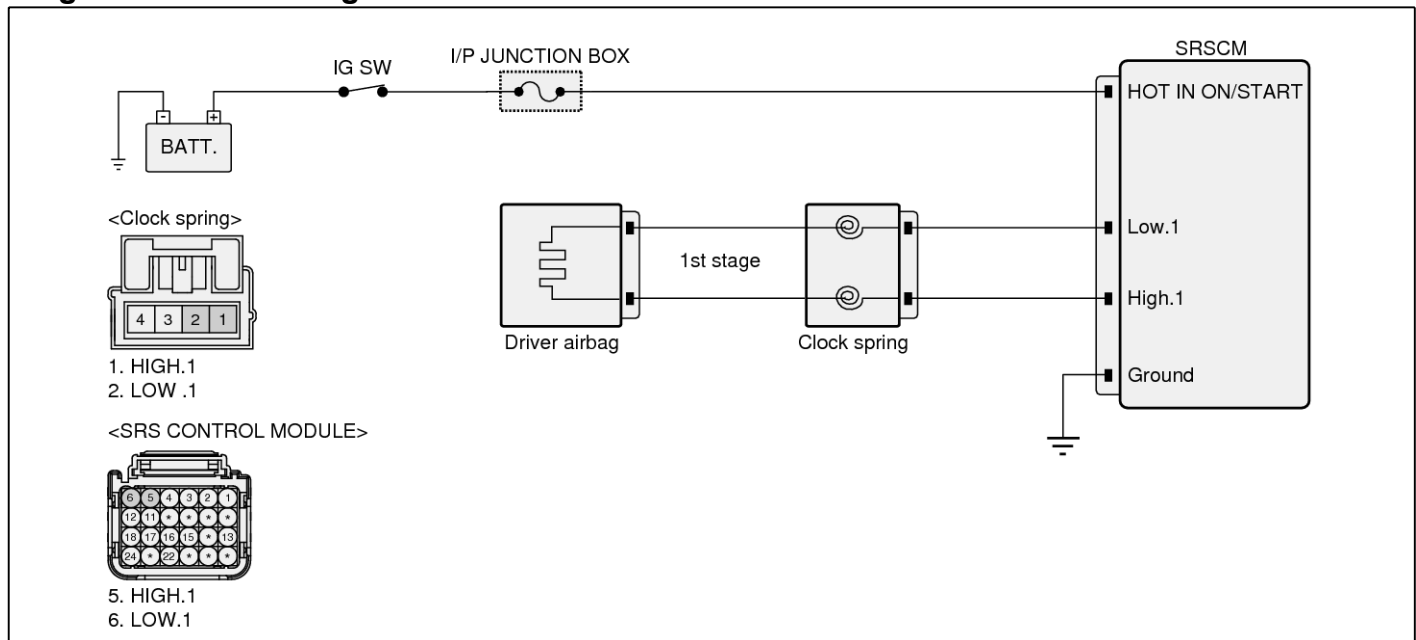
DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Resistance	• Poor connection of connected part. • Poor connection between shorting bar and release pin. • Faulty DAB. • Faulty Clock spring. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• DAB 1st stage Squib resistance $\leq 1.4\Omega$	
Diagnostic Time	Qualificati-on	• More than 2.5s (250ms x 10)	
	De-Qualifi-cation	• More than 5s	

Specification

Test Condition	Resistance
Ignition ON	$1.4\Omega \leq \text{Squib resistance} \leq 6.4\Omega$

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9503L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9613L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared. Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage. ► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals. Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.
2. Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

RT-60

Restraint

3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Squib Circuit Inspection" procedure.

Squib Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect (-) terminal cable from battery and wait for 1 minutes or more.
3. Remove the DAB module and connect the dummy (0957A-38200) and dummy adapter (0957A-2G000) to DAB connector of the clock spring harness connector.

NOTICE

If dummy and dummy adaptor are not able to be prepared, use a known-good DAB or 2Ω resistor.

WARNING

Lay Removed DAB facing upward for unexpected air bag deploy .

4. Connect (-) terminal cable to battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and wait for 30 seconds or more.
5. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC) and clear DTC with scantool and diagnose again.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "Clock Spring Circuit Inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good DAB assembly, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace DAB and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Clock Spring Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF" .
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery and wait at least one minutes.
3. Remove DAB module and disconnect SRSCM connector of the clock spring harness.

WARNING

Lay Removed DAB facing upward for unexpected air bag deploy .

4. Measure resistance between terminal "Low.1" and "High.1" of the Clock Spring harness connector.

Specification : approx. 1 Ω below

5. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute the Clock spring and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace Clock spring and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery and wait at least one minutes.
3. Remove DAB module and disconnect SRSCM connector of the clock spring harness.

WARNING

Lay Removed DAB facing upward for unexpected air bag deploy .

4. Measure resistance between terminal "Low.1" and "High.1" of the DAB harness connector.

Specification : approx. 1 Ω below

5. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

Refer to DTC B1101 : Battery Voltage High.

B1348 Driver Airbag resistance circuit short to Ground (1st stage)

General Description

Driver Air bag module (hereinafter referred to DAB) located at center of steering wheel protects driver by reducing impact of collision.

DAB is consist of air bag, pat cover and two inflator.

There are power,circuit for ignition, gas generator and diffuser screen in inflator.

Air bag reduces impact of collision by fillied up gas.

In collision, pat cover splits and through this crack, air bag emerges and deploys.

Inflator generates gas that expands air bag.Clock spring is located between steering wheel and column.

It connects SCSRM to DAB.

⚠CAUTION

Never measure resistance of DAB directly, Current of measuring device may cause unexpected air bag deploy.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1348 if there is a short to ground in DAB harness

*In this case, SRSCM checks if there's any fault in circuit by sending current for a while

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Voltage	• Short to ground in DAB harness. • Poor connection of connected part. • Faulty DAB. • Faulty Clock spring. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• DAB 1st stage Squib line Voltage is < 0.9V	
Diagnostic Time	Qualificati-on	• More than 2.5s (250ms x 10)	
	De-Qualifi-cation	• More than 5s	

Specification

Test Condition	Voltage
Ignition ON	$0.9V \leq \text{Squib line Voltage} \leq 2.9V$

3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Squib Circuit Inspection" procedure.

Squib Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect (-) terminal cable from battery and wait for 1 minutes or more.
3. Remove the DAB module and connect the dummy (0957A-38200) and dummy adapter (0957A-2G000) to DAB connector of the clock spring harness connector.

NOTICE

If dummy and dummy adaptor are not able to be prepared, use a known-good DAB or 2Ω resistor.

WARNING

Lay Removed DAB facing upward for unexpected air bag deploy .

4. Connect (-) terminal cable to battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and wait for 30 seconds or more.
5. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC) and clear DTC with scantool and diagnose again.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "Clock Spring Circuit Inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good DAB assembly, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace DAB and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Clock Spring Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF" .
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery and wait at least one minutes.
3. Remove DAB module and disconnect SRSCM connector of the clock spring harness.

WARNING

Lay Removed DAB facing upward for unexpected air bag deploy .

4. Measure resistance between terminal "Low.1" or "High.1" of the clock spring harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : ∞

5. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute the Clock spring and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace Clock spring and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery and wait at least one minutes.
3. Remove DAB module and disconnect SRSCM connector of the clock spring harness.

WARNING

Lay Removed DAB facing upward for unexpected air bag deploy .

4. Measure resistance between terminal "Low.1" or "High.1" of the DAB harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : ∞

5. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

Refer to DTC B1101 : Battery Voltage High.

RT-64

Restraint

B1349 Driver Airbag resistance circuit short to Battery (1st stage)

General Description

Driver Air bag module (hereinafter referred to DAB) located at center of steering wheel protects driver by reducing impact of collision.

DAB is consist of air bag, pat cover and two inflator.

There are power,circuit for ignition, gas generator and diffuser screen in inflator.

Air bag reduces impact of collision by fillied up gas.

In collision, pat cover splits and through this crack, air bag emerges and deploys.

Inflator generates gas that expands air bag.

Clock spring is located between steering wheel and column. It connects SCSRM to DAB.

CAUTION

Never measure resistance of DAB directly, Current of measuring device may cause unexpected air bag deploy.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1349 if there is a short to power in DAB harness

*In this case, SRSCM checks if there's any fault in circuit by sending current for a while.

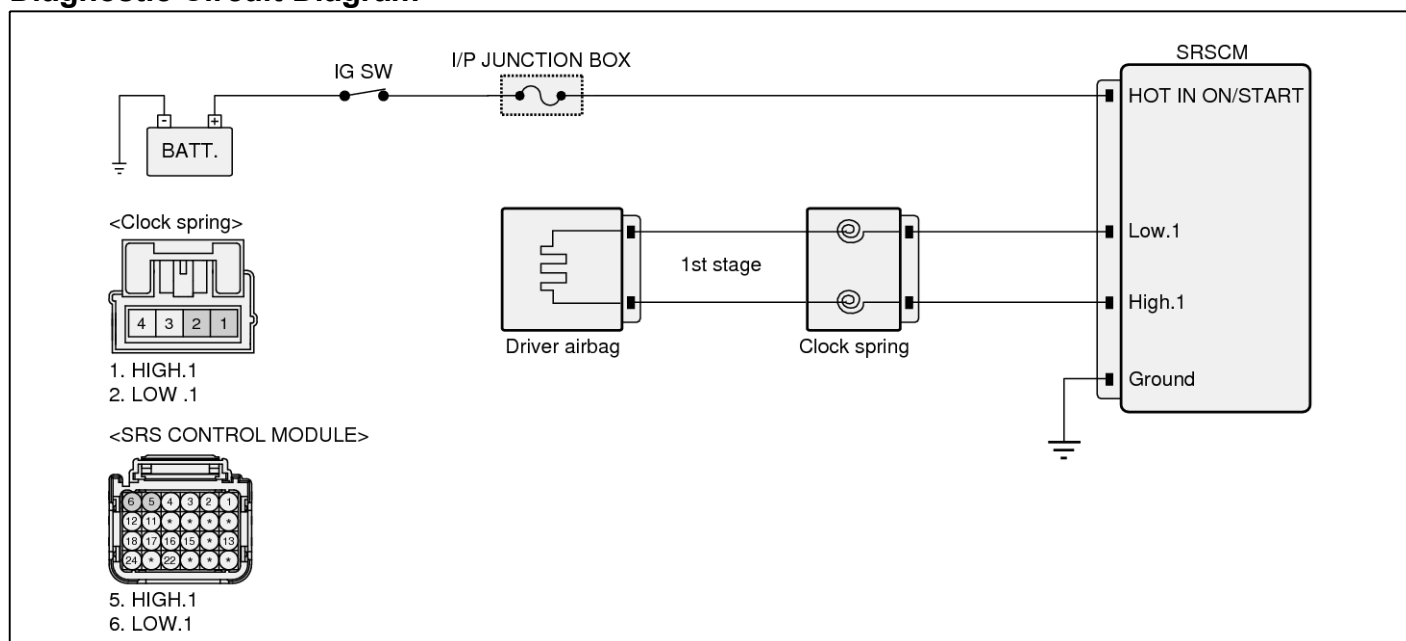
DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Resistance	• Short to power in DAB harness • Poor connection of connected part. • Faulty DAB. • Faulty Clock spring. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• DAB 1st stage Squib line voltage is > 2.9V	
Diagnostic Time	Qualificati-on	• More than 2.5s (250ms x 10)	
	De-Qualifi-cation	• More than 5s	

Specification

Test Condition	Voltage
Ignition ON	$0.9V \leq \text{Squib line Voltage} \leq 2.9V$

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9503L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9615L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.

Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

RT-66

Restraint

3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Squib Circuit Inspection" procedure.

Squib Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect (-) terminal cable from battery and wait for 1 minutes or more.
3. Remove the DAB module and connect the dummy (0957A-38200) and dummy adapter (0957A-2G000) to DAB connector of the clock spring harness connector.

NOTICE

If dummy and dummy adaptor are not able to be prepared, use a known-good DAB or 2Ω resistor.

WARNING

Lay Removed DAB facing upward for unexpected air bag deploy .

4. Connect (-) terminal cable to battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and wait for 30 seconds or more.
5. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC) and clear DTC with scantool and diagnose again.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "Clock Spring Circuit Inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good DAB assembly, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace DAB and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Clock Spring Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF" .
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery and wait at least one minutes.
3. Remove DAB module and disconnect SRSCM connector of the clock spring harness.

WARNING

Lay Removed DAB facing upward for unexpected air bag deploy .

4. Connect the battery (-) terminal cable to the battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF".

5. Measure Voltage between terminal "Low.1" or "High.1" of the clock spring harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : 0V

6. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute the Clock spring and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace Clock spring and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF" and wait at least one minutes.
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery and wait at least one minutes.
3. Remove DAB module and disconnect SRSCM connector of the main harness.
4. Connect the battery (-) terminal cable to the battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and wait for 30 seconds or more.

WARNING

Lay Removed DAB facing upward for unexpected air bag deploy.

5. Measure voltage between terminal "Low.1" or "High.1" of the DAB harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : approx. 0V

6. Is the measured voltage within specifications?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

Refer to DTC B1101 : Battery Voltage High.

SRSCM

RT-67

B1352 Passenger Airbag Resistance too High (1st Stage)

General Description

Passenger Air bag module (hereinafter referred to PAB) located at passenger side crush pad protects passenger by reducing impact of collision.

PAB is consist of air bag, pat cover and inflator.

Air bag reduces impact of collision by fillied up gas.

Inflator keeps gas and uses it to deploy air bag on collision.

CAUTION

Never measure resistance of PAB directly, Current of measuring device may cause unexpected air bag deploy.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1352 if the measured resistance value of PAB circuit is more than the threshold value.

*In this case, SRSCM checks if there's any fault in circuit by sending current for a while

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Resistance	• Poor connection of connected part. • Poor connection between shorting bar and release pin. • Faulty PAB. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• PAB 1st stage Squib resistance $\geq 6.4\Omega$	
Diagnostic Time	Qualificati-on	• More than 2.5s (250ms x 10)	
	De-Qualifi-cation	• More than 5s	

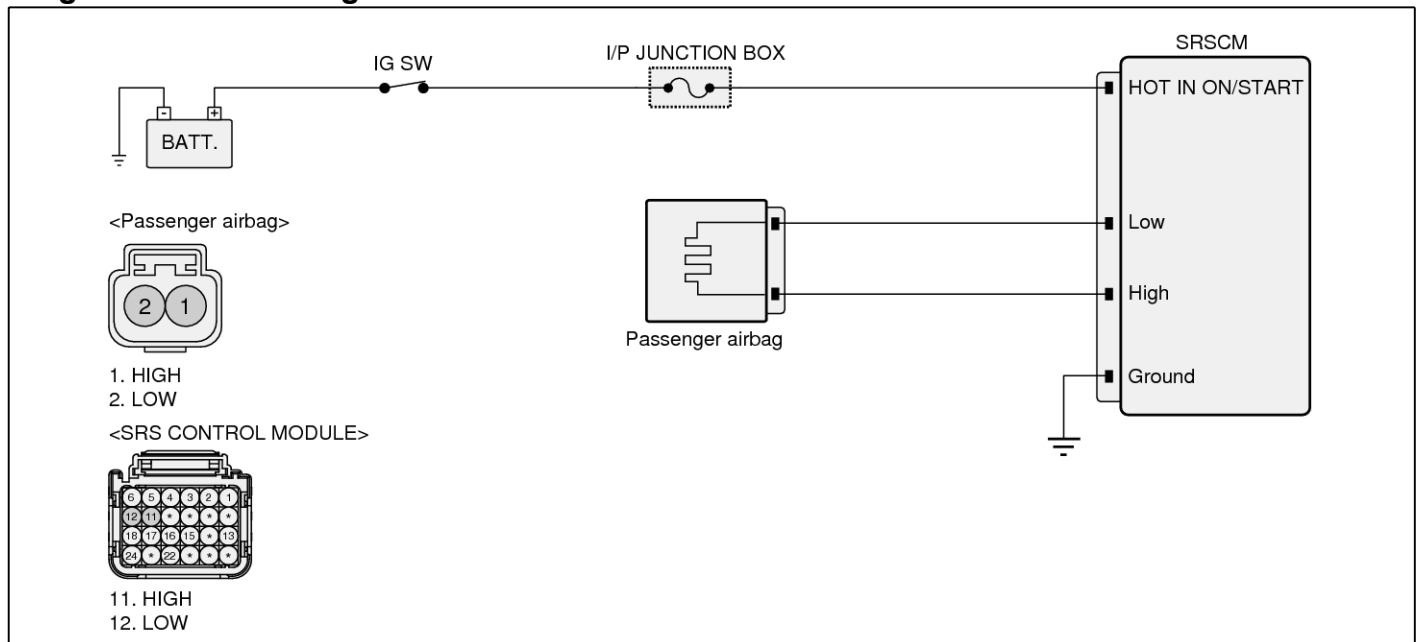
Specification

Test Condition	Resistance
Ignition ON	$1.4\Omega \leq \text{Squib resistance} \leq 6.4\Omega$

RT-68

Restraint

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9504L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9616L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.

Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Squib Circuit Inspection" procedure.

Squib Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect (-) terminal cable from battery and wait for 1 minutes or more.
3. Remove the PAB module and connect the dummy (0957A-38200) and dummy adapter (0957A-3F000) to PAB harness connector.

NOTICE

If dummy and dummy adaptor are not able to be prepared, use a known-good PAB or 2Ω resistor.

WARNING

Lay Removed PAB facing upward for unexpected air bag deploy .

4. Connect (-) terminal cable to battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and wait for 30 seconds or more.
5. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC) and clear DTC with scantool and diagnose again.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good PAB assembly, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace PAB and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect PAB connector and SRSCM main harness connector.

WARNING

Lay Removed PAB facing upward for unexpected air bag deploy .

4. Measure resistance between terminal "Low.1" and "High.1" of the PAB harness connector.

Specification : approx. 1 Ω below

5. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

RT-70

Restraint

B1353 Passenger Airbag Resistance too Low (1st stage)

General Description

Passenger Air bag module (hereinafter referred to PAB) located at passenger side crush pad protects passenger by reducing impact of collision.

PAB is consist of air bag, pat cover and inflator.

Air bag reduces impact of collision by fillied up gas.

Inflator keeps gas and uses it to deploy air bag on collision.

CAUTION

Never measure resistance of PAB directly, Current of measuring device may cause unexpected air bag deploy.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1353 if the measured resistance value of PAB circuit is less than the threshold value.

*In this case, SRSCM checks if there's any fault in circuit by sending current for a while.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Resistance	• Poor connection of connected part. • Poor connection between shorting bar and release pin. • Faulty PAB. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• PAB 1st stage Squib resistance $\leq 1.4\Omega$	
Diagnostic Time	Qualificati-on	• More than 2.5s (250ms x 10)	
	De-Qualifi-cation	• More than 5s	

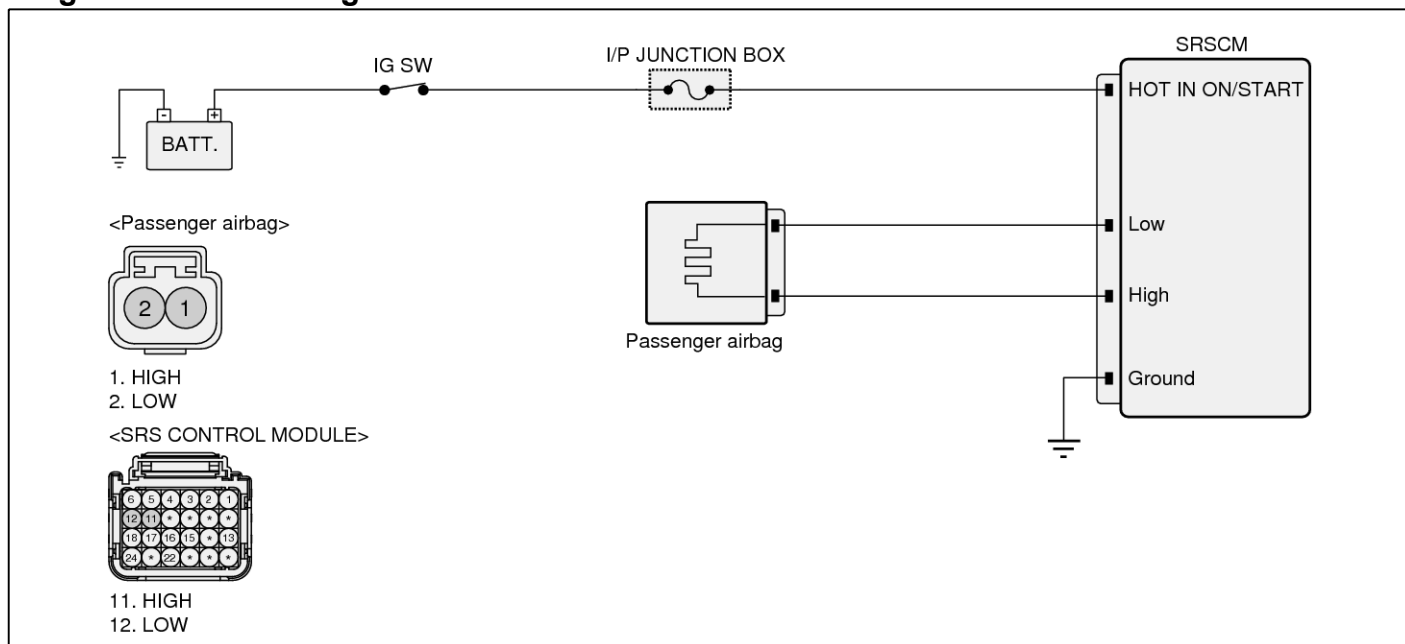
Specification

Test Condition	Resistance
Ignition ON	$1.4\Omega \leq \text{Squib resistance} \leq 6.4\Omega$

SRSCM

RT-71

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9504L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9617L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared. Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage. ► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Squib Circuit Inspection" procedure.

Squib Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect (-) terminal cable from battery and wait for 1 minutes or more.
3. Remove the PAB module and connect the dummy (0957A-38200) and dummy adapter (0957A-3F000) to PAB harness connector.

NOTICE

If dummy and dummy adaptor are not able to be prepared, use a known-good PAB or 2Ω resistor.

WARNING

Lay Removed PAB facing upward for unexpected air bag deploy .

4. Connect (-) terminal cable to battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and wait for 30 seconds or more.
5. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC) and clear DTC with scantool and diagnose again.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good PAB assembly, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace PAB and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect PAB connector and SRSCM main harness connector.

WARNING

Lay Removed PAB facing upward for unexpected air bag deploy .

4. Measure resistance between terminal "Low.1" and "High.1" of the PAB harness connector.

Specification : approx. 1 Ω below

5. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

SRSCM

RT-73

B1354 Passenger Airbag Resistance Circuit Short to Ground (1st Stage)

General Description

Passenger Air bag module (hereinafter referred to PAB) located at passenger side crush pad protects passenger by reducing impact of collision.

PAB is consist of air bag, pat cover and inflator.

Air bag reduces impact of collision by fillied up gas.

Inflator keeps gas and uses it to deploy air bag on collision.

CAUTION

Never measure resistance of PAB directly, Current of measuring device may cause unexpected air bag deploy.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1354 if there is a short to ground in PAB harness

*In this case, SRSCM checks if there's any fault in circuit by sending current for a while.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Voltage	• Short to ground in PAB harness. • Poor connection of connected part. • Faulty PAB. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• PAB 1st stage Squib line Voltage is < 0.9V	
Diagnostic Time	Qualificati-on	• More than 2.5s (250ms x 10)	
	De-Qualifi-cation	• More than 5s	

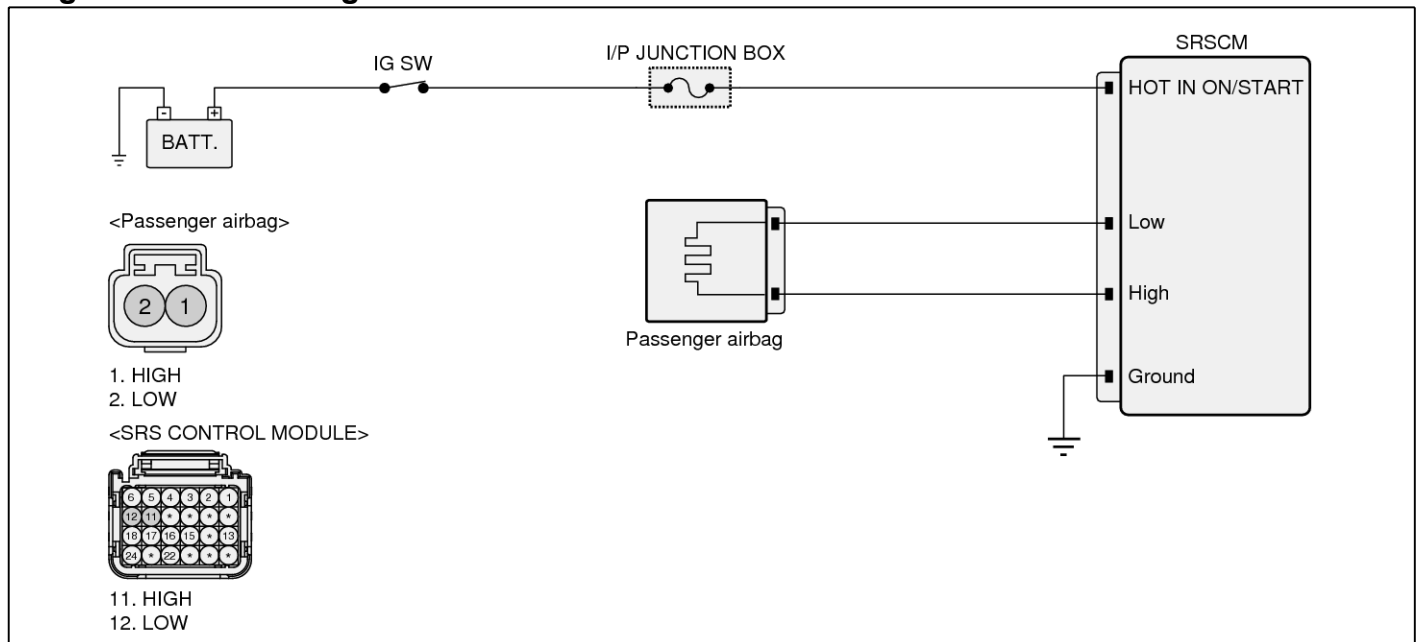
Specification

Test Condition	Voltage
Ignition ON	$0.9V \leq \text{Squib line Voltage} \leq 2.9V$

RT-74

Restraint

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9504L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9618L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.

Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Squib Circuit Inspection" procedure.

Squib Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect (-) terminal cable from battery and wait for 1 minutes or more.
3. Remove the PAB module and connect the dummy (0957A-38200) and dummy adapter (0957A-3F000) to PAB harness connector.

NOTICE

If dummy and dummy adaptor are not able to be prepared, use a known-good PAB or 2Ω resistor.

WARNING

Lay Removed PAB facing upward for unexpected air bag deploy .

4. Connect (-) terminal cable to battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and wait for 30 seconds or more.
5. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC) and clear DTC with scantool and diagnose again.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good PAB assembly, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace PAB and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect PAB connector and SRSCM main harness connector.

WARNING

Lay Removed PAB facing upward for unexpected air bag deploy .

4. Measure resistance between terminal "Low.1" or "High.1" of the PAB harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : ∞

5. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

RT-76

Restraint

B1355 Passenger Airbag Resistance Circuit Short to Battery (1st Stage)

General Description

Passenger Air bag module (hereinafter referred to PAB) located at passenger side crush pad protects passenger by reducing impact of collision.

PAB is consist of air bag, pat cover and inflator.

Air bag reduces impact of collision by fillied up gas.

Inflator keeps gas and uses it to deploy air bag on collision.

CAUTION

Never measure resistance of PAB directly, Current of measuring device may cause unexpected air bag deploy.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1355 if there is a short to power in PAB harness.

*In this case, SRSCM checks if there's any fault in circuit by sending current for a while.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Voltage	• Short to power in PAB harness. • Poor connection of connected part. • Faulty PAB. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• PAB 1st stage Squib line voltage is $> 2.9V$	
Diagnostic Time	Qualificati-on	• More than 2.5s (250ms x 10)	
	De-Qualifi-cation	• More than 5s	

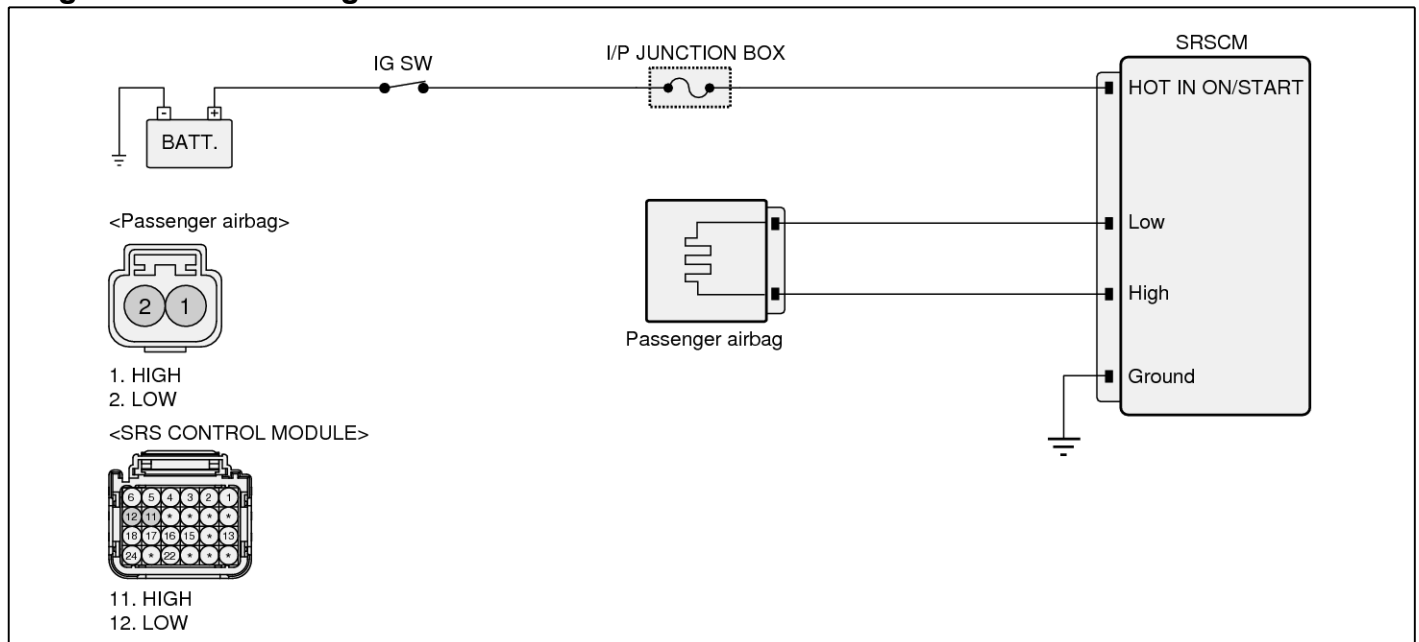
Specification

Test Condition	Voltage
Ignition ON	$0.9V \leq \text{Squib line Voltage} \leq 2.9V$

SRSCM

RT-77

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9504L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9619L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.

Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Squib Circuit Inspection" procedure.

Squib Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect (-) terminal cable from battery and wait for 1 minutes or more.
3. Remove the PAB module and connect the dummy (0957A-38200) and dummy adapter (0957A-3F000) to PAB harness connector.

NOTICE

If dummy and dummy adaptor are not able to be prepared, use a known-good PAB or 2Ω resistor.

WARNING

Lay Removed PAB facing upward for unexpected air bag deploy .

4. Connect (-) terminal cable to battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and wait for 30 seconds or more.
5. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC) and clear DTC with scantool and diagnose again.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good PAB assembly, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace PAB and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect PAB connector and SRSCM main harness connector.

WARNING

Lay Removed PAB facing upward for unexpected air bag deploy .

4. Connect the battery (-) terminal cable to the battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and wait for 30 seconds or more.
5. Measure voltage between terminal "Low.1" or "High.1" of the PAB harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : approx. 0V

6. Is the measured voltage within specifications?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

B1361 Pretensioner Front-Driver Resistance too High

General Description

Seat Belt Pretensioner(hereinafter referred to BPT) is located at both side of center pillar.

BPT tightens seat belt before air bag deploys to protect passenger from bumping against crush pad, steering wheel and front window.

In BPT, there are a ignition circuit and cylinder for rewinding belt.

Cylinder has piston that can rewind seat belt in it.

Gas chamber generates expansive force of gases to push piston in cylinder.

⚠CAUTION

Never measure resistance of BPT directly, Current of measuring device may cause unexpected BPT deploy.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1361 if the measured resistance value of DBPT circuit is more than the threshold value.

*In this case, SRSCM checks if there's any fault in circuit by sending current for a while.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Resistance	• Poor connection of connected part. • Poor connection between shorting bar and release pin. • Faulty DBPT. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• DBPT resistance $\geq 6.4\Omega$	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• More than 2.5s (250ms x 10)	
	De-Qualification	• More than 5s	

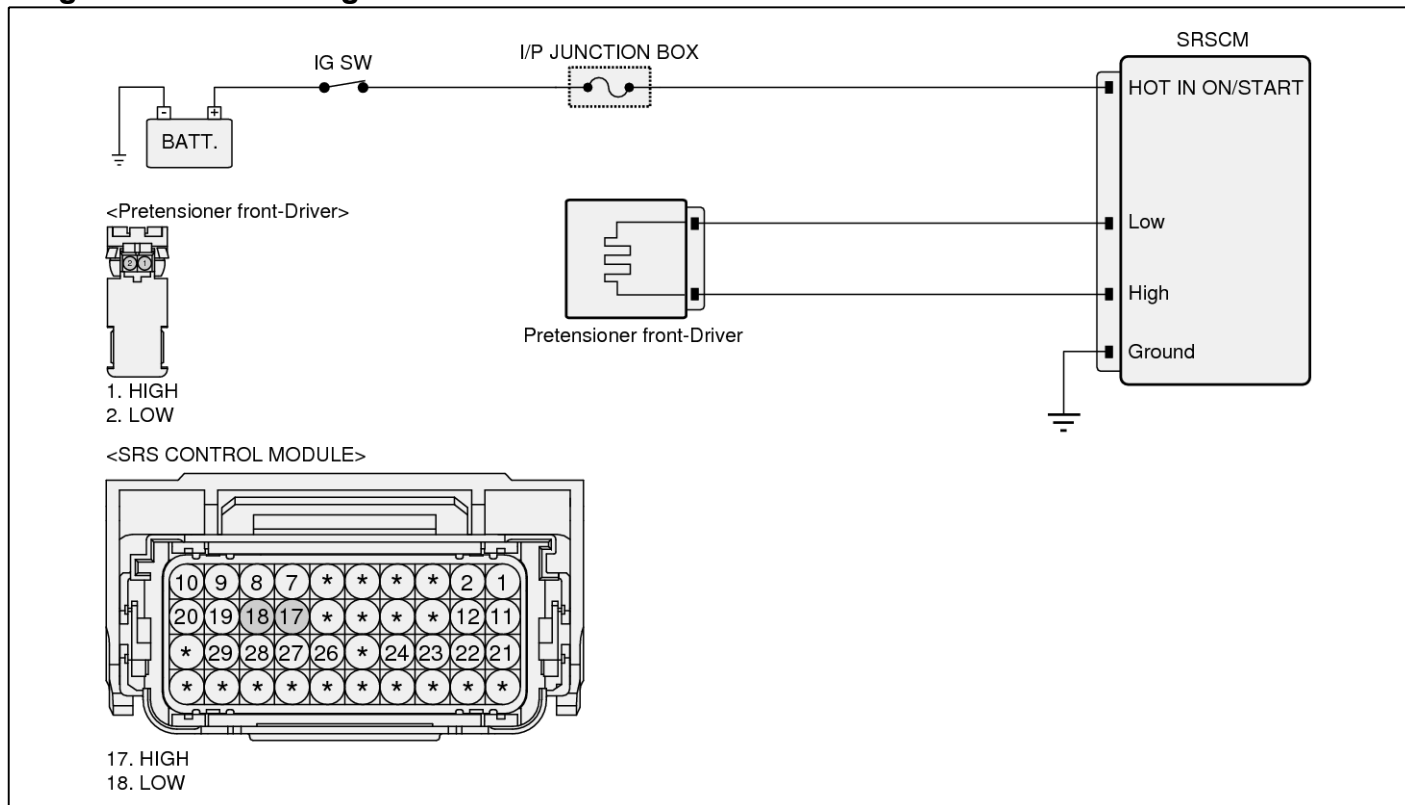
Specification

Test Condition	Resistance
Ignition ON	$1.4\Omega \leq \text{Squib resistance} \leq 6.4\Omega$

RT-80

Restraint

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9505L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9620L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.

Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Squib Circuit Inspection" procedure.

Squib Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect (-) terminal cable from battery and wait for 1 minutes or more.
3. Disconnect DBPT module and connect the dummy (0957A-38200) and dummy adapter (0957A-2G000) to main harness connector.

NOTICE

If dummy and dummy adaptor are not able to be prepared, use a known-good DBPT or 2Ω resistor.

4. Connect (-) terminal cable to battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and wait for 30 seconds or more.
5. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC) and clear DTC with scantool and diagnose again.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good DBPT assembly, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace DBPT and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect DBPT connector and SRSCM main harness connector.
4. Measure resistance between terminal "Low" and "High" of the DBPT harness connector.

Specification : approx. 1 Ω below

5. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

RT-82

Restraint

B1362 Pretensioner Front-Driver Resistance too Low

General Description

Seat Belt Pretensioner(hereinafter referred to BPT) is located at both side of center pillar.

BPT tightens seat belt before air bag deploys to protect passenger from bumping against crush pad, steering wheel and front window.

In BPT, there are a ignition circuit and cylinder for rewinding belt.

Cylinder has piston that can rewind seat belt in it.

Gas chamber generates expansive force of gases to push piston in cylinder.

⚠CAUTION

Never measure resistance of BPT directly, Current of measuring device may cause unexpected BPT deploy.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1362 if the measured resistance value of DBPT circuit is less than the threshold value.

*In this case, SRSCM checks if there's any fault in circuit by sending current for a while.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Resistance	• Poor connection of connected part. • Poor connection between shorting bar and release pin. • Faulty DBPT. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• DBPT resistance $\leq 1.4\Omega$	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• More than 2.5s (250ms x 10)	
	De-Qualification	• More than 5s	

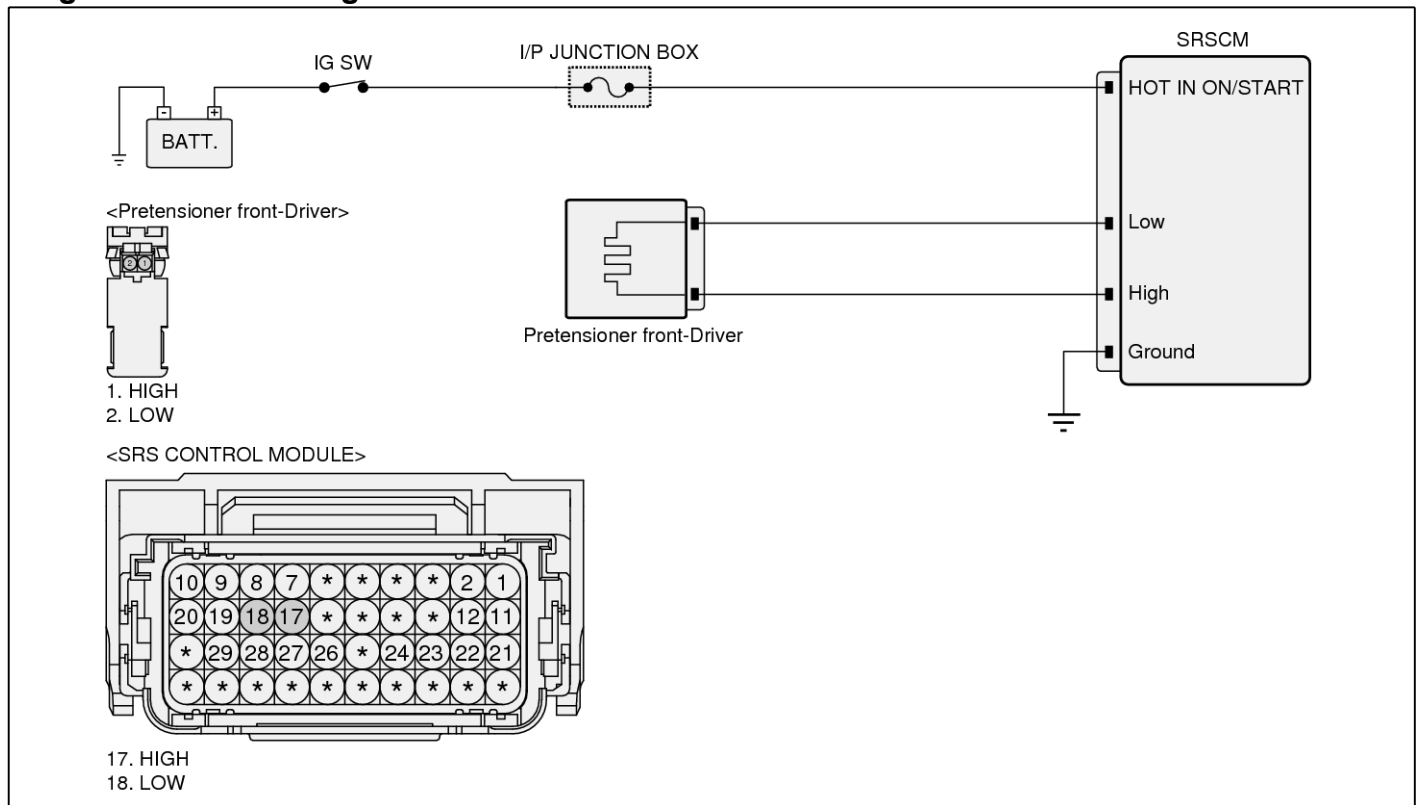
Specification

Test Condition	Resistance
Ignition ON	$1.4\Omega \leq \text{Squib resistance} \leq 6.4\Omega$

SRSCM

RT-83

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9505L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9621L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.

Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Squib Circuit Inspection" procedure.

Squib Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect (-) terminal cable from battery and wait for 1 minutes or more.
3. Disconnect DBPT module and connect the dummy (0957A-38200) and dummy adapter (0957A-2G000) to main harness connector.

NOTICE

If dummy and dummy adaptor are not able to be prepared, use a known-good DBPT or 2Ω resistor.

4. Connect (-) terminal cable to battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and wait for 30 seconds or more.
5. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC) and clear DTC with scantool and diagnose again.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good DBPT assembly, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace DBPT and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect DBPT connector and SRSCM main harness connector.
4. Measure resistance between terminal "Low" and "High" of the DBPT harness connector.

Specification : approx. 1 Ω below

5. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

B1363 Pretensioner front-Driver resistance circuit short to Ground

General Description

Seat Belt Pretensioner(hereinafter referred to BPT) is located at both side of center pillar.

BPT tightens seat belt before air bag deploys to protect passenger from bumping against crush pad, steering wheel and front window.

In BPT, there are a ignition circuit and cylinder for rewinding belt.

Cylinder has piston that can rewind seat belt in it.

Gas chamber generates expansive force of gases to push piston in cylinder.

⚠CAUTION

Never measure resistance of BPT directly, Current of measuring device may cause unexpected BPT deploy.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1363 if there is a short to ground in DBPT harness.

*In this case, SRSCM checks if there's any fault in circuit by sending current for a while.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Voltage	• Short to ground in DBPT harness. • Poor connection of connected part. • Faulty DBPT. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• DBPT Squib line Voltage is < 0.9V	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• More than 2.5s (250ms x 10)	
	De-Qualification	• More than 5s	

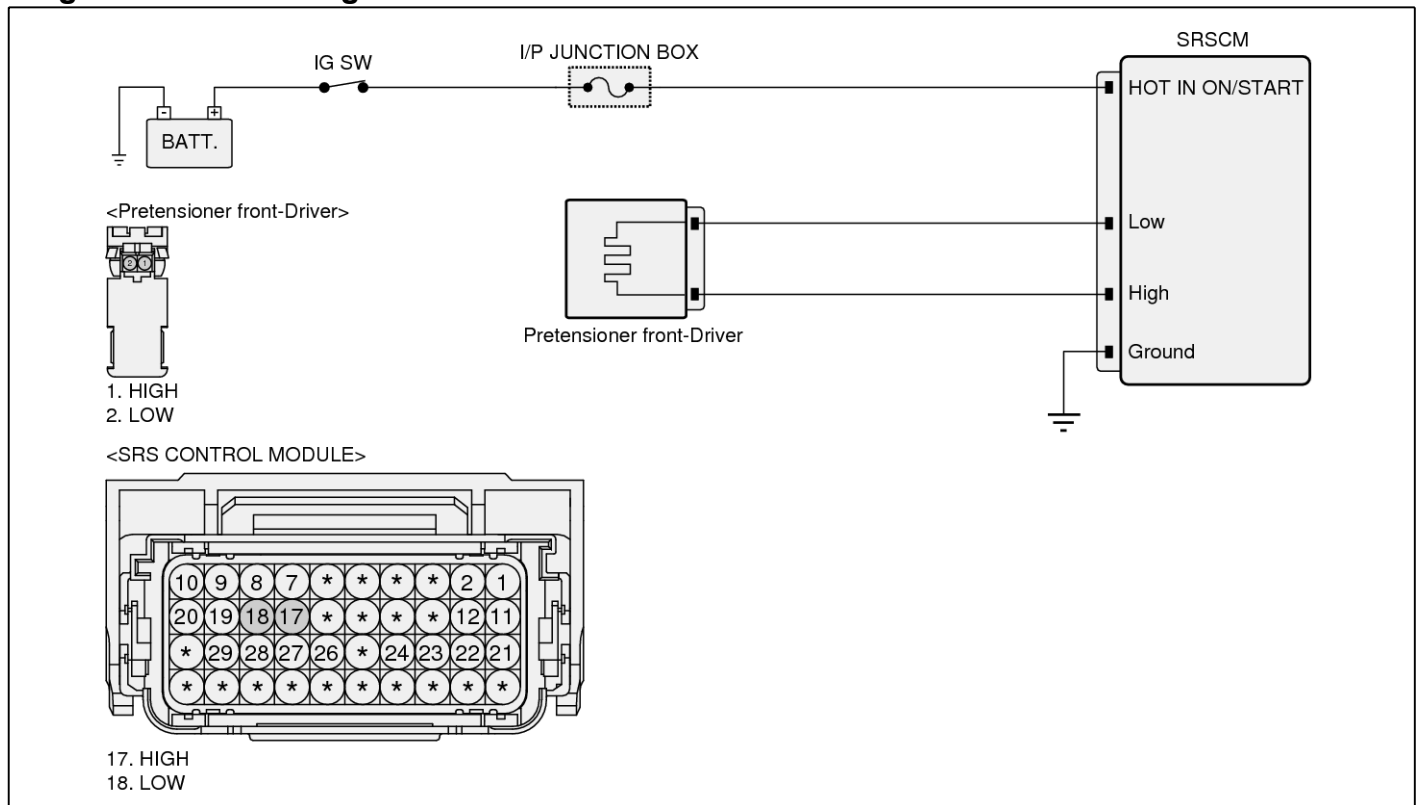
Specification

Test Condition	Voltage
Ignition ON	$0.9V \leq \text{Squib line Voltage} \leq 2.9V$

RT-86

Restraint

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9505L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9622L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.

Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Squib Circuit Inspection" procedure.

Squib Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect (-) terminal cable from battery and wait for 1 minutes or more.
3. Disconnect DBPT module and connect the dummy (0957A-38200) and dummy adapter (0957A-2G000) to main harness connector.

NOTICE

If dummy and dummy adaptor are not able to be prepared, use a known-good DBPT or 2Ω resistor.

4. Connect (-) terminal cable to battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and wait for 30 seconds or more.
5. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC) and clear DTC with scantool and diagnose again.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ RGo to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good DBPT assembly, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace DBPT and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect DBPT connector and SRSCM main harness connector.
4. Measure resistance between terminal "Low" or "High" of the DBPT harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : ∞

5. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

RT-88

Restraint

B1364 Pretensioner front-Driver resistance circuit short to Battery

General Description

Seat Belt Pretensioner(hereinafter referred to BPT) is located at both side of center pillar.

BPT tightens seat belt before air bag deploys to protect passenger from bumping against crush pad, steering wheel and front window.

In BPT, there are a ignition circuit and cylinder for rewinding belt.

Cylinder has piston that can rewind seat belt in it.

Gas chamber generates expansive force of gases to push piston in cylinder.

⚠CAUTION

Never measure resistance of BPT directly, Current of measuring device may cause unexpected BPT deploy.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1364 if there is a short to power in DBPT harness.

*In this case, SRSCM checks if there's any fault in circuit by sending current for a while.

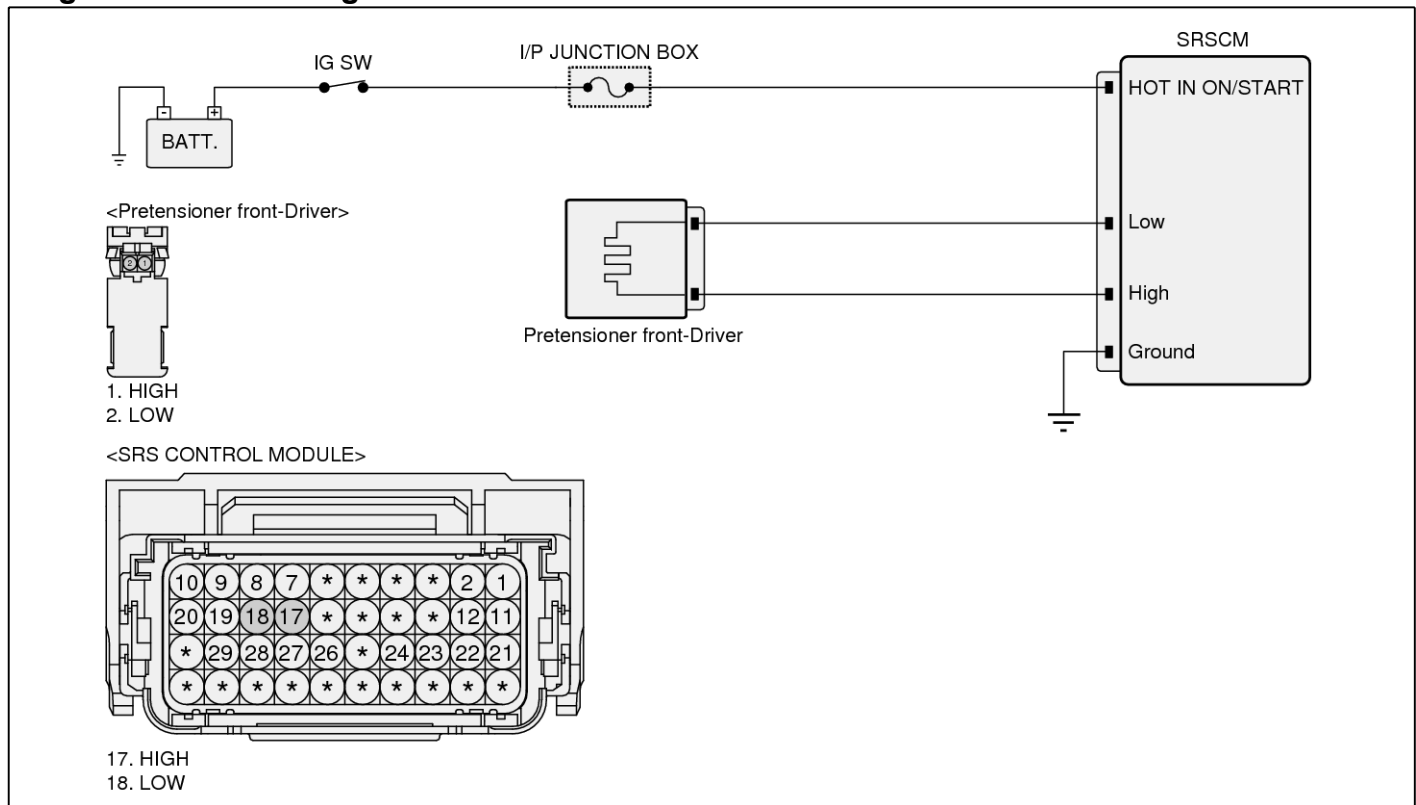
DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Voltage	• Short to power in DBPT harness. • Poor connection of connected part. • Faulty DBPT. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• DBPT Squib line voltage is > 2.9V	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• More than 2.5s (250ms x 10)	
	De-Qualification	• More than 5s	

Specification

Test Condition	Voltage
Ignition ON	$0.9V \leq \text{Squib line Voltage} \leq 2.9V$

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9505L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9623L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.

Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

RT-90

Restraint

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Squib Circuit Inspection" procedure.

Squib Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect (-) terminal cable from battery and wait for 1 minutes or more.
3. Disconnect DBPT module and connect the dummy (0957A-38200) and dummy adapter (0957A-2G000) to main harness connector.

NOTICE

If dummy and dummy adaptor are not able to be prepared, use a known-good DBPT or 2Ω resistor.

4. Connect (-) terminal cable to battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and wait for 30 seconds or more.
5. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC) and clear DTC with scantool and diagnose again.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good DBPT assembly, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace DBPT and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect DBPT connector and SRSCM main harness connector.
4. Connect the battery (-) terminal cable to the battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF".
5. Measure voltage between terminal "Low" or "High" of the DBPT harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : approx. 0V

6. Is the measured voltage within specifications?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

B1367 Pretensioner Front-Passenger Resistance too High

General Description

Seat Belt Pretensioner(hereinafter referred to BPT) is located at both side of center pillar.

BPT tightens seat belt before air bag deploys to protect passenger from bumping against crush pad, steering wheel and front window.

In BPT, there are a ignition circuit and cylinder for rewinding belt.

Cylinder has piston that can rewind seat belt in it.

Gas chamber generates expansive force of gases to push piston in cylinder.

⚠CAUTION

Never measure resistance of BPT directly, Current of measuring device may cause unexpected BPT deploy.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1367 if the measured resistance value of PBPT circuit is more than the threshold value.

*In this case, SRSCM checks if there's any fault in circuit by sending current for a while.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Resistance	• Poor connection of connected part. • Poor connection between shorting bar and release pin. • Faulty PBPT. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• PBPT resistance $\geq 6.4\Omega$	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• More than 2.5s (250ms x 10)	
	De-Qualification	• More than 5s	

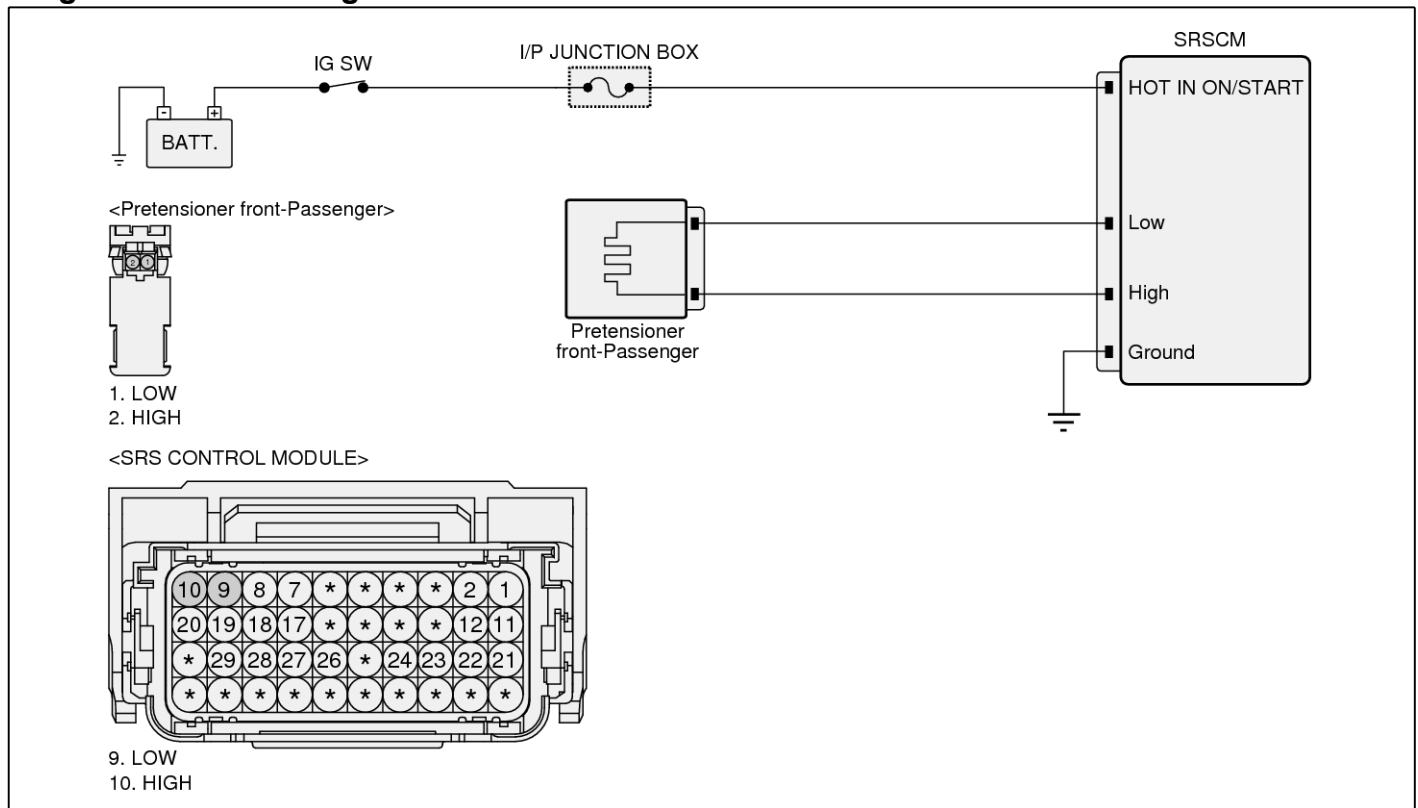
Specification

Test Condition	Resistance
Ignition ON	$1.4\Omega \leq \text{Squib resistance} \leq 6.4\Omega$

RT-92

Restraint

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9506L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9624L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.

Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Squib Circuit Inspection" procedure.

Squib Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect (-) terminal cable from battery and wait for 1 minutes or more.
3. Disconnect PBPT module and connect the dummy (0957A-38200) and dummy adapter (0957A-2G000) to main harness connector.

NOTICE

If dummy and dummy adaptor are not able to be prepared, use a known-good PBPT or 2Ω resistor.

4. Connect (-) terminal cable to battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and wait for 30 seconds or more.
5. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC) and clear DTC with scantool and diagnose again.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good PBPT assembly, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace PBPT and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect PBPT connector and SRSCM main harness connector.
4. Measure resistance between terminal "Low" and "High" of the PBPT harness connector.

Specification : approx. 1 Ω below

5. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

RT-94

Restraint

B1368 Pretensioner Front-Passenger Resistance too Low

General Description

Seat Belt Pretensioner(hereinafter referred to BPT) is located at both side of center pillar.

BPT tightens seat belt before air bag deploys to protect passenger from bumping against crush pad, steering wheel and front window.

In BPT, there are a ignition circuit and cylinder for rewinding belt.

Cylinder has piston that can rewind seat belt in it.

Gas chamber generates expansive force of gases to push piston in cylinder.

CAUTION

Never measure resistance of BPT directly, Current of measuring device may cause unexpected BPT deploy.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1368 if the measured resistance value of PBPT circuit is less than the threshold value.

*In this case, SRSCM checks if there's any fault in circuit by sending current for a while.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Resistance	• Poor connection of connected part. • Poor connection between shorting bar and release pin. • Faulty PBPT. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• PBPT resistance $\leq 1.4\Omega$	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• More than 2.5s (250ms x 10)	
	De-Qualification	• More than 5s	

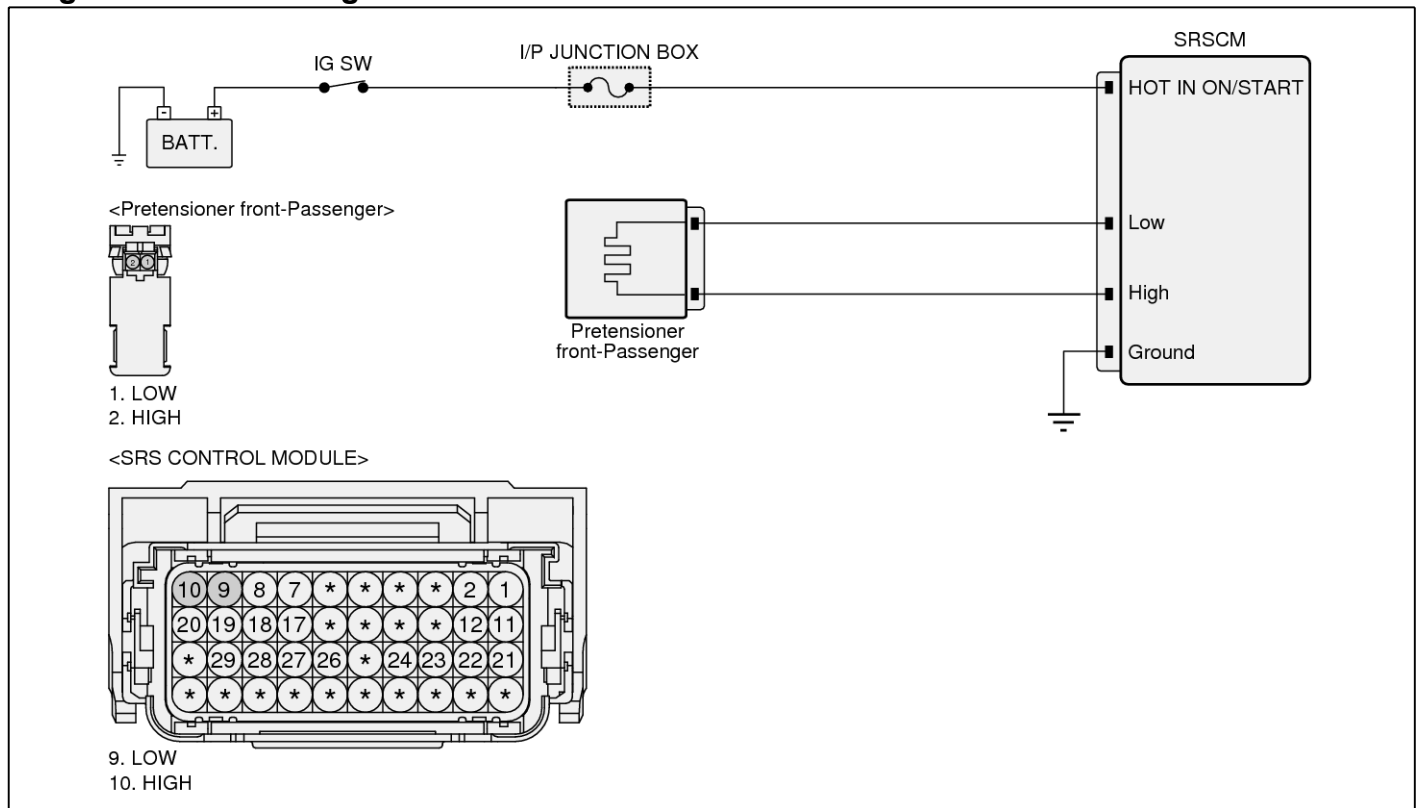
Specification

Test Condition	Resistance
Ignition ON	$1.4\Omega \leq \text{Squib resistance} \leq 6.4\Omega$

SRSCM

RT-95

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9506L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9625L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.

Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Squib Circuit Inspection" procedure.

Squib Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect (-) terminal cable from battery and wait for 1 minutes or more.
3. Disconnect PBPT module and connect the dummy (0957A-38200) and dummy adapter (0957A-2G000) to main harness connector.

NOTICE

If dummy and dummy adaptor are not able to be prepared, use a known-good PBPT or 2Ω resistor.

4. Connect (-) terminal cable to battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and wait for 30 seconds or more.
5. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC) and clear DTC with scantool and diagnose again.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good PBPT assembly, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace PBPT and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Main harness Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect PBPT connector and SRSCM main harness connector.
4. Measure resistance between terminal "Low" and "High" of the PBPT harness connector.

Specification : approx. 1 Ω below

5. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

B1369 Pretensioner Front-Passenger Resistance Circuit Short to Ground

General Description

Seat Belt Pretensioner(hereinafter referred to BPT) is located at both side of center pillar.

BPT tightens seat belt before air bag deploys to protect passenger from bumping against crush pad, steering wheel and front window.

In BPT, there are a ignition circuit and cylinder for rewinding belt.

Cylinder has piston that can rewind seat belt in it.

Gas chamber generates expansive force of gases to push piston in cylinder.

⚠CAUTION

Never measure resistance of BPT directly, Current of measuring device may cause unexpected BPT deploy.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1369 if there is a short to ground in PBPT harness.

*In this case, SRSCM checks if there's any fault in circuit by sending current for a while.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Voltage	• Short to ground in PBPT harness. • Poor connection of connected part. • Faulty PBPT. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• PBPT Squib line Voltage is < 0.9V	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• More than 2.5s (250ms x 10)	
	De-Qualification	• More than 5s	

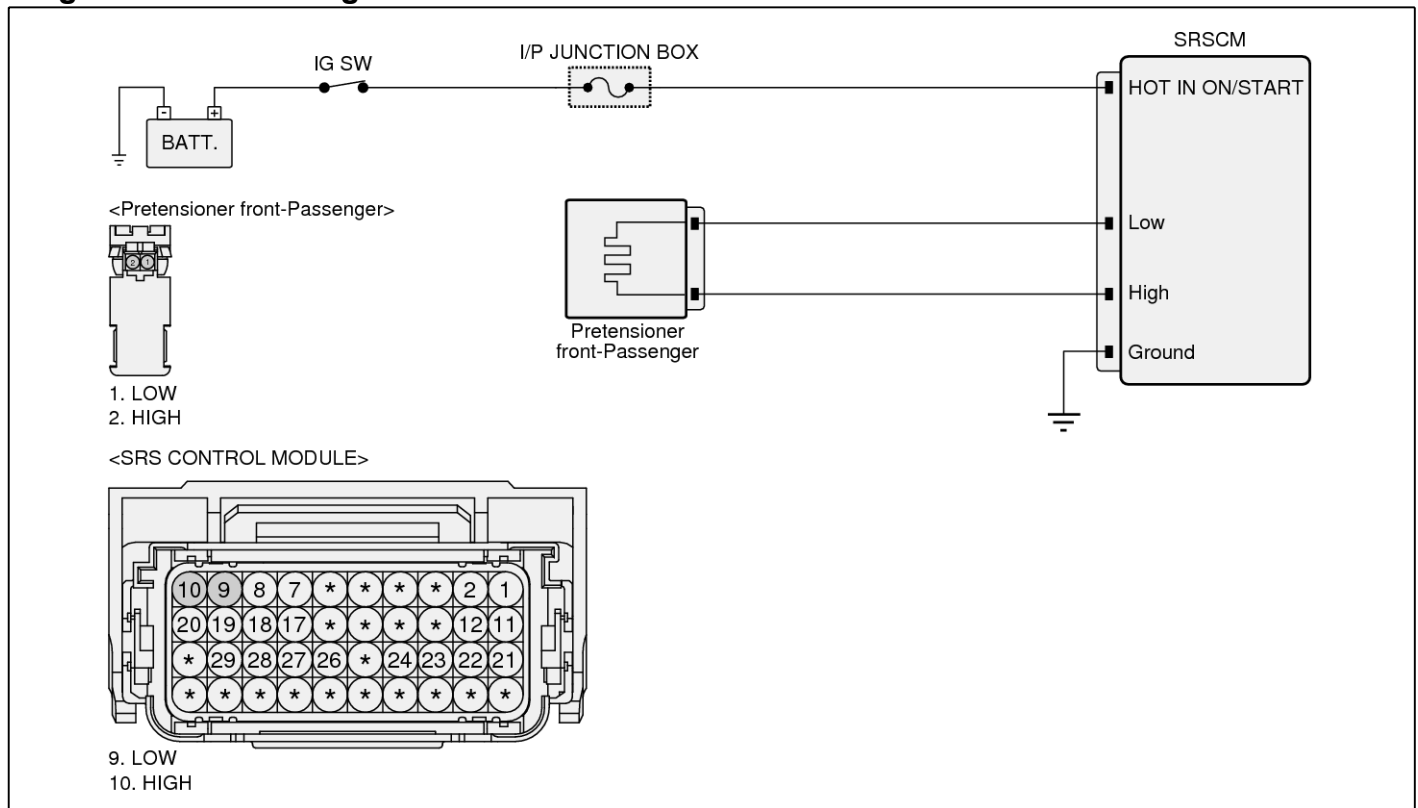
Specification

Test Condition	Voltage
Ignition ON	$0.9V \leq \text{Squib line Voltage} \leq 2.9V$

RT-98

Restraint

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9506L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9626L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.

Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Squib Circuit Inspection" procedure.

Squib Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect (-) terminal cable from battery and wait for 1 minutes or more.
3. Disconnect PBPT module and connect the dummy (0957A-38200) and dummy adapter (0957A-2G000) to main harness connector.

NOTICE

If dummy and dummy adaptor are not able to be prepared, use a known-good PBPT or 2Ω resistor.

4. Connect (-) terminal cable to battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and wait for 30 seconds or more.
5. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC) and clear DTC with scantool and diagnose again.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good PBPT assembly, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace PBPT and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Main harness Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect PBPT connector and SRSCM main harness connector.
4. Measure resistance between terminal "Low" or "High" of the PBPT harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : ∞

5. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

RT-100

Restraint

B1370 Pretensioner Front-Passenger Resistance Circuit Short to Battery

General Description

Seat Belt Pretensioner(hereinafter referred to BPT) is located at both side of center pillar.

BPT tightens seat belt before air bag deploys to protect passenger from bumping against crush pad, steering wheel and front window.

In BPT, there are a ignition circuit and cylinder for rewinding belt.

Cylinder has piston that can rewind seat belt in it.

Gas chamber generates expansive force of gases to push piston in cylinder.

⚠CAUTION

Never measure resistance of BPT directly, Current of measuring device may cause unexpected BPT deploy.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1370 if there is a short to power in PBPT harness.

*In this case, SRSCM checks if there's any fault in circuit by sending current for a while.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Voltage	• Short to ground in PBPT harness. • Poor connection of connected part. • Faulty PBPT. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• PBPT Squib line voltage is > 2.9V	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• More than 2.5s (250ms x 10)	
	De-Qualification	• More than 5s	

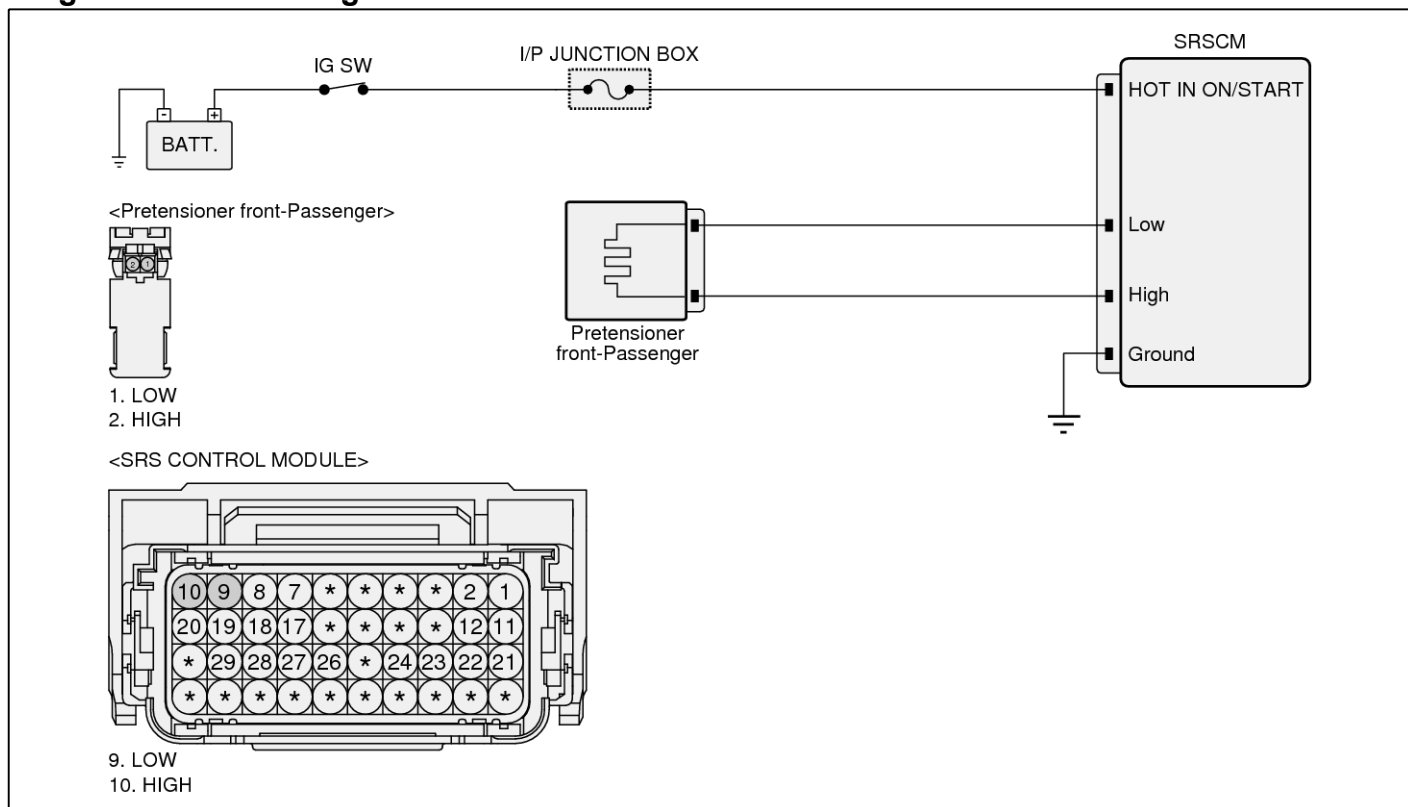
Specification

Test Condition	Voltage
Ignition ON	$0.9V \leq \text{Squib line Voltage} \leq 2.9V$

SRSCM

RT-101

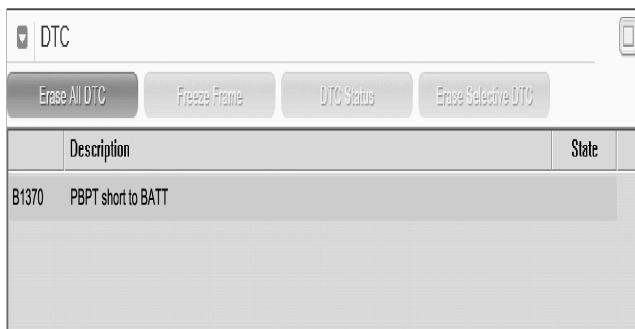
Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9506L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9627L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.

Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

RT-102

Restraint

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Squib Circuit Inspection" procedure.

Squib Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect (-) terminal cable from battery and wait for 1 minutes or more.
3. Disconnect PBPT module and connect the dummy (0957A-38200) and dummy adapter (0957A-2G000) to main harness connector.

NOTICE

If dummy and dummy adaptor are not able to be prepared, use a known-good PBPT or 2Ω resistor.

4. Connect (-) terminal cable to battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and wait for 30 seconds or more.
5. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC) and clear DTC with scantool and diagnose again.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good PBPT assembly, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace PBPT and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect PBPT connector and SRSCM main harness connector.
4. Connect the battery (-) terminal cable to the battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF".
5. Measure voltage between terminal "Low" or "High" of the PBPT harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : approx. 0V

6. Is the measured voltage within specifications?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

SRSCM

RT-103

B1378 Side Airbag Front-Driver Resistance too High

General Description

Side Airbag (hereinafter referred to SAB) located in driver and passenger seat protects passenger's head and shoulder. SAB is consist of air bag and inflator.

Air bag reduces impact of collision by filled up gas.

Inflator keeps gas and uses it to deploy air bag on collision.

CAUTION

Never measure resistance of SAB directly, Current of measuring device may cause unexpected air bag deploy.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1378 if the measured resistance value of DSAB circuit is more than the threshold value.

*In this case, SRSCM checks if there's any fault in circuit by sending current for a while.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Resistance	• Poor connection of connected part. • Poor connection between shorting bar and release pin. • Faulty DSAB. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• DSAB resistance $\geq 6.4\Omega$	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• More than 2.5s (250ms x 10)	
	De-Qualification	• More than 5s	

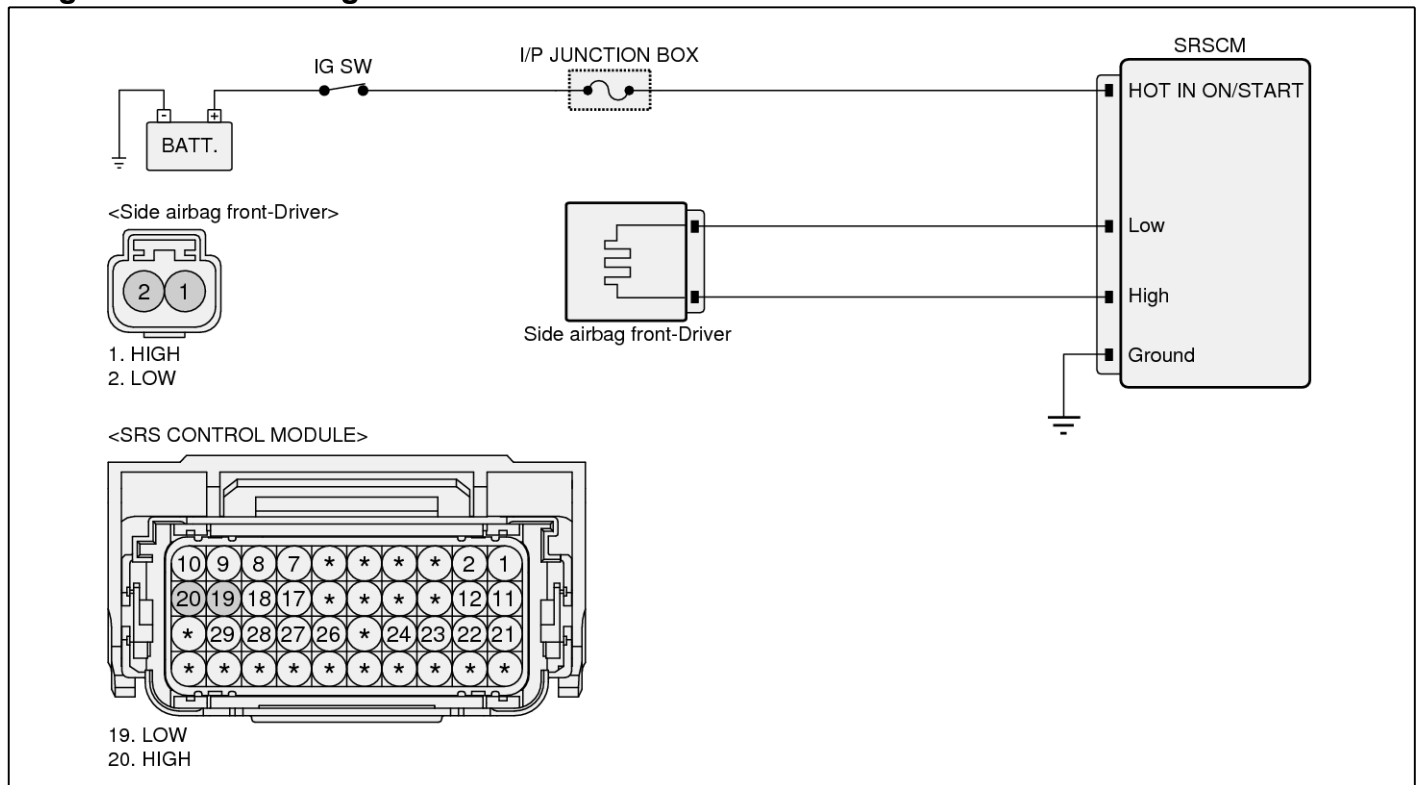
Specification

Test Condition	Resistance
Ignition ON	$1.4\Omega \leq \text{Squib resistance} \leq 6.4\Omega$

RT-104

Restraint

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9507L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9628L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.

Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Squib Circuit Inspection" procedure.

Squib Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect (-) terminal cable from battery and wait for 1 minutes or more.
3. Disconnect DSAB module and connect the dummy (0957A-38200) and dummy adapter (0957A-3F000) to main harness connector.

NOTICE

If dummy and dummy adaptor are not able to be prepared, use a known-good DSAB or 2Ω resistor.

4. Connect (-) terminal cable to battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and wait for 30 seconds or more.
5. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC) and clear DTC with scantool and diagnose again.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good DSAB assembly, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace DSAB and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect DSAB connector and SRSCM main harness connector.
4. Measure resistance between terminal "Low" and "High" of the DSAB harness connector.

Specification : approx. 1 Ω below

5. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

RT-106

Restraint

B1379 Side Airbag Front-Driver Resistance too Low

General Description

Side Airbag (hereinafter referred to SAB) located in driver and passenger seat protects passenger's head and shoulder. SAB is consist of air bag and inflator.

Air bag reduces impact of collision by filled up gas.

Inflator keeps gas and uses it to deploy air bag on collision.

CAUTION

Never measure resistance of SAB directly, Current of measuring device may cause unexpected air bag deploy.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1379 if the measured resistance value of DSAB circuit is less than the threshold value.

*In this case, SRSCM checks if there's any fault in circuit by sending current for a while.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Resistance	• Poor connection of connected part. • Poor connection between shorting bar and release pin. • Faulty DSAB. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• DSAB resistance $\leq 1.4\Omega$	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• More than 2.5s (250ms x 10)	
	De-Qualification	• More than 5s	

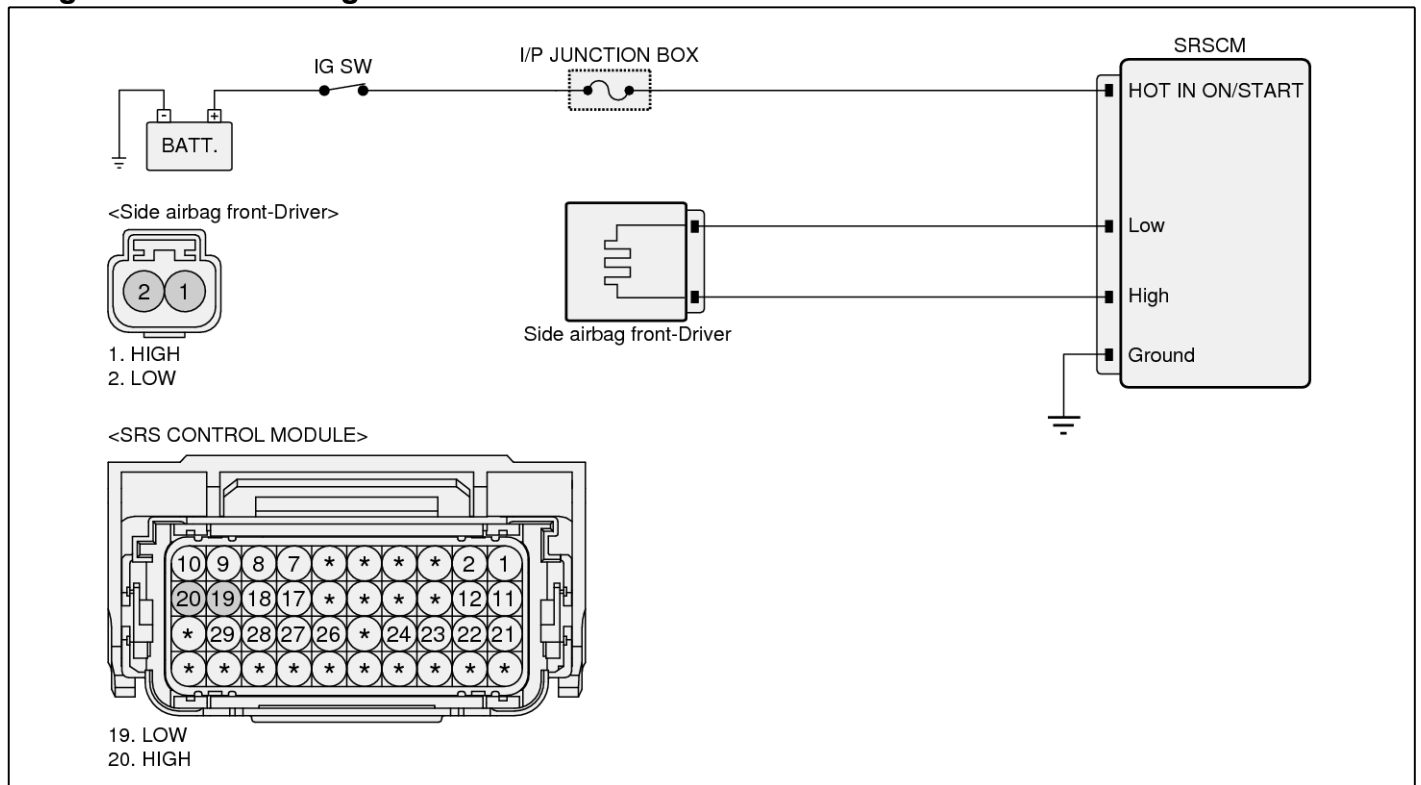
Specification

Test Condition	Resistance
Ignition ON	$1.4\Omega \leq \text{Squib resistance} \leq 6.4\Omega$

SRSCM

RT-107

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9507L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9629L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.

Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

RT-108

Restraint

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Squib Circuit Inspection" procedure.

Squib Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect (-) terminal cable from battery and wait for 1 minutes or more.
3. Disconnect DSAB module and connect the dummy (0957A-38200) and dummy adapter (0957A-3F000) to main harness connector.

NOTICE

If dummy and dummy adaptor are not able to be prepared, use a known-good DSAB or 2Ω resistor.

4. Connect (-) terminal cable to battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and wait for 30 seconds or more.
5. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC) and clear DTC with scantool and diagnose again.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good DSAB assembly, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace DSAB and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect DSAB connector and SRSCM main harness connector.
4. Measure resistance between terminal "Low" and "High" of the DSAB harness connector.

Specification : approx. 1 Ω below

5. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

SRSCM

RT-109

B1380 Side Airbag Front-Driver Resistance Circuit Short to Ground

General Description

Side Airbag (hereinafter referred to SAB) located in driver and passenger seat protects passenger's head and shoulder. SAB is consist of air bag and inflator.

Air bag reduces impact of collision by filled up gas.

Inflator keeps gas and uses it to deploy air bag on collision.

CAUTION

Never measure resistance of SAB directly, Current of measuring device may cause unexpected air bag deploy.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1380 if there is a short to ground in DSAB harness.

*In this case, SRSCM checks if there's any fault in circuit by sending current for a while.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Voltage	• Short to ground in DSAB harness. • Poor connection of connected part. • Faulty DSAB. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• DSAB Squib line Voltage is < 0.9V	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• More than 2.5s (250ms x 10)	
	De-Qualification	• More than 5s	

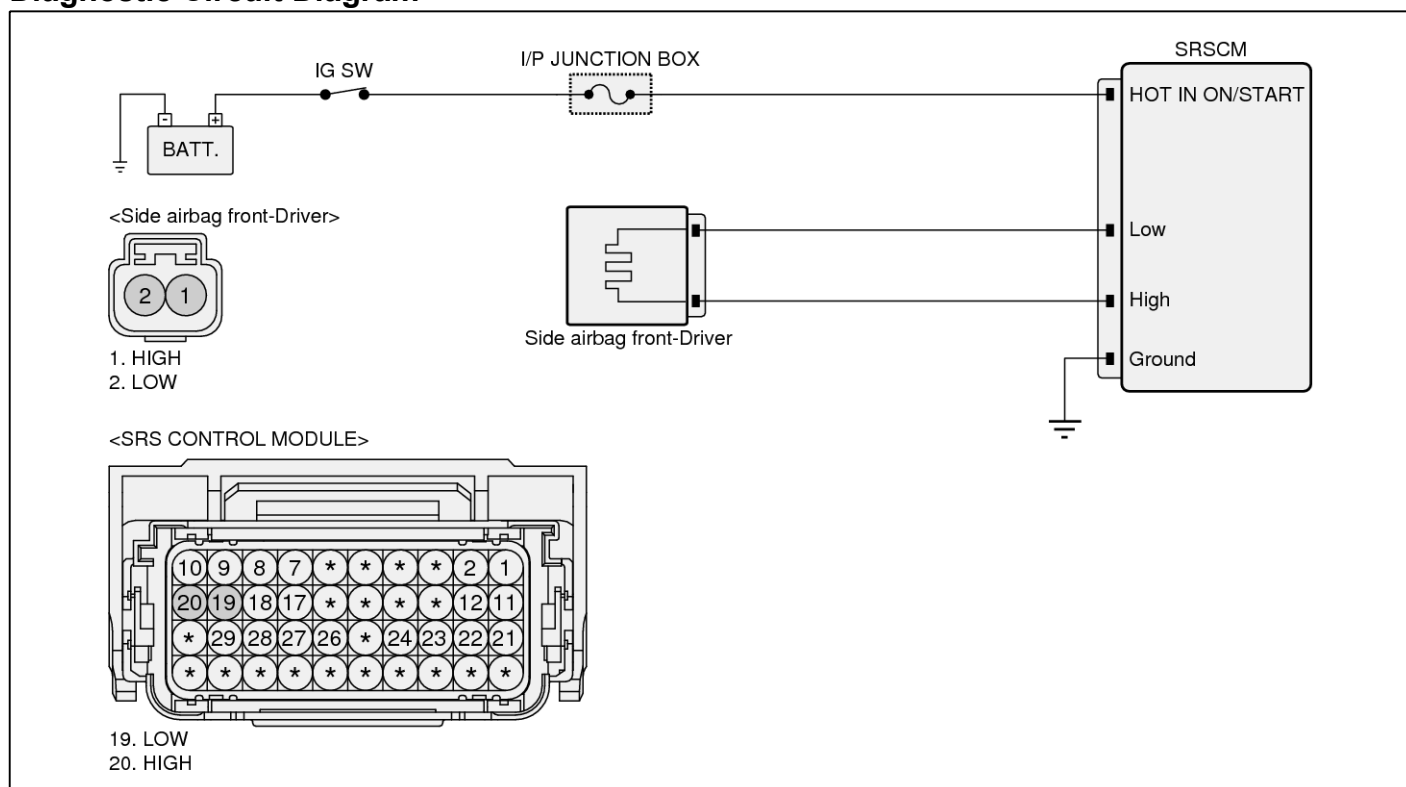
Specification

Test Condition	Voltage
Ignition ON	$0.9V \leq \text{Squib line Voltage} \leq 2.9V$

RT-110

Restraint

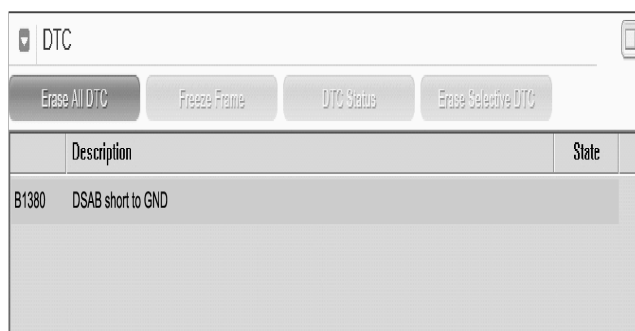
Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9507L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9630L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.

Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Squib Circuit Inspection" procedure.

Squib Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect (-) terminal cable from battery and wait for 1 minutes or more.
3. Disconnect DSAB module and connect the dummy (0957A-38200) and dummy adapter (0957A-3F000) to main harness connector.

NOTICE

If dummy and dummy adaptor are not able to be prepared, use a known-good DSAB or 2Ω resistor.

4. Connect (-) terminal cable to battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and wait for 30 seconds or more.
5. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC) and clear DTC with scantool and diagnose again.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good DSAB assembly, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace DSAB and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Main harness Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect DSAB connector and SRSCM main harness connector.
4. Measure resistance between terminal "Low" or "High" of the DSAB harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : ∞

5. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

RT-112

Restraint

B1381 Side Airbag Front-Driver Resistance Circuit Short to Battery

General Description

Side Airbag (hereinafter referred to SAB) located in driver and passenger seat protects passenger's head and shoulder. SAB is consist of air bag and inflator.

Air bag reduces impact of collision by fillied up gas.

Inflator keeps gas and uses it to deploy air bag on collision.

CAUTION

Never measure resistance of SAB directly, Current of measuring device may cause unexpected air bag deploy.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1381 if there is a short to power in DSAB harness.

*In this case, SRSCM checks if there's any fault in circuit by sending current for a while.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		Check Voltage	- Short to power in DSAB harness. - Poor connection of connected part. - Faulty DSAB. - Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		DSAB Squib line voltage is > 2.9V	
Diagnostic Time	Qualificati-on	More than 2.5s (250ms x 10)	
	De-Qualifi-cation	More than 5s	

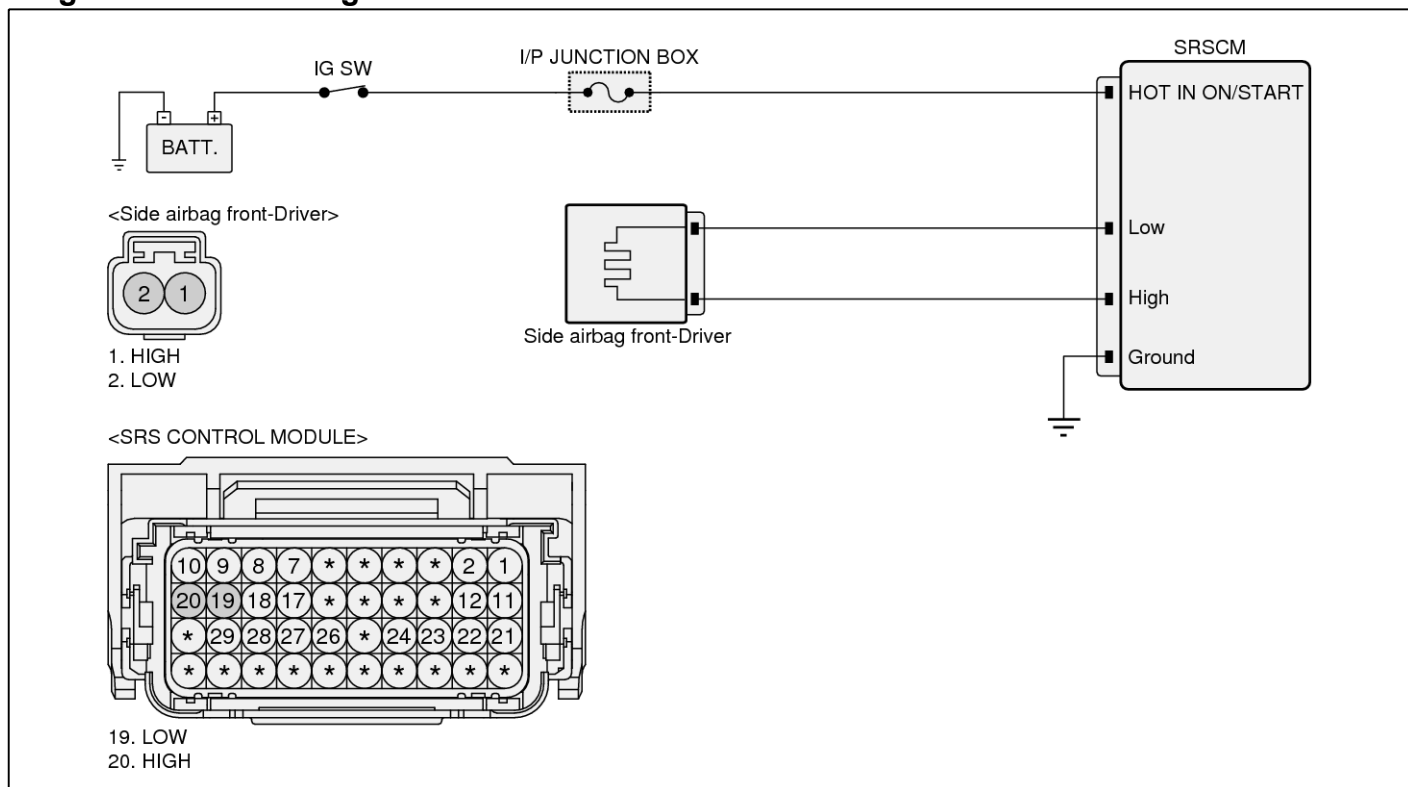
Specification

Test Condition	Voltage
Ignition ON	$0.9V \leq \text{Squib line Voltage} \leq 2.9V$

SRSCM

RT-113

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9507L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9631L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.

Thoroughly check shorting bar/horting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

RT-114

Restraint

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Squib Circuit Inspection" procedure.

Squib Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect (-) terminal cable from battery and wait for 1 minutes or more.
3. Disconnect DSAB module and connect the dummy (0957A-38200) and dummy adapter (0957A-3F000) to main harness connector.

NOTICE

If dummy and dummy adaptor are not able to be prepared, use a known-good DSAB or 2Ω resistor.

4. Connect (-) terminal cable to battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and wait for 30 seconds or more.
5. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC) and clear DTC with scantool and diagnose again.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good DSAB assembly, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace DSAB and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect DSAB connector and SRSCM main harness connector.
4. Connect the battery (-) terminal cable to the battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF".
5. Measure voltage between terminal "Low" or "High" of the DSAB harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : approx. 0V

6. Is the measured voltage within specifications?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

SRSCM

RT-115

B1382 Side Airbag Front-Passenger Resistance too High

General Description

Side Airbag (hereinafter referred to SAB) located in driver and passenger seat protects passenger's head and shoulder. SAB is consist of air bag and inflator.

Air bag reduces impact of collision by filled up gas.

Inflator keeps gas and uses it to deploy air bag on collision.

CAUTION

Never measure resistance of SAB directly, Current of measuring device may cause unexpected air bag deploy.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1382 if the measured resistance value of PSAB circuit is more than the threshold value.

*In this case, SRSCM checks if there's any fault in circuit by sending current for a while.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Resistance	• Poor connection of connected part. • Poor connection between shorting bar and release pin. • Faulty PSAB. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• PSAB resistance $\geq 6.4\Omega$	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• More than 2.5s (250ms x 10)	
	De-Qualification	• More than 5s	

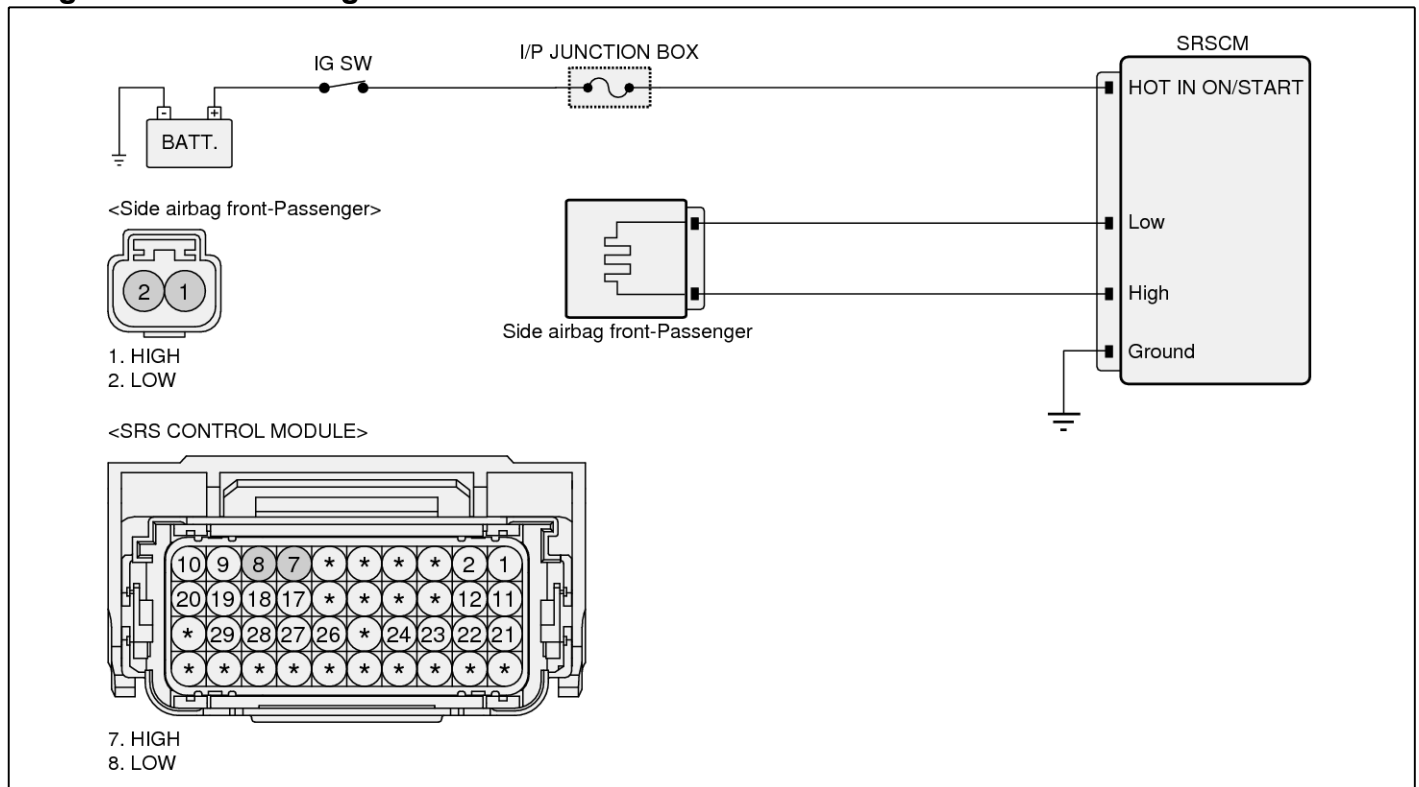
Specification

Test Condition	Resistance
Ignition ON	$1.4\Omega \leq \text{Squib resistance} \leq 6.4\Omega$

RT-116

Restraint

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9508L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9632L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.

Thoroughly check shorting bar/horting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Squib Circuit Inspection" procedure.

Squib Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect (-) terminal cable from battery and wait for 1 minutes or more.
3. Disconnect PSAB module and connect the dummy (0957A-38200) and dummy adapter (0957A-3F000) to main harness connector.

NOTICE

If dummy and dummy adaptor are not able to be prepared, use a known-good PSAB or 2Ω resistor.

4. Connect (-) terminal cable to battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and wait for 30 seconds or more.
5. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC) and clear DTC with scantool and diagnose again.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good PSAB assembly, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace PSAB and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect PSAB connector and SRSCM main harness connector.
4. Measure resistance between terminal "Low" and "High" of the PSAB harness connector.

Specification : approx. 1 Ω below

5. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

RT-118

Restraint

B1383 Side Airbag Front-Passenger Resistance too Low

General Description

Side Airbag (hereinafter referred to SAB) located in driver and passenger seat protects passenger's head and shoulder. SAB is consist of air bag and inflator.

Air bag reduces impact of collision by filled up gas.

Inflator keeps gas and uses it to deploy air bag on collision.

CAUTION

Never measure resistance of SAB directly, Current of measuring device may cause unexpected air bag deploy.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1383 if the measured resistance value of PSAB circuit is less than the threshold value.

*In this case, SRSCM checks if there's any fault in circuit by sending current for a while.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Resistance	• Poor connection of connected part. • Poor connection between shorting bar and release pin. • Faulty PSAB. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• PSAB resistance $\leq 1.4\Omega$	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• More than 2.5s (250ms x 10)	
	De-Qualification	• More than 5s	

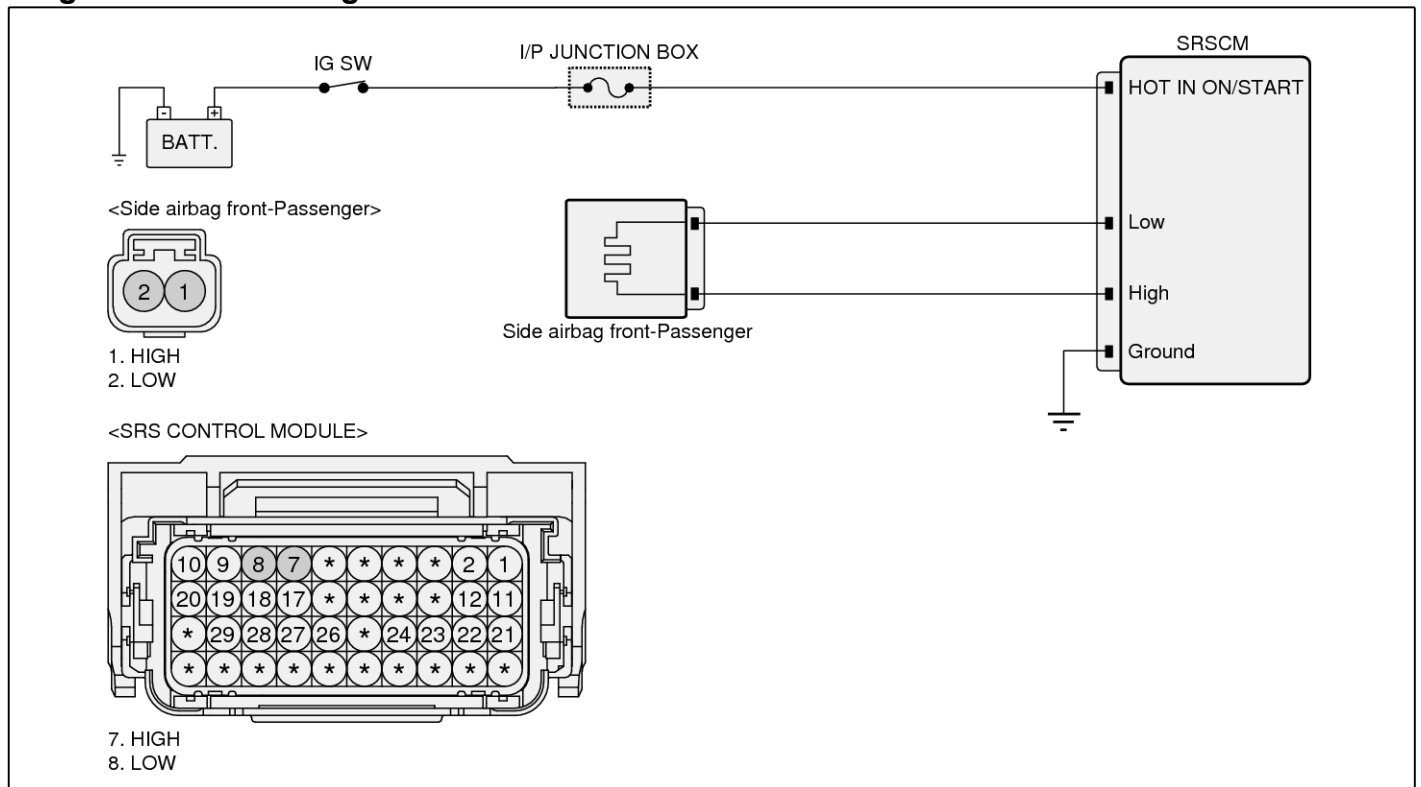
Specification

Test Condition	Resistance
Ignition ON	$1.4\Omega \leq \text{Squib resistance} \leq 6.4\Omega$

SRSCM

RT-119

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9508L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9633L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.

Thoroughly check shorting bar/horting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

RT-120

Restraint

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Squib Circuit Inspection" procedure.

Squib Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect (-) terminal cable from battery and wait for 1 minutes or more.
3. Disconnect PSAB module and connect the dummy (0957A-38200) and dummy adapter (0957A-3F000) to main harness connector.

NOTICE

If dummy and dummy adaptor are not able to be prepared, use a known-good PSAB or 2Ω resistor.

4. Connect (-) terminal cable to battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and wait for 30 seconds or more.
5. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC) and clear DTC with scantool and diagnose again.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good PSAB assembly, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace PSAB and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect PSAB connector and SRSCM main harness connector.
4. Measure resistance between terminal "Low" and "High" of the PSAB harness connector.

Specification : approx. 1 Ω below

5. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

SRSCM

RT-121

B1384 Side Airbag Front-Passenger Resistance Circuit Short to Ground

General Description

Side Airbag (hereinafter referred to SAB) located in driver and passenger seat protects passenger's head and shoulder. SAB is consist of air bag and inflator.

Air bag reduces impact of collision by fillied up gas.

Inflator keeps gas and uses it to deploy air bag on collision.

CAUTION

Never measure resistance of SAB directly, Current of measuring device may cause unexpected air bag deploy.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1384 if there is a short to ground in PSAB harness.

*In this case, SRSCM checks if there's any fault in circuit by sending current for a while.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Voltage	• Short to ground in PSAB harness. • Poor connection of connected part. • Faulty PSAB. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• PSAB Squib line Voltage is < 0.9V	
Diagnostic Time	Qualificati-on	• More than 2.5s (250ms x 10)	
	De-Qualifi-cation	• More than 5s	

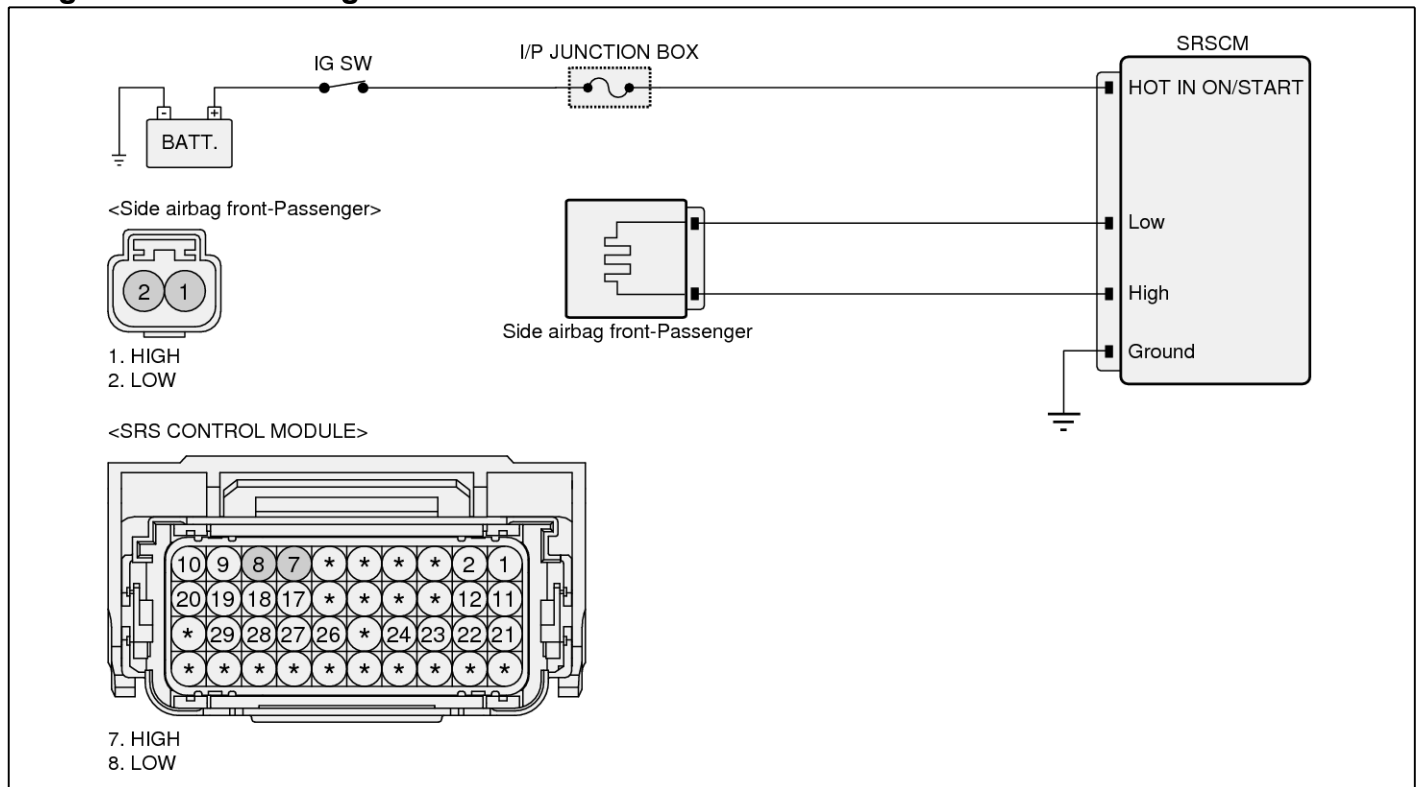
Specification

Test Condition	Voltage
Ignition ON	$0.9V \leq \text{Squib line Voltage} \leq 2.9V$

RT-122

Restraint

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9508L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9634L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.

Thoroughly check shorting bar/horting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Squib Circuit Inspection" procedure.

Squib Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect (-) terminal cable from battery and wait for 1 minutes or more.
3. Disconnect PSAB module and connect the dummy (0957A-38200) and dummy adapter (0957A-3F000) to main harness connector.

NOTICE

If dummy and dummy adaptor are not able to be prepared, use a known-good PSAB or 2Ω resistor.

4. Connect (-) terminal cable to battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and wait for 30 seconds or more.
5. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC) and clear DTC with scantool and diagnose again.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good PSAB assembly, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace PSAB and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect PSAB connector and SRSCM main harness connector.
4. Measure resistance between terminal "Low" or "High" of the PSAB harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : ∞

5. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

RT-124

Restraint

B1385 Side Airbag Front-Passenger Resistance Circuit Short to Battery

General Description

Side Airbag (hereinafter referred to SAB) located in driver and passenger seat protects passenger's head and shoulder. SAB is consist of air bag and inflator.

Air bag reduces impact of collision by filled up gas.

Inflator keeps gas and uses it to deploy air bag on collision.

CAUTION

Never measure resistance of SAB directly, Current of measuring device may cause unexpected air bag deploy.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1385 if there is a short to power in PSAB harness.

*In this case, SRSCM checks if there's any fault in circuit by sending current for a while.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Voltage	• Short to power in PSAB harness. • Poor connection of connected part. • Faulty PSAB. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• PSAB Squib line voltage is > 2.9V	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• More than 2.5s (250ms x 10)	
	De-Qualification	• More than 5s	

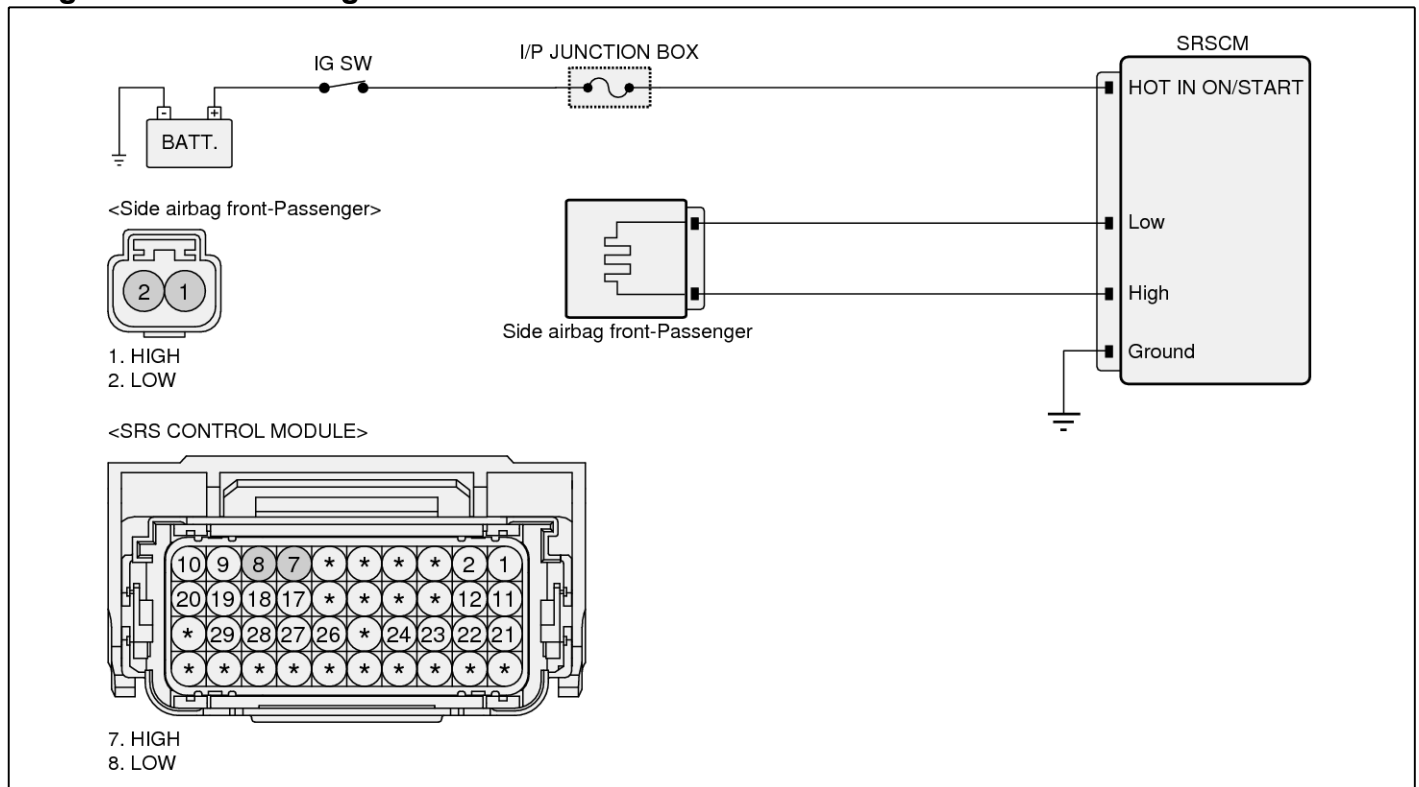
Specification

Test Condition	Voltage
Ignition ON	$0.9V \leq \text{Squib line Voltage} \leq 2.9V$

SRSCM

RT-125

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9508L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9635L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.

Thoroughly check shorting bar/horting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

RT-126

Restraint

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Squib Circuit Inspection" procedure.

Squib Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect (-) terminal cable from battery and wait for 1 minutes or more.
3. Disconnect PSAB module and connect the dummy (0957A-38200) and dummy adapter (0957A-3F000) to main harness connector.

NOTICE

If dummy and dummy adaptor are not able to be prepared, use a known-good PSAB or 2Ω resistor.

4. Connect (-) terminal cable to battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and wait for 30 seconds or more.
5. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC) and clear DTC with scantool and diagnose again.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good PSAB assembly, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace PSAB and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Main harness Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect PSAB connector and SRSCM main harness connector.
4. Connect the battery (-) terminal cable to the battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF".
5. Measure voltage between terminal "Low" or "High" of the PSAB harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : approx. 0V

6. Is the measured voltage within specifications?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

SRSCM

RT-127

B1395 Firing Loops Interconnection Fault

General Description

Every air bag module has its firing circuit that ignites powder to deploy air bag according to signal of SRSCM.

SRSCM checks every air bag module when ignition "ON". Once any fault is detected, it is erased only by scantool.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1395 if there's any short circuit in harness of every firing circuit to one another.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		Check current(PWM type)	- short circuit in squib harness. - SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		- Squib lines are cross coupled - Make other line sink, and one line $< 0.6V$, then this line is crosscoupled.	
Diagnostic Time	Qualificati-on	More than 2ms x 3	
	De-Qualifi-cation	NA	

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9636L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Check for short between ignition circuits of DAB,PAB,BPT,CAB,SAB. If the condition of harness and component is OK, this fault is caused by SRSCM internal error so replace a known-good SRSCM and then go to "Verification of vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ► Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ► System is performing to specification at this time.

RT-130

Restraint

B1412 SIS(Side Impact Sensor)Rear-Driver Communication error

General Description

Side Impact Sensor(SIS) is located in both side of C pillar detects broad collision.

When SIS delivers collision signal to SRSCM, SRSCM checks if safing sensor located in SRSCM detects collusion. and if both SIS and safing sensor detects collision simultaneously, SRSCM operates side air bag.

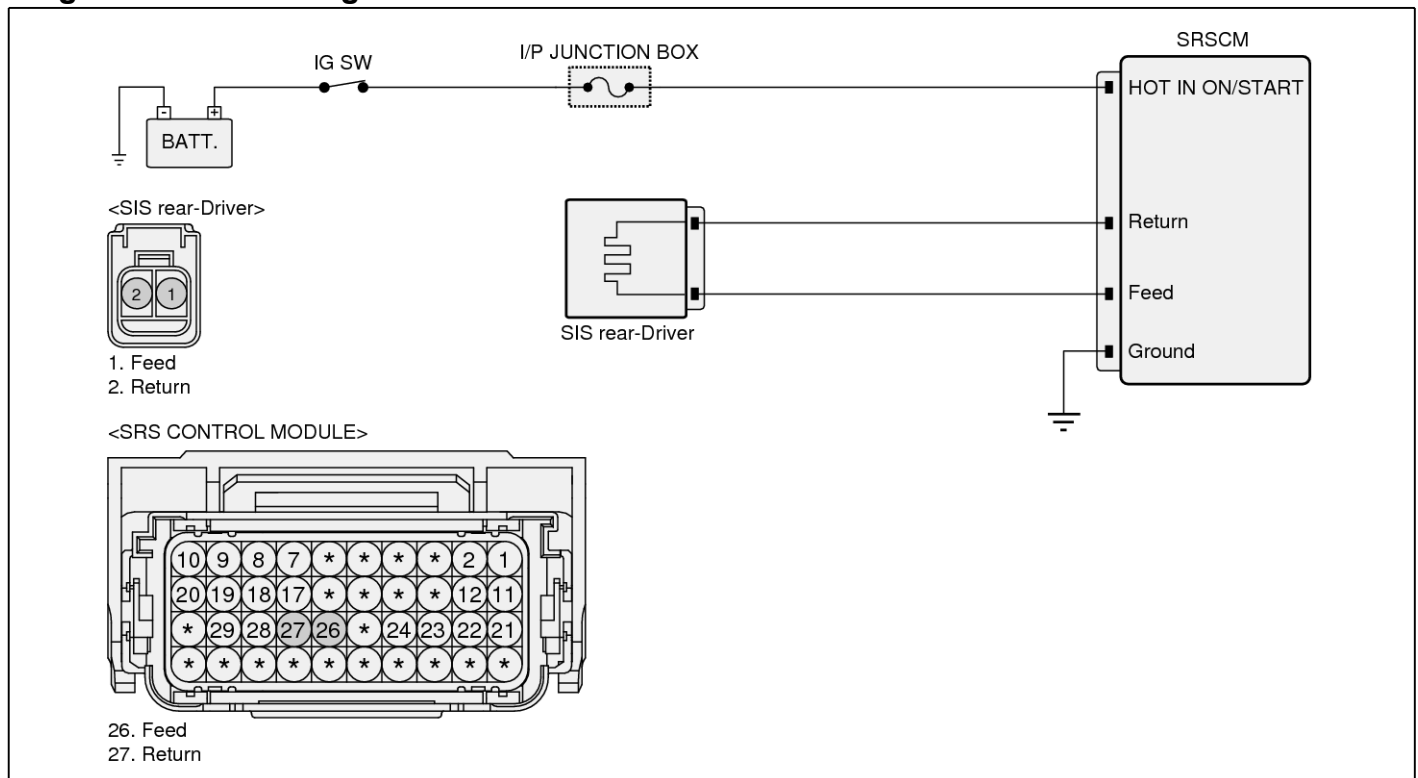
DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1412 if there is any error in communication between RDSIS and SRSCM.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Data	• Faulty RDSIS circuit. • Faulty RDSIS. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• RDSIS no acceleration data, and line voltage is ok (between 3V and 11V)	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• 1 time	
	De-Qualification	• 1 time	

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9510L

SRSCM

RT-131

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9637L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.
Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
▶ Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.
Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.
2. Thoroughly check shorting connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?
YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO ▶ Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

Component Inspection

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
2. Ignition "OFF".
3. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
4. Disconnect RDSIS connector .
5. Substitute the RDSIS and check for proper operation.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good RDSIS, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?
YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.
NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

RT-132

Restraint

B1413 SIS(Side Impact Sensor)Rear-Passenger Communication error

General Description

Side Impact Sensor(SIS) is located in both side of C pillar detects broad collision.

When SIS delivers collision signal to SRSCM, SRSCM checks if safing sensor located in SRSCM detects collusion. and if both SIS and safing sensor detects collision simultaneously, SRSCM operates side air bag.

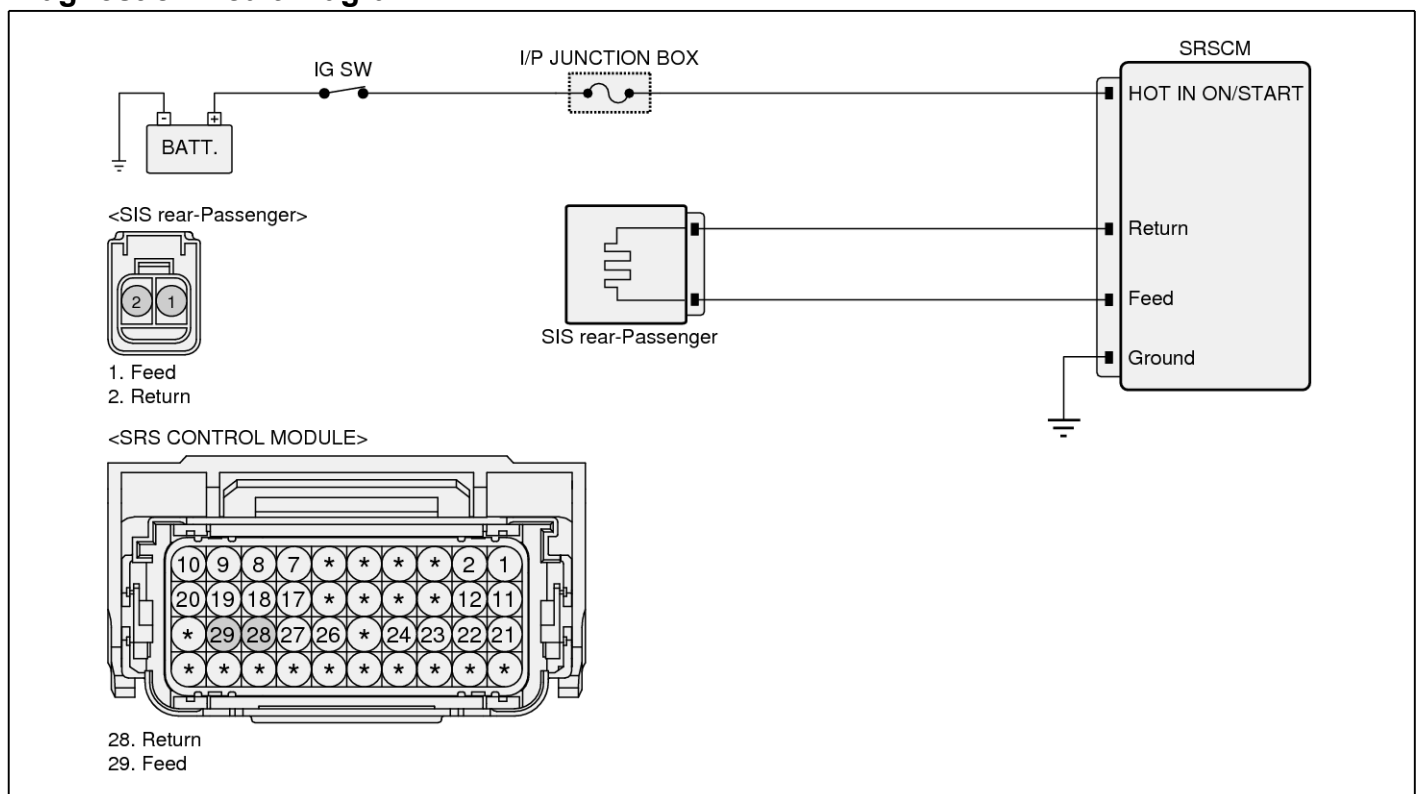
DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1413 if there is any error in communication between RPSIS and SRSCM.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Data	• Faulty RPSIS circuit. • Faulty RPSIS. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• RPSIS no acceleration data, and line voltage is ok (between 3V and 11V)	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• 1 time	
	De-Qualification	• 1 time	

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9511L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9638L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.
Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
▶ Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.
Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.
2. Thoroughly check shorting connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?
YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO ▶ Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

Component Inspection

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
2. Ignition "OFF".
3. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
4. Disconnect RPSIS connector .
5. Substitute the RPSIS and check for proper operation.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good RPSIS, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?
YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.
NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

RT-134

Restraint

B1416 SIS(Side Impact Sensor)Rear-Driver Wrong ID

General Description

Rear Side Impact Sensor(RSIS) is located in both side of C pillar detects broad collision.

When SIS delivers collision signal to SRSCM, SRSCM checks if safing sensor located in SRSCM detects collusion. and if both SIS and safing sensor detects collision simultaneously, SRSCM operates side air bag.

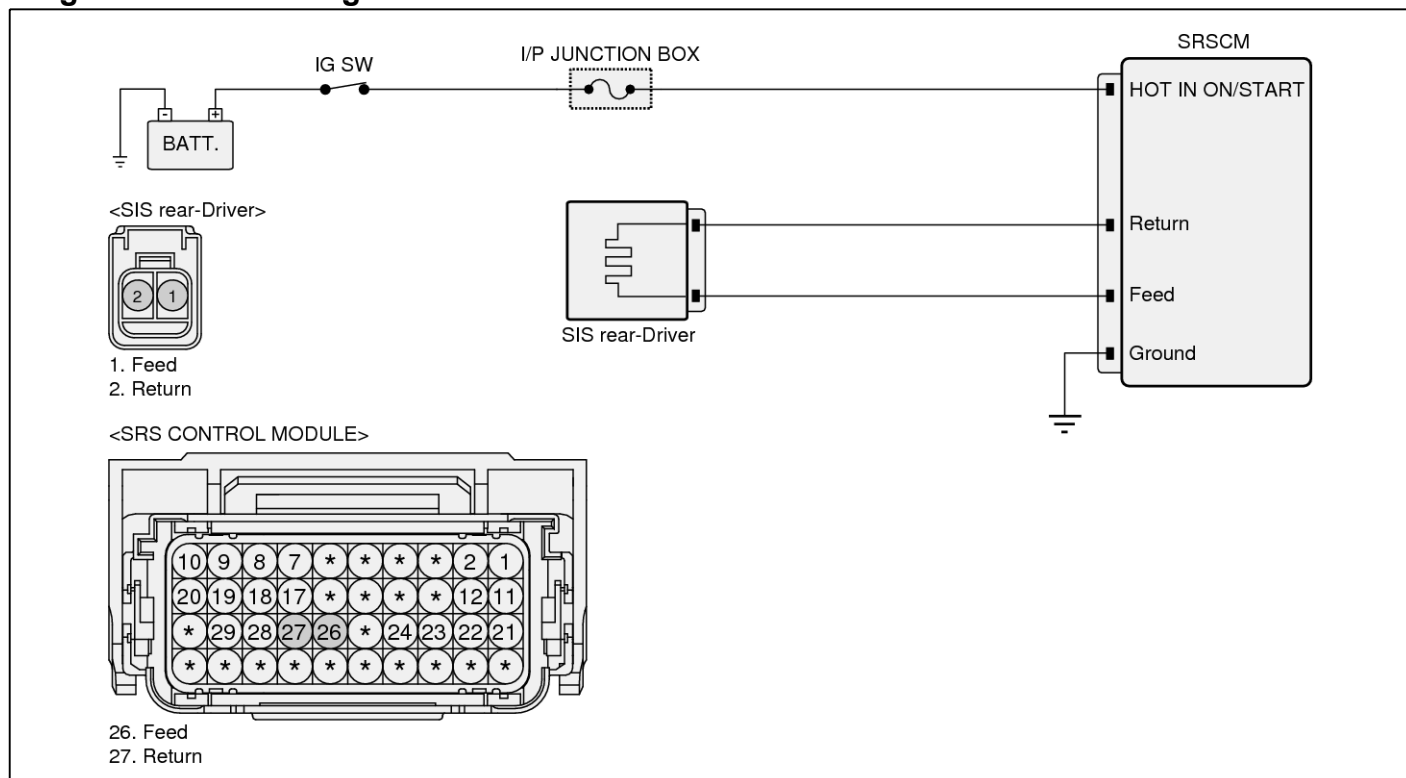
DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1416 if RDSIS with wrong ID is detected.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Data	• RDSIS with wrong ID. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• RDSIS ID is different from programmed in ACU	
Diagnostic Time	Qualificati-on	• 1 time	
	De-Qualifi-cation	• 1 time	

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9510L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9639L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.
Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
▶ Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.
Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.
2. Thoroughly check shorting connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?
YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO ▶ Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

Component Inspection

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
2. Ignition "OFF".
3. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
4. Disconnect RDSIS connector .
5. Substitute the RDSIS and check for proper operation.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good RDSIS, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?
YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.
NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

RT-136

Restraint

B1417 SIS(Side Impact Sensor)Rear-Passenger Wrong ID

General Description

Rear Side Impact Sensor(RSIS) is located in both side of C pillar detects broad collision.

When SIS delivers collision signal to SRSCM, SRSCM checks if safing sensor located in SRSCM detects collusion. and if both SIS and safing sensor detects collision simultaneously, SRSCM operates side air bag.

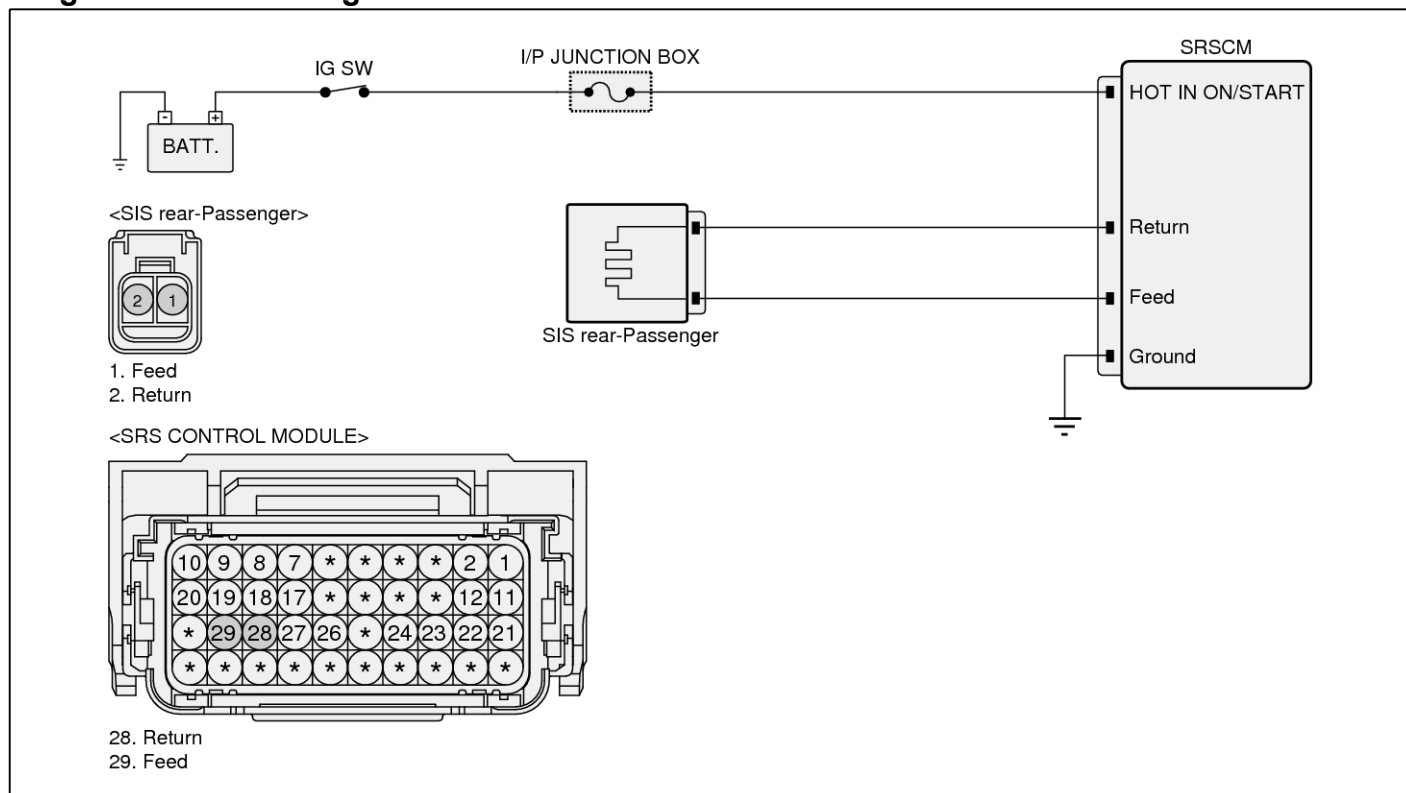
DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1417 if RPSIS with wrong ID is detected.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Data	• RPSIS with wrong ID. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• RPSIS ID is different from programmed in ACU	
Diagnostic Time	Qualificati-on	• 1 time	
	De-Qualifi-cation	• 1 time	

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9511L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9640L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.
Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
▶ Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.
Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.
2. Thoroughly check shorting connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?
YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO ▶ Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

Component Inspection

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
2. Ignition "OFF".
3. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
4. Disconnect RPSIS connector .
5. Substitute the RPSIS and check for proper operation.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good RPSIS, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?
YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.
NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

RT-138

Restraint

B1418 SIS(Side Impact Sensor)Rear-Driver Defect

General Description

Side Impact Sensor(SIS) is located in both side of C pillar detects broad collision.

When SIS delivers collision signal to SRSCM, SRSCM checks if safing sensor located in SRSCM detects collusion. and if both SIS and safing sensor detects collision simultaneously, SRSCM operates side air bag.

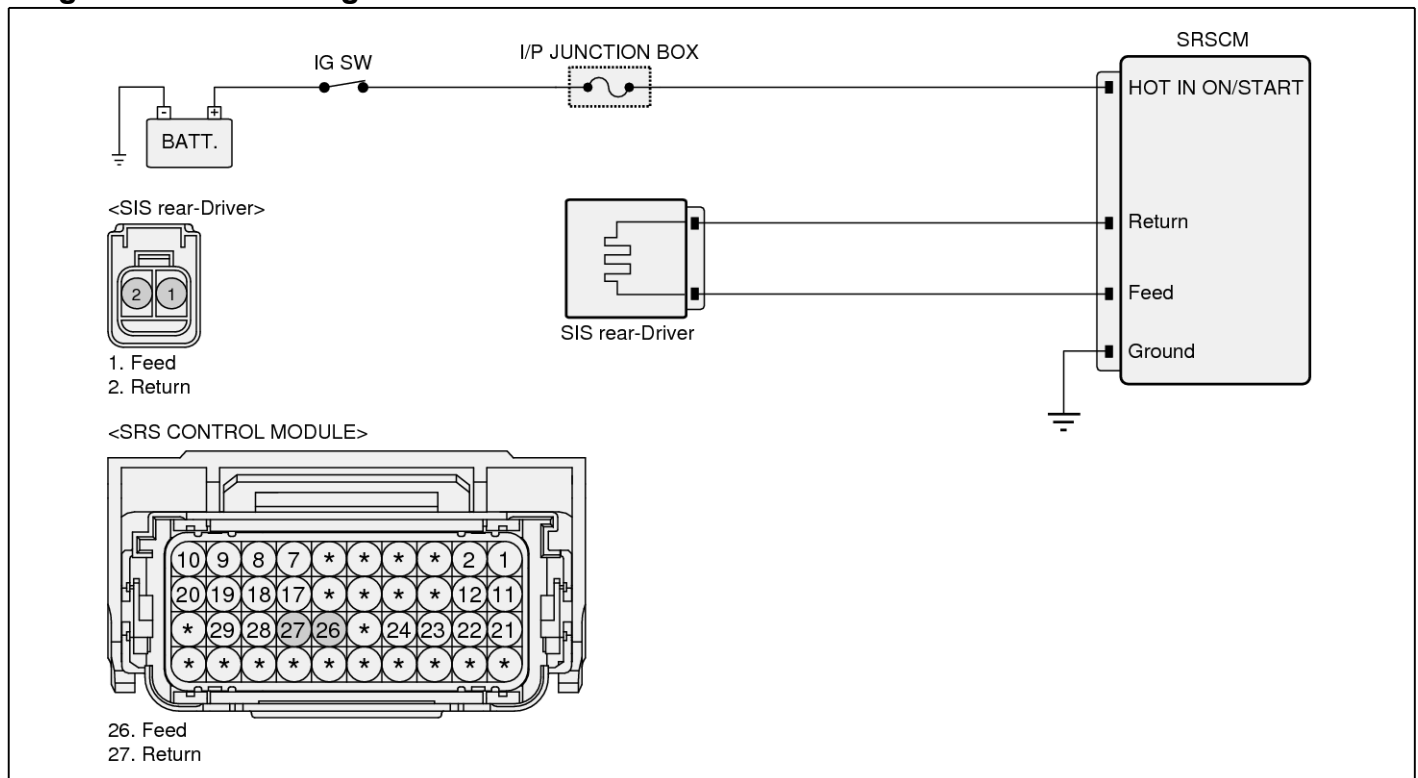
DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1418 if there is any error in communication between RDSIS and SRSCM.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		Check Data	- Faulty RDSIS circuit. - Faulty RDSIS. - Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		- RDSIS send defect code - RDSIS output is not expected value	
Diagnostic Time	Qualificati-on	- Ini(Start Up):100 ms (500μs x 20) - Steady:1s (10ms x 100)	
	De-Qualifi-cation	- Ini(Start Up):IGN off -> on - Steady:IGN off -> on	

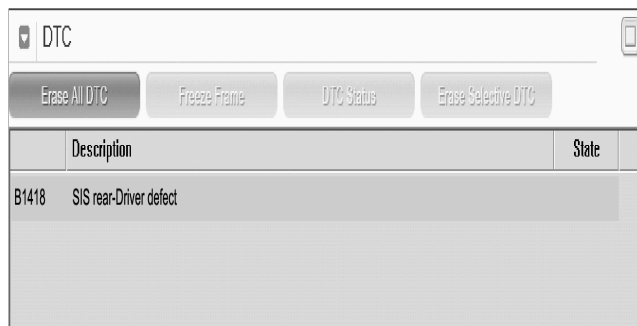
Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9510L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9641L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.
Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
▶ Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.
Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.
2. Thoroughly check shorting connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?
YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO ▶ Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

Component Inspection

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
2. Ignition "OFF".
3. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
4. Disconnect RDSIS connector .
5. Substitute the RDSIS and check for proper operation.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good RDSIS, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?
YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.
NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

RT-140

Restraint

B1419 SIS(Side Impact Sensor)Rear-Passenger Defect

General Description

Side Impact Sensor(SIS) is located in both side of C pillar detects broad collision.

When SIS delivers collision signal to SRSCM, SRSCM checks if safing sensor located in SRSCM detects collusion. and if both SIS and safing sensor detects collision simultaneously, SRSCM operates side air bag.

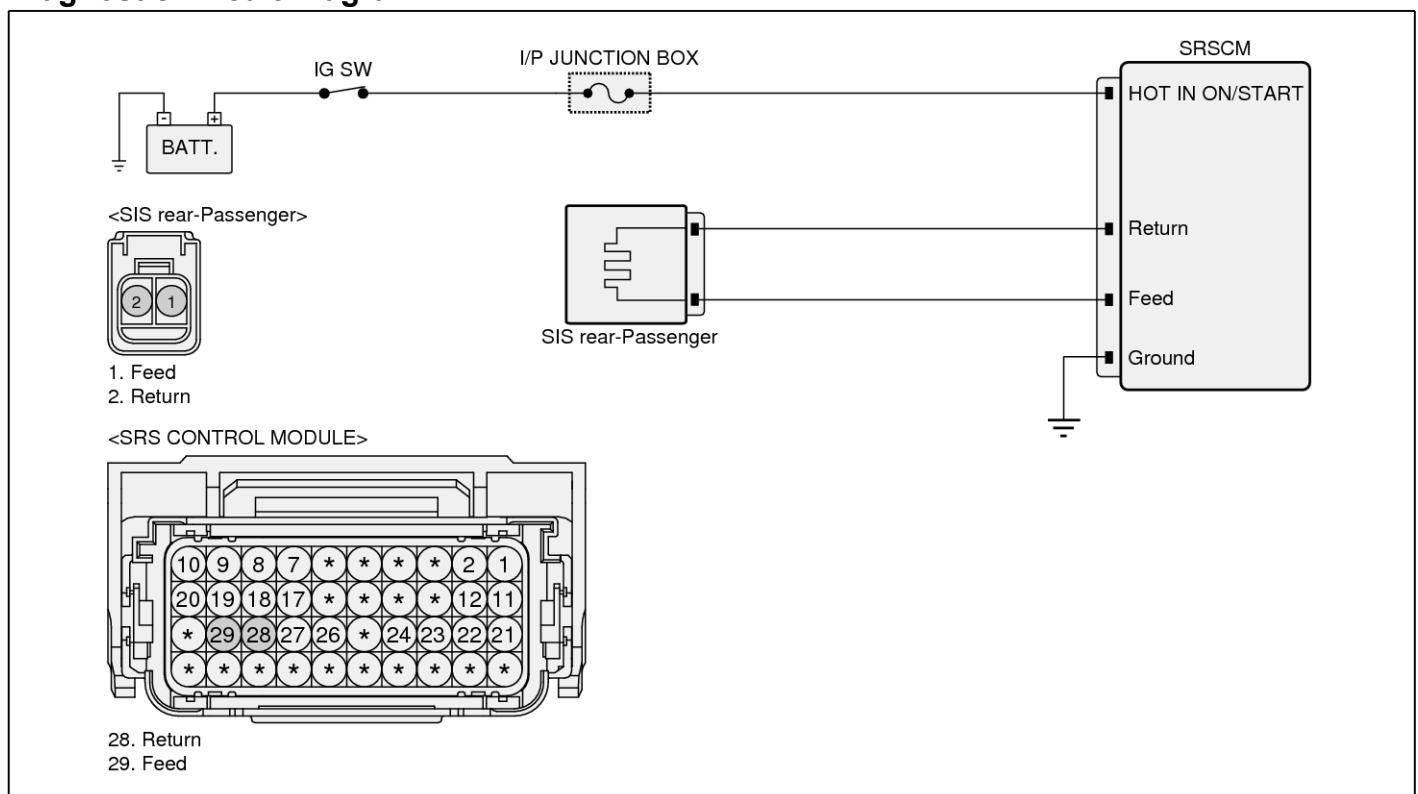
DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1419 if there is any error in communication between RPSIS and SRSCM.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		Check Data	- Faulty RPSIS circuit. - Faulty RPSIS. - Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		- RPSIS send defect code - RPSIS output is not expected value	
Diagnostic Time	Qualificati-on	- Ini(Start Up):100 ms (500μs x 20) - Steady:1s (10ms x 100)	
	De-Qualifi-cation	- Ini(Start Up):IGN off -> on - Steady:IGN off -> on	

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9511L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9642L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.
Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
▶ Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.
Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.
2. Thoroughly check shorting connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?
YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO ▶ Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

Component Inspection

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
2. Ignition "OFF".
3. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
4. Disconnect RPSIS connector .
5. Substitute the RPSIS and check for proper operation.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good RPSIS, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?
YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.
NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

RT-142

Restraint

B1451 SIS(Side Impact Sensor)rear-Driver Circuit Short to Ground

General Description

Rear Side Impact Sensor(RSIS) is located in both side of rear seat back panel detects rear side collision.

When RSIS delivers collision signal to SRSCM, SRSCM checks whether safing sensor located in SRSCM detects collusion. and if both RSIS and safing sensor detects collision simultaneously, SRSCM operates rear side air bag.

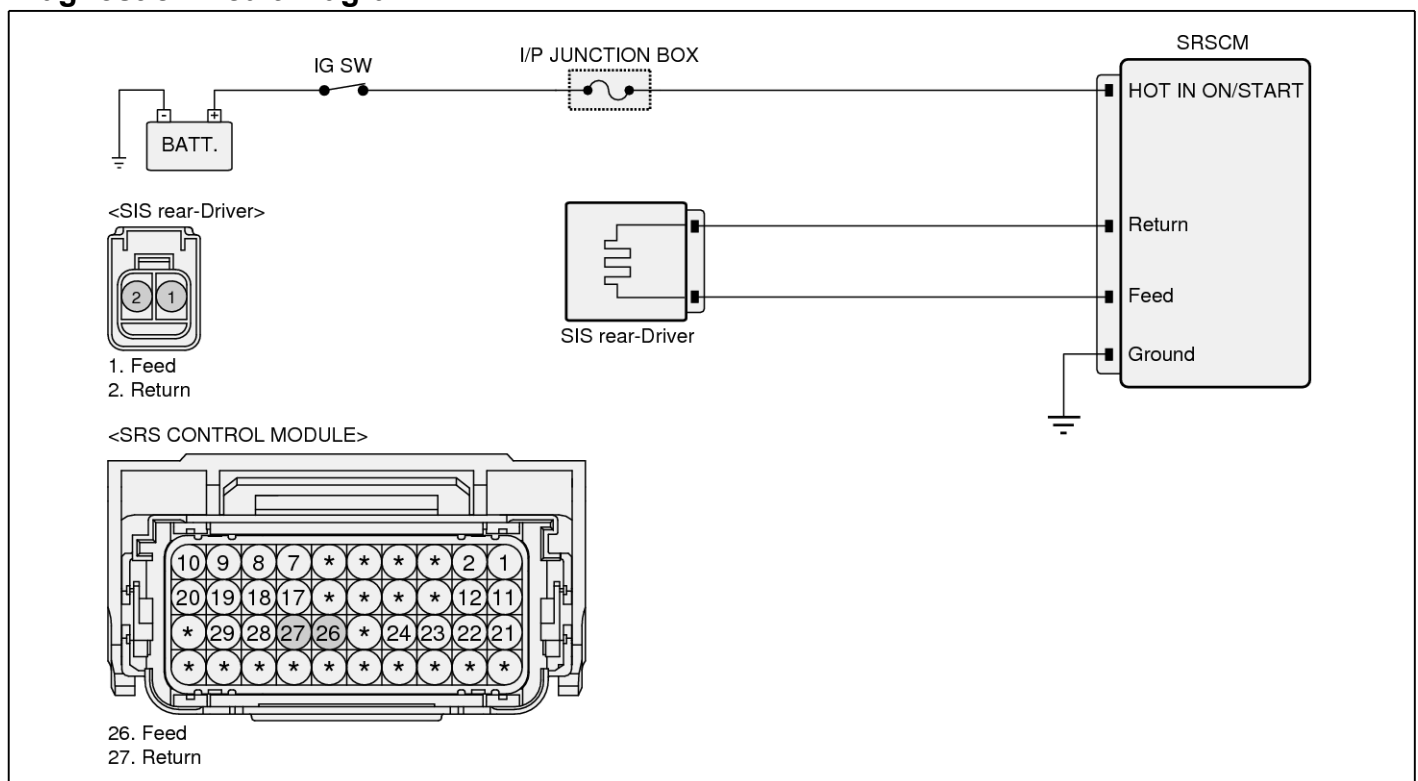
DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1451 if there is a short to ground in RDSIS harness.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check voltage	• Short to ground in RDSIS harness. • Faulty RDSIS. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• RDSIS no acceleration data, and line voltage < 3V	
Diagnostic Time	Qualificati-on	• Ini(Start Up):2.1s (2 times) • Steady:500μs x 8 + 2.2s (2 times)	
	De-Qualifi-cation	• Ini(Start Up):1 time • Steady:1 time	

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9510L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9643L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.
Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
▶ Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.
Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.
2. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?
YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect RDSIS connector and SRSCM main harness connector.
4. Measure resistance between terminal "1" or "2" of the DSIS harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : ∞

5. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES ▶ Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Component Inspection

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
2. Ignition "OFF".
3. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
4. Disconnect RDSIS connector .
5. Substitute the RDSIS and check for proper operation.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good RDSIS, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace RDSIS and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

Refer to DTC B1101 : Battery Voltage High.

RT-144

Restraint

B1452 SIS(Side Impact Sensor)Rear-Driver Circuit Short to Battery

General Description

Rear Side Impact Sensor(RSIS) is located in both side of rear seat back panel detects rear side collision.

When RSIS delivers collision signal to SRSCM, SRSCM checks whether safing sensor located in SRSCM detects collusion. and if both RSIS and safing sensor detects collision simultaneously, SRSCM operates rear side air bag.

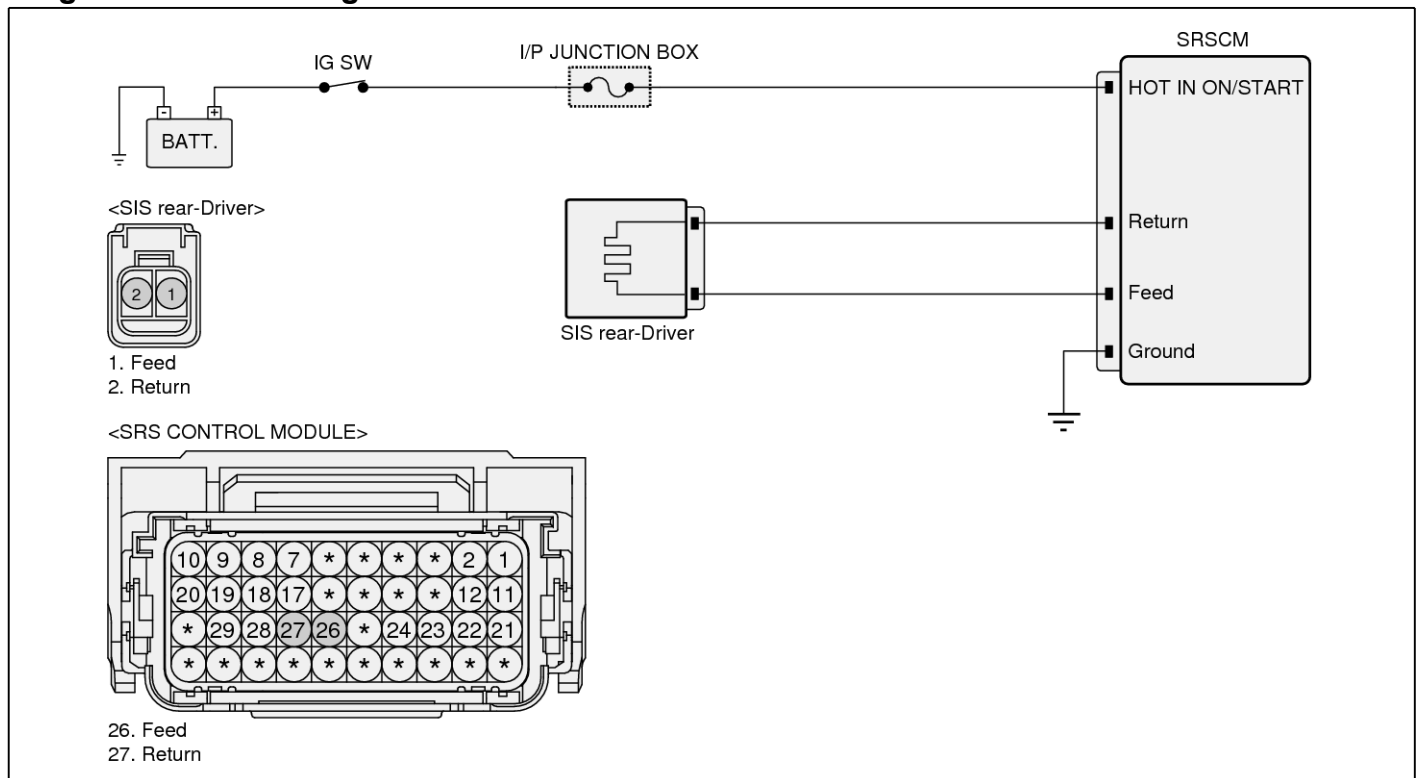
DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1452 if there is short to power harness in RDSIS harness.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check voltage	• Short to power in RDSIS harness. • Faulty RDSIS. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• RDSIS no acceleration data, and line voltage >11V	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• Ini(Start Up):0.2s (100ms x 2) • Steady:500μs x 8 + 2.2s (2 times)	
	De-Qualification	• Ini(Start Up):1 time • Steady:1 time	

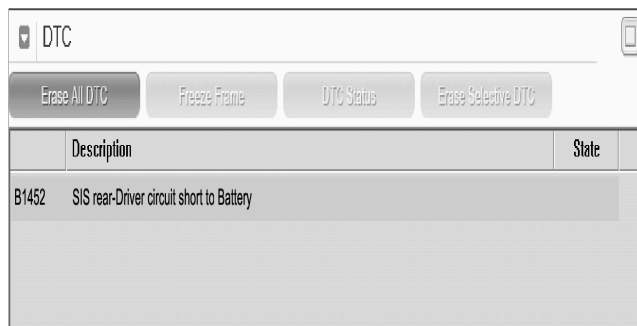
Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9510L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9644L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.
Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
▶ Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.
Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.
2. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?
YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect RDSIS connector and SRSCM main harness connector.
4. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF"
5. Measure voltage between terminal "1" or "2" of the RDSIS harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : 0V

6. Is the measured Voltage within specifications?

YES ▶ Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Component Inspection

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
2. Ignition "OFF".
3. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
4. Disconnect RDSIS connector .
5. Substitute the RDSIS and check for proper operation.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good RDSIS, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace RDSIS and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

Refer to DTC B1101 : Battery Voltage High.

RT-146

Restraint

B1454 SIS(Side Impact Sensor)Rear-Passenger Circuit Short to Ground

General Description

Rear Side Impact Sensor(RSIS) is located in both side of rear seat back panel detects rear side collision.

When RSIS delivers collision signal to SRSCM, SRSCM checks whether safing sensor located in SRSCM detects collusion. and if both RSIS and safing sensor detects collision simultaneously, SRSCM operates rear side air bag.

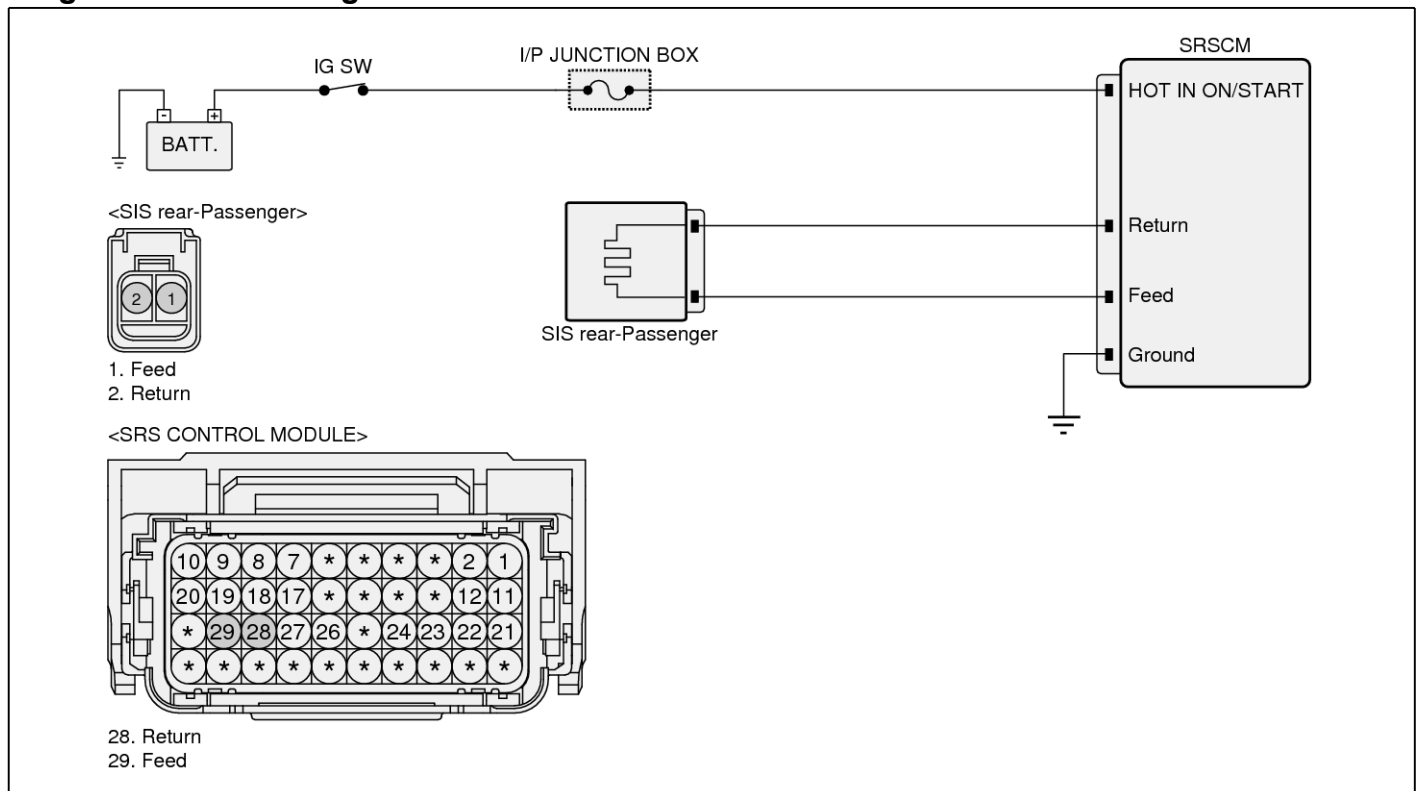
DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1454 if there is a short to ground in RPSIS harness.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check voltage	• Short to ground in RPSIS harness. • Faulty RPSIS. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• RPSIS no acceleration data, and line voltage < 3V	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• Ini(Start Up):2.1s (2 times) • Steady:500μs x 8 + 2.2s (2 times)	
	De-Qualification	• Ini(Start Up):1 time • Steady:1 time	

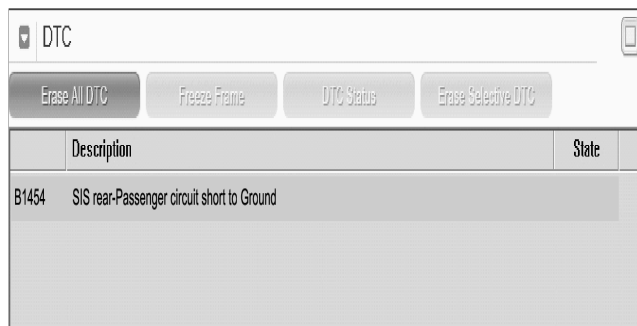
Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9511L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9645L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.
Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
▶ Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.
Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.
2. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?
YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect RPSIS connector and SRSCM main harness connector.
4. Measure resistance between terminal "1" or "2" of the RPSIS harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : ∞

5. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES ▶ Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Component Inspection

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
2. Ignition "OFF".
3. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
4. Disconnect RPSIS connector .
5. Substitute the RPSIS and check for proper operation.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good RPSIS, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace RPSIS and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

Refer to DTC B1101 : Battery Voltage High.

RT-148

Restraint

B1455 SIS(Side Impact Sensor)Rear-Passenger Circuit Short to Battery

General Description

Rear Side Impact Sensor(RSIS) is located in both side of rear seat back panel detects rear side collision.

When RSIS delivers collision signal to SRSCM, SRSCM checks whether safing sensor located in SRSCM detects collusion. and if both RSIS and safing sensor detects collision simultaneously, SRSCM operates rear side air bag.

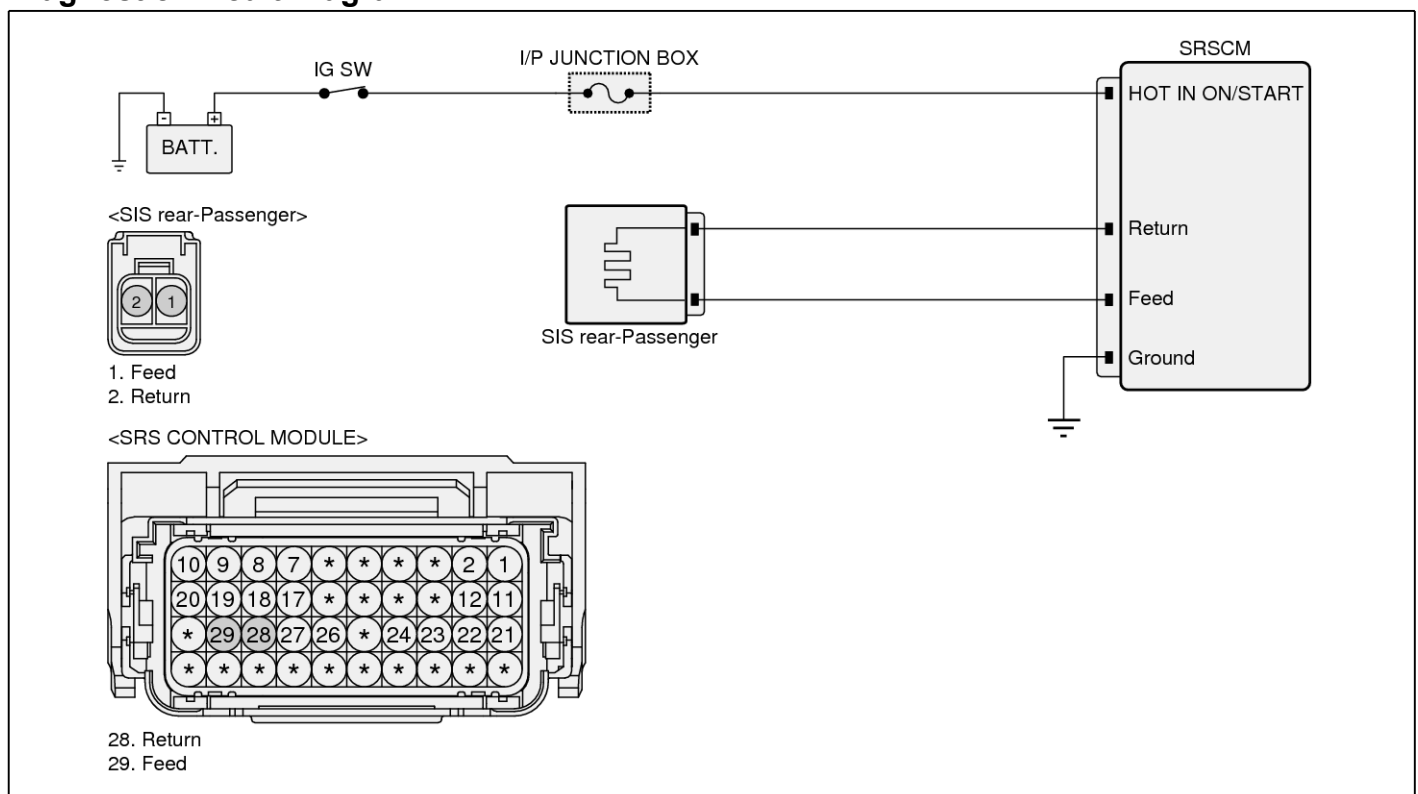
DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1455 if there is short to power harness in RPSIS harness.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check voltage	• Short to power in RPSIS harness. • Faulty RPSIS. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• RPSIS no acceleration data, and line voltage >11V	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• Ini(Start Up):0.2s (100ms x 2) • Steady:500μs x 8 + 2.2s (2 times)	
	De-Qualification	• Ini(Start Up):1 time • Steady:1 time	

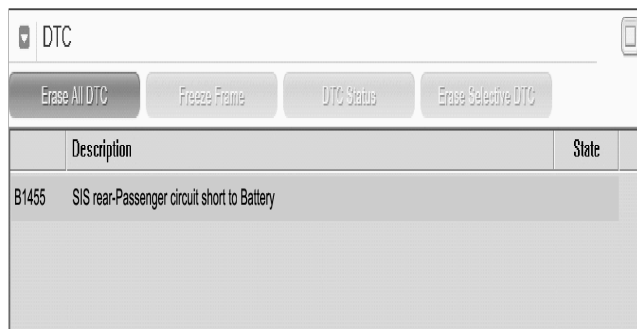
Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9511L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9646L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.
Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
▶ Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.
Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.
2. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?
YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect RPSIS connector and SRSCM main harness connector.
4. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF"
5. Measure voltage between terminal "1" or "2" of the RPSIS harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : 0V

6. Is the measured Voltage within specifications?

YES ▶ Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Component Inspection

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
2. Ignition "OFF".
3. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
4. Disconnect RPSIS connector .
5. Substitute the RPSIS and check for proper operation.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good RPSIS, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace RPSIS and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

Refer to DTC B1101 : Battery Voltage High.

RT-150

Restraint

B1473 Inflatable Curtain Airbag Front-Driver Resistance too High

General Description

Curtain Airbag (hereinafter referred to CAB) is located at driver and passenger side of headliner

It protects passenger's head and shoulder from fragments of glass or something sharpen caused by overturn.

CAB is consist of air bag and inflator.

Air bag reduces impact of collision by filled up gas.

Inflator keeps gas and uses it to deploy air bag on collision.

CAUTION

Never measure resistance of CAB directly, Current of measuring device may cause unexpected air bag deploy.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1473 if the measured resistance value of DCAB circuit is more than the threshold value.

*In this case, SRSCM checks if there's any fault in circuit by sending current for a while.

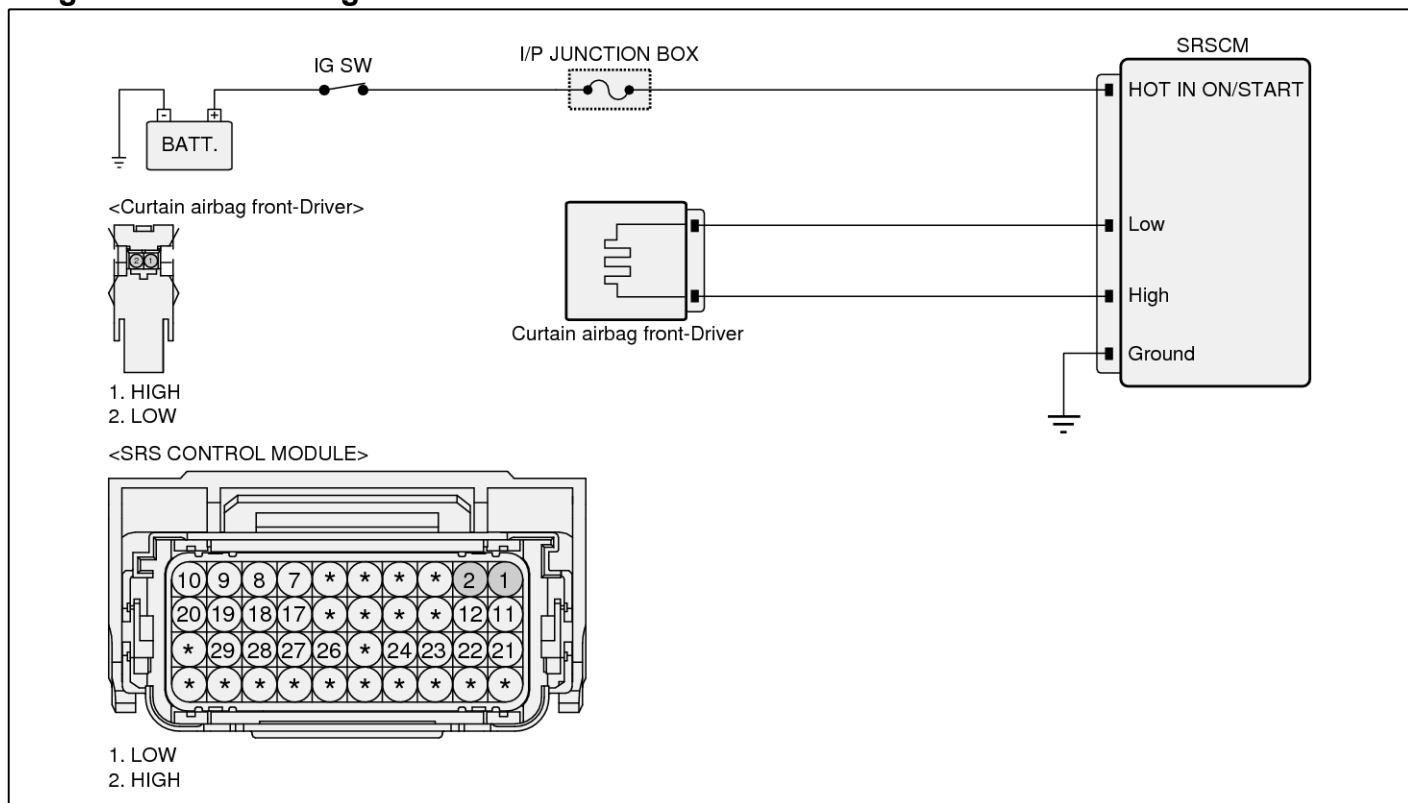
DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Resistance	• Poor connection of connected part. • Poor connection between shorting bar and release pin. • Faulty DCAB. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• DCAB resistance $\geq 6.4\Omega$	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• More than 2.5s (250ms x 10)	
	De-Qualification	• More than 5s	

SRSCM

RT-151

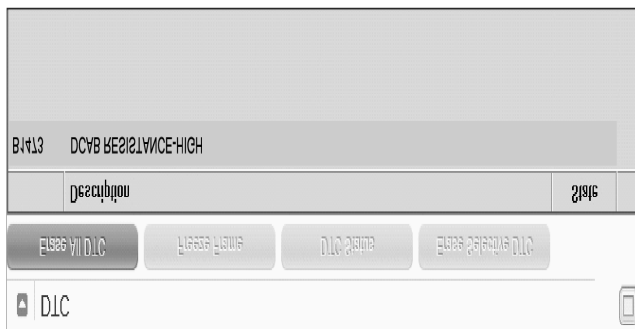
Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9512L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9647L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.

Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Squib Circuit Inspection" procedure.

Squib Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect (-) terminal cable from battery and wait for 1 minutes or more.
3. Disconnect DCAB module and connect the dummy (0957A-38200) and dummy adapter (0957A-2G000) to main harness connector.

NOTICE

If dummy and dummy adaptor are not able to be prepared, use a known-good DCAB or 2Ω resistor.

4. Connect (-) terminal cable to battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and wait for 30 seconds or more.
5. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC) and clear DTC with scantool and diagnose again.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good DCAB assembly, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace DCAB and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect DCAB connector and SRSCM main harness connector.
4. Measure resistance between terminal "Low" and "High" of the DCAB harness connector.

Specification : approx. 1 Ω below

5. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

B1474 Inflatable Curtain Airbag Front-Driver Resistance too Low

General Description

Curtain Airbag (hereinafter referred to CAB) is located at driver and passenger side of headliner

It protects passenger's head and shoulder from fragments of glass or something sharpen caused by overturn.

CAB is consist of air bag and inflator.

Air bag reduces impact of collision by filled up gas.

Inflator keeps gas and uses it to deploy air bag on collision.

⚠CAUTION

Never measure resistance of CAB directly, Current of measuring device may cause unexpected air bag deploy.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1474 if the measured resistance value of DCAB circuit is less than the threshold value.

*In this case, SRSCM checks if there's any fault in circuit by sending current for a while.

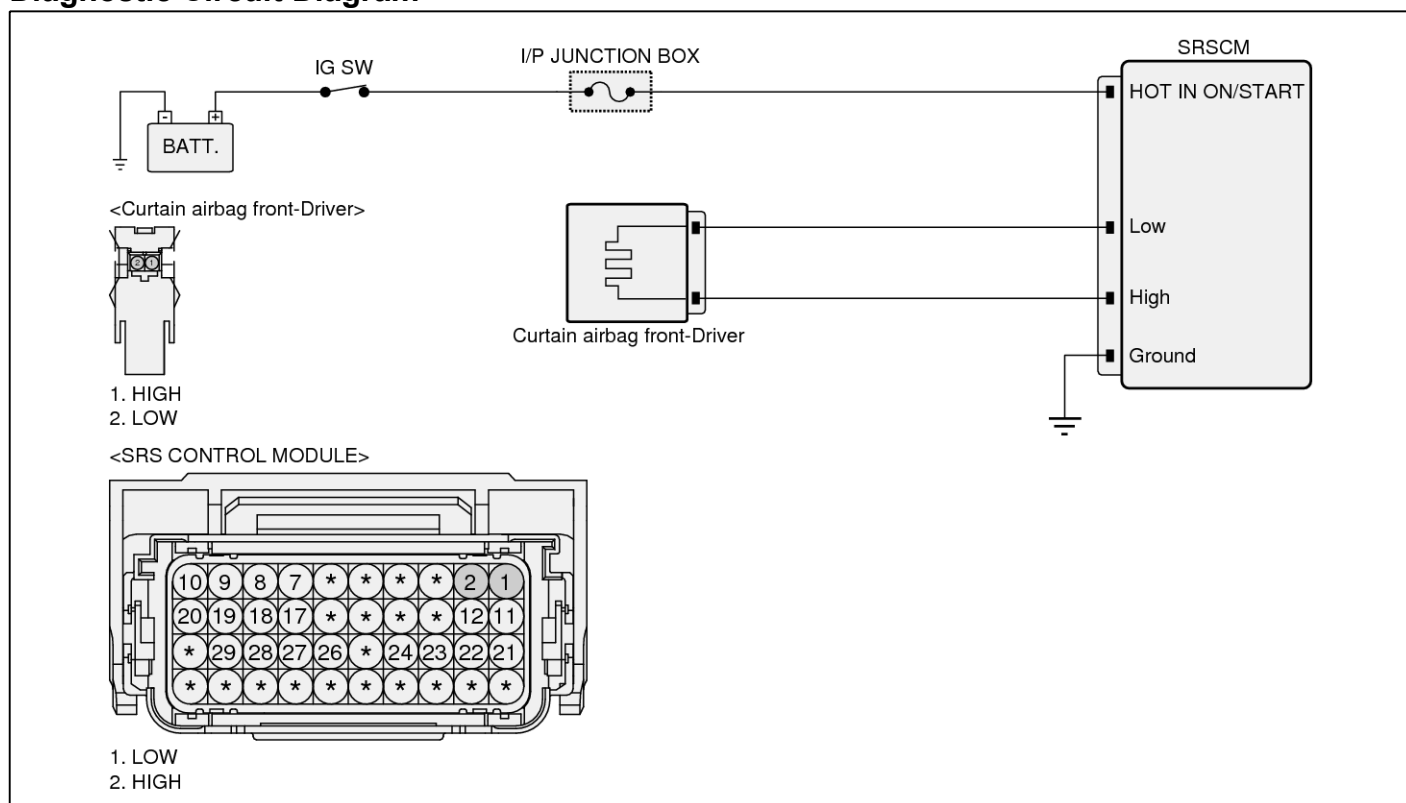
DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Resistance	• Poor connection of connected part. • Poor connection between shorting bar and release pin. • Faulty DCAB. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• DCAB resistance $\leq 1.4\Omega$	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• More than 2.5s (250ms x 10)	
	De-Qualification	• More than 5s	

RT-154

Restraint

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9512L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9648L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.

Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Squib Circuit Inspection" procedure.

Squib Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect (-) terminal cable from battery and wait for 1 minutes or more.
3. Disconnect DCAB module and connect the dummy (0957A-38200) and dummy adapter (0957A-2G000) to main harness connector.

NOTICE

If dummy and dummy adaptor are not able to be prepared, use a known-good DCAB or 2Ω resistor.

4. Connect (-) terminal cable to battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and wait for 30 seconds or more.
5. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC) and clear DTC with scantool and diagnose again.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good DCAB assembly, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace DCAB and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect DCAB connector and SRSCM main harness connector.
4. Measure resistance between terminal "Low" and "High" of the DCAB harness connector.

Specification : approx. 1 Ω below

5. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

RT-156

Restraint

B1475 Inflatable Curtain Airbag Front-Driver Resistance Circuit Short to Ground

General Description

Curtain Airbag (hereinafter referred to CAB) is located at driver and passenger side of headliner

It protects passenger's head and shoulder from fragments of glass or something sharpen caused by overturn.

CAB is consist of air bag and inflator.

Air bag reduces impact of collision by filled up gas.

Inflator keeps gas and uses it to deploy air bag on collision.

CAUTION

Never measure resistance of CAB directly, Current of measuring device may cause unexpected air bag deploy.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1475 if there is a short to ground in DCAB harness.

*In this case, SRSCM checks if there's any fault in circuit by sending current for a while.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Voltage	• Short to ground in DCAB harness. • Poor connection of connected part. • Poor connection between shorting bar and release pin. • Faulty DCAB. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• DCAB Squib line Voltage is < 0.9V	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• More than 2.5s (250ms x 10)	
	De-Qualification	• More than 5s	

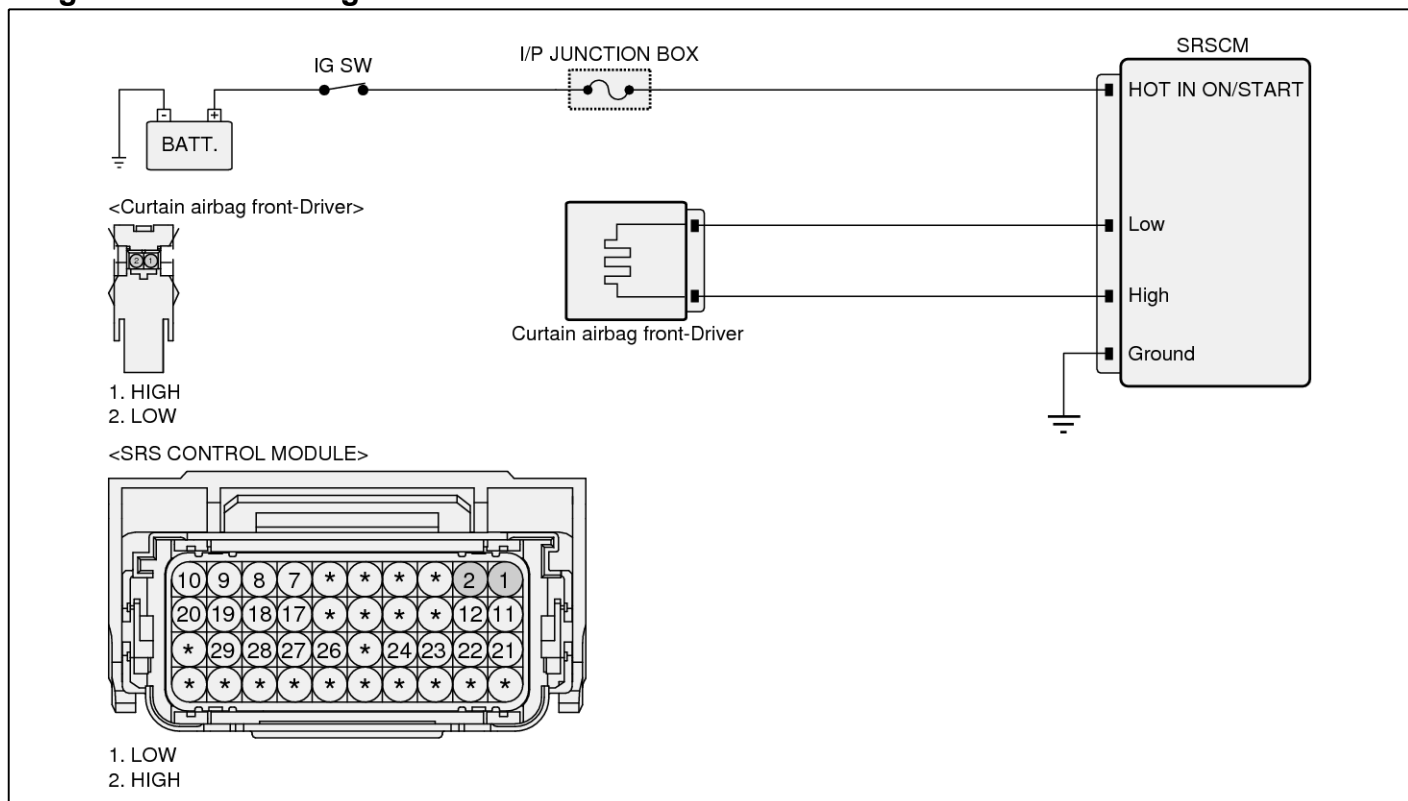
Specification

Test Condition	Voltage
Ignition ON	$0.9V \leq \text{Squib line Voltage} \leq 2.9V$

SRSCM

RT-157

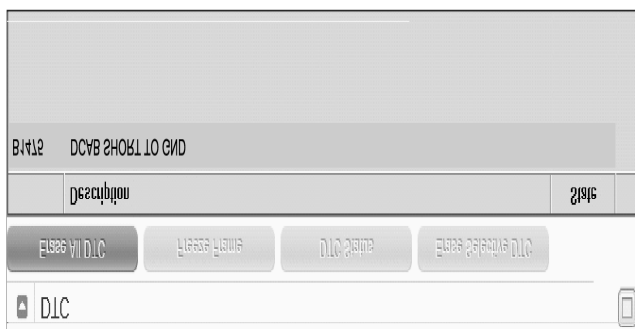
Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9512L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9649L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.

Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Squib Circuit Inspection" procedure.

Squib Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF"
2. Disconnect (-) terminal cable from battery and wait for 1 minutes or more.
3. Disconnect DCAB module and connect the dummy (0957A-38200) and dummy adapter (0957A-2G000) to main harness connector.

NOTICE

If dummy and dummy adaptor are not able to be prepared, use a known-good DCAB or 2Ω resistor.

4. Connect (-) terminal cable to battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and wait for 30 seconds or more.
5. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC) and clear DTC with scantool and diagnose again.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good DCAB assembly, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace DCAB and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Main harness Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect DCAB connector and SRSCM main harness connector.
4. Measure resistance between terminal "Low" or "High" of the DCAB harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : ∞

5. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

SRSCM

RT-159

B1476 Inflatable Curtain Airbag Front-Driver Resistance Circuit Short to Battery

General Description

Curtain Airbag (hereinafter referred to CAB) is located at driver and passenger side of headliner

It protects passenger's head and shoulder from fragments of glass or something sharpen caused by overturn.

CAB is consist of air bag and inflator.

Air bag reduces impact of collision by filled up gas.

Inflator keeps gas and uses it to deploy air bag on collision.

CAUTION

Never measure resistance of CAB directly, Current of measuring device may cause unexpected air bag deploy.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1476 if there is a short to power in DCAB harness.

*In this case, SRSCM checks if there's any fault in circuit by sending current for a while.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Voltage	• Short to power in DCAB harness. • Poor connection of connected part. • Poor connection between shorting bar and release pin. • Faulty DCAB. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• DCAB Squib line voltage is > 2.9V	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• More than 2.5s (250ms x 10)	
	De-Qualification	• More than 5s	

Specification

Test Condition	Voltage
Ignition ON	$0.9V \leq \text{Squib line Voltage} \leq 2.9V$

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Squib Circuit Inspection" procedure.

Squib Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect (-) terminal cable from battery and wait for 1 minutes or more.
3. Disconnect DCAB module and connect the dummy (0957A-38200) and dummy adapter (0957A-2G000) to main harness connector.

NOTICE

If dummy and dummy adaptor are not able to be prepared, use a known-good DCAB or 2Ω resistor.

4. Connect (-) terminal cable to battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and wait for 30 seconds or more.
5. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC) and clear DTC with scantool and diagnose again.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good DCAB assembly, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace DCAB and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect DCAB connector and SRSCM main harness connector.
4. Connect the battery (-) terminal cable to the battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF".
5. Measure voltage between terminal "Low" or "High" of the DCAB harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : approx. 0V

6. Is the measured voltage within specifications?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

RT-162

Restraint

B1477 Inflatable Curtain Airbag Front-Passenger Resistance too High

General Description

Curtain Airbag (hereinafter referred to CAB) is located at driver and passenger side of headliner

It protects passenger's head and shoulder from fragments of glass or something sharpen caused by overturn.

CAB is consist of air bag and inflator.

Air bag reduces impact of collision by filled up gas.

Inflator keeps gas and uses it to deploy air bag on collision.

CAUTION

Never measure resistance of CAB directly, Current of measuring device may cause unexpected air bag deploy.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1477 if the measured resistance value of PCAB circuit is more than the threshold value.

*In this case, SRSCM checks if there's any fault in circuit by sending current for a while.

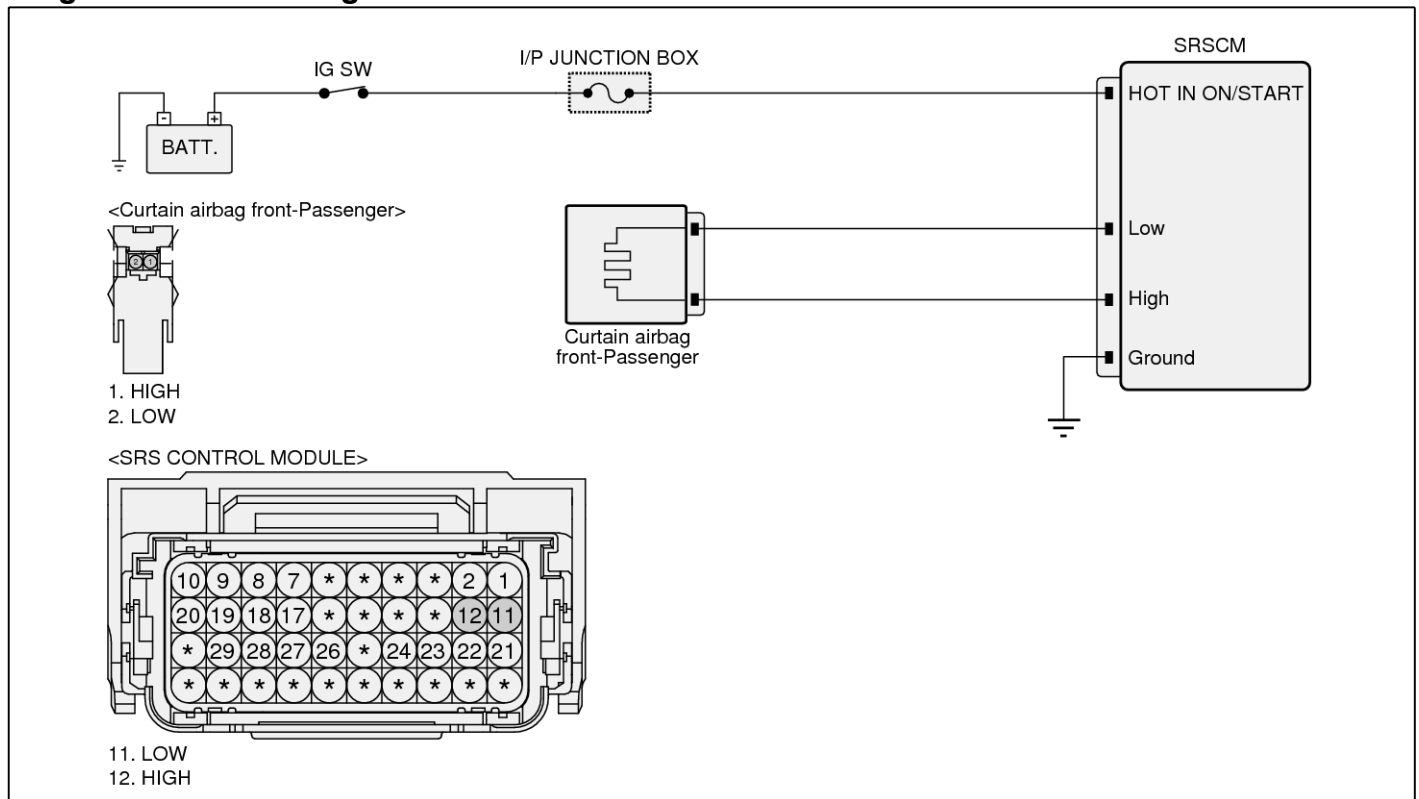
DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Resistance	• Poor connection of connected part. • Poor connection between shorting bar and release pin. • Faulty PCAB. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• PCAB resistance $\geq 6.4\Omega$	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• More than 2.5s (250ms x 10)	
	De-Qualification	• More than 5s	

Specification

Test Condition	Resistance
Ignition ON	$1.4\Omega \leq \text{Squib resistance} \leq 6.4\Omega$

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9513L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9651L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

- YES** ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.
- NO** ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared. Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
- Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Squib Circuit Inspection" procedure.

Squib Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect (-) terminal cable from battery and wait for 1 minutes or more.
3. Disconnect PCAB module and connect the dummy (0957A-38200) and dummy adapter (0957A-2G000) to main harness connector.

NOTICE

If dummy and dummy adaptor are not able to be prepared, use a known-good PCAB or 2Ω resistor.

4. Connect (-) terminal cable to battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and wait for 30 seconds or more.
5. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC) and clear DTC with scantool and diagnose again.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good DCAB assembly, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace DCAB and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect PCAB connector and SRSCM main harness connector.
4. Measure resistance between terminal "Low" and "High" of the PCAB harness connector.

Specification : approx. 1 Ω below

5. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

SRSCM

RT-165

B1478 Inflatable Curtain Airbag Front-Passenger Resistance too Low

General Description

Curtain Airbag (hereinafter referred to CAB) is located at driver and passenger side of headliner

It protects passenger's head and shoulder from fragments of glass or something sharpen caused by overturn.

CAB is consist of air bag and inflator.

Air bag reduces impact of collision by filled up gas.

Inflator keeps gas and uses it to deploy air bag on collision.

CAUTION

Never measure resistance of CAB directly, Current of measuring device may cause unexpected air bag deploy.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1478 if the measured resistance value of PCAB circuit is less than the threshold value.

*In this case, SRSCM checks if there's any fault in circuit by sending current for a while.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Resistance	• Poor connection of connected part. • Poor connection between shorting bar and release pin. • Faulty PCAB. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• PCAB resistance $\leq 1.4\Omega$	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• More than 2.5s (250ms x 10)	
	De-Qualification	• More than 5s	

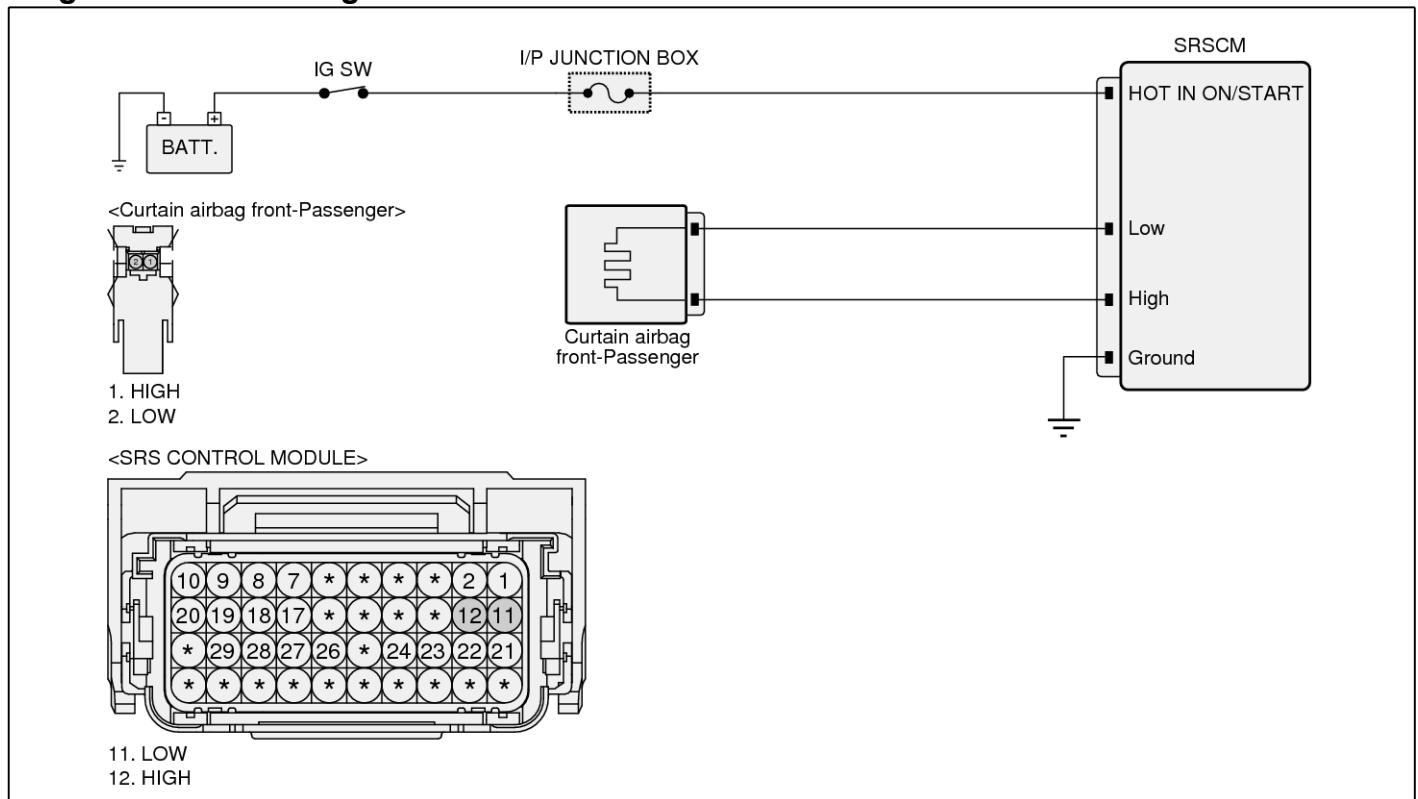
Specification

Test Condition	Resistance
Ignition ON	$1.4\Omega \leq \text{Squib resistance} \leq 6.4\Omega$

RT-166

Restraint

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9513L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9652L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.

Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Squib Circuit Inspection" procedure.

Squib Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect (-) terminal cable from battery and wait for 1 minutes or more.
3. Disconnect PCAB module and connect the dummy (0957A-38200) and dummy adapter (0957A-2G000) to main harness connector.

NOTICE

If dummy and dummy adaptor are not able to be prepared, use a known-good PCAB or 2Ω resistor.

4. Connect (-) terminal cable to battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and wait for 30 seconds or more.
5. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC) and clear DTC with scantool and diagnose again.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good DCAB assembly, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace DCAB and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect PCAB connector and SRSCM main harness connector.
4. Measure resistance between terminal "Low" and "High" of the PCAB harness connector.

Specification : approx. 1 Ω below

5. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

RT-168

Restraint

B1479 Inflatable Curtain Airbag Front-Passenger Resistance Circuit Short to Ground

General Description

Curtain Airbag (hereinafter referred to CAB) is located at driver and passenger side of headliner

It protects passenger's head and shoulder from fragments of glass or something sharpen caused by overturn.

CAB is consist of air bag and inflator.

Air bag reduces impact of collision by fillied up gas.

Inflator keeps gas and uses it to deploy air bag on collision.

CAUTION

Never measure resistance of CAB directly, Current of measuring device may cause unexpected air bag deploy.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1479 if there is a short to ground in PCAB harness.

*In this case, SRSCM checks if there's any fault in circuit by sending current for a while.

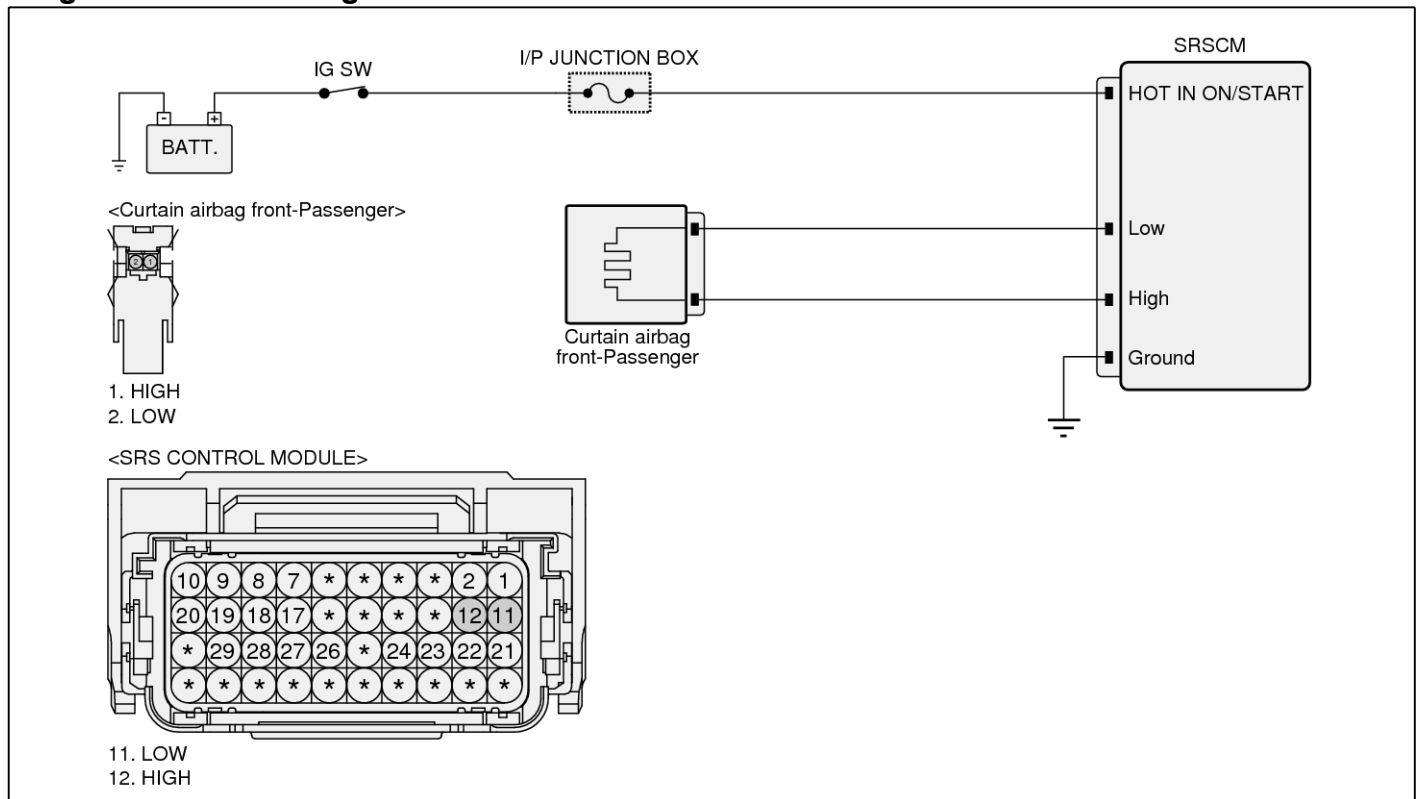
DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Voltage	• Short to ground in PCAB harness. • Poor connection of connected part. • Poor connection between shorting bar and release pin. • Faulty PCAB. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• PCAB Squib line Voltage is < 0.9V	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• More than 2.5s (250ms x 10)	
	De-Qualification	• More than 5s	

Specification

Test Condition	Voltage
Ignition ON	$0.9V \leq \text{Squib line Voltage} \leq 2.9V$

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9513L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9653L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.

Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

RT-170

Restraint

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Squib Circuit Inspection" procedure.

Squib Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect (-) terminal cable from battery and wait for 1 minutes or more.
3. Disconnect PCAB module and connect the dummy (0957A-38200) and dummy adapter (0957A-2G000) to main harness connector.

NOTICE

If dummy and dummy adaptor are not able to be prepared, use a known-good PCAB or 2Ω resistor.

4. Connect (-) terminal cable to battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and wait for 30 seconds or more.
5. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC) and clear DTC with scantool and diagnose again.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good DCAB assembly, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace DCAB and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Main harness Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect PCAB connector and SRSCM main harness connector.
4. Measure resistance between terminal "Low" or "High" of the PCAB harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : ∞

5. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

SRSCM

RT-171

B1480 Inflatable Curtain Airbag Front-Passenger Resistance Circuit Short to Battery

General Description

Curtain Airbag (hereinafter referred to as CAB) is located at driver and passenger side of headliner.

It protects passenger's head and shoulder from fragments of glass or something sharp caused by overturn.

CAB consists of air bag and inflator.

Air bag reduces impact of collision by filling up gas.

Inflator keeps gas and uses it to deploy air bag on collision.

CAUTION

Never measure resistance of CAB directly. Current of measuring device may cause unexpected air bag deployment.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1480 if there is a short to power in PCAB harness.

*In this case, SRSCM checks if there's any fault in circuit by sending current for a while.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Voltage	• Short to power in PCAB harness. • Poor connection of connected part. • Poor connection between shorting bar and release pin. • Faulty PCAB. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• PCAB Squib line voltage is $> 2.9V$	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• More than 2.5s (250ms x 10)	
	De-Qualification	• More than 5s	

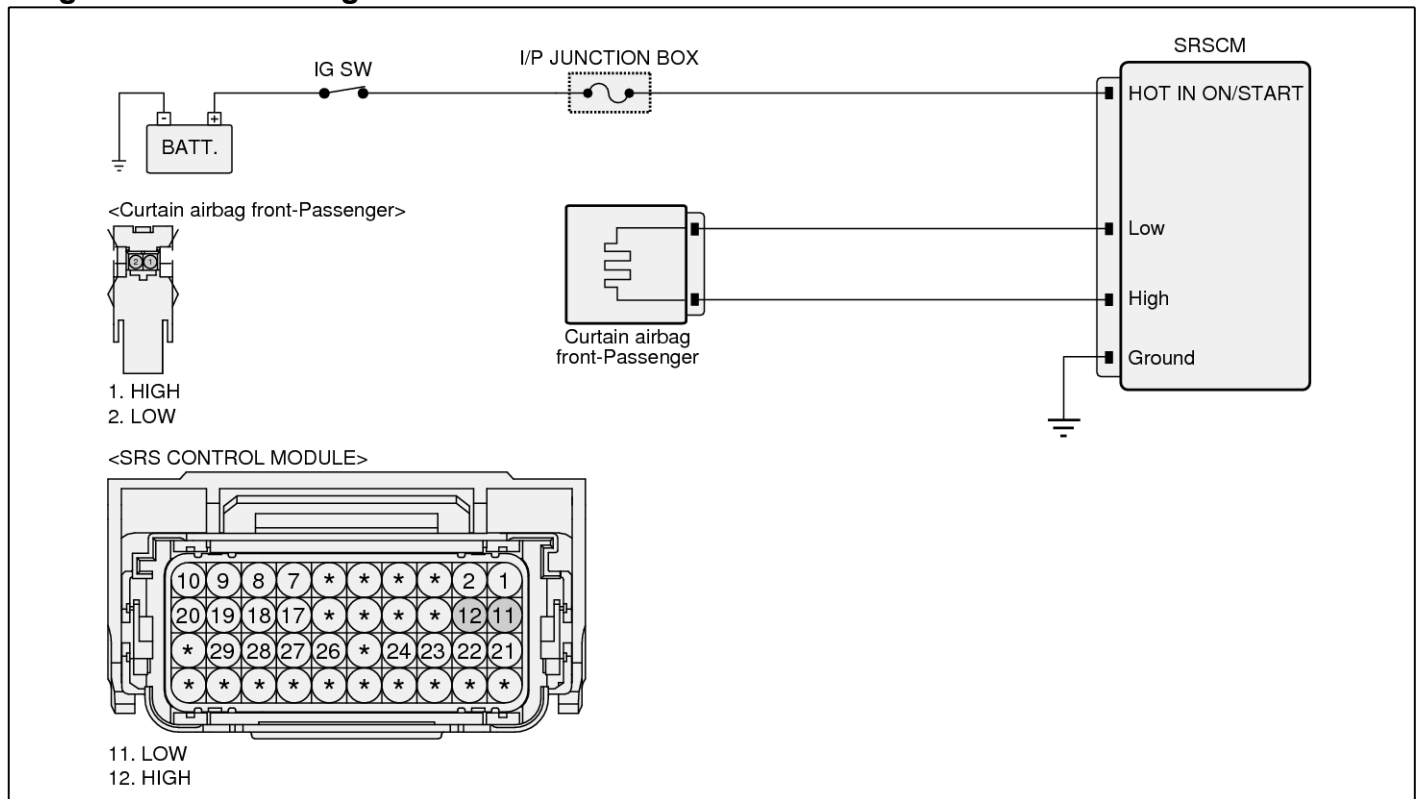
Specification

Test Condition	Voltage
Ignition ON	$0.9V \leq \text{Squib line Voltage} \leq 2.9V$

RT-172

Restraint

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9513L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9654L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.

Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Squib Circuit Inspection" procedure.

Squib Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect (-) terminal cable from battery and wait for 1 minutes or more.
3. Disconnect PCAB module and connect the dummy (0957A-38200) and dummy adapter (0957A-2G000) to main harness connector.

NOTICE

If dummy and dummy adaptor are not able to be prepared, use a known-good PCAB or 2Ω resistor.

4. Connect (-) terminal cable to battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and wait for 30 seconds or more.
5. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC) and clear DTC with scantool and diagnose again.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good DCAB assembly, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace DCAB and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect PCAB connector and SRSCM main harness connector.
4. Connect the battery (-) terminal cable to the battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF".
5. Measure voltage between terminal "Low" or "High" of the PCAB harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : approx. 0V

6. Is the measured voltage within specifications?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

RT-174

Restraint

B1620 Internal fault-Replace SRSCM

General Description

In collision, SRSCM sends current to pertinent air bag for deployment.

Besides SRSCM performs diagnosis of overall air bag system and light warning lamp if there's any fault in it.

Main functions of SRSCM are as follows.

1. Collision and Passenger presence Detection.
2. Determination of BPT and air bag deployment in accordance with given condition.
3. Internal and external diagnosis of air bag system.
4. Warning by warning lamp if there's any fault in airbag system.
5. Proffering data for scantool diagnosis.

6. In a case of a vehicle's rollover, It senses the ratio of a vehicle's rotation.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1620 if there is any fault in SRSCM.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check SRSCM	• SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• N/A	
	De-Qualification	• ∞(infinite-DTC cannot be erased)	

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9655L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES

► Internal fault of SRSCM. Substitute with a SRSCM and check for proper operation. If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

Refer to DTC B1101 : Battery Voltage High.

SRSCM

RT-175

B1649 Crash recorded - Rollover event(Replace ECU)

General Description

In collision, SRSCM sends current to pertinent air bag for deployment.

Besides SRSCM performs diagnosis of overall air bag system and light warning lamp if there's any fault in it.

Main functions of SRSCM are as follows.

1. Collision and Passenger presence Detection.
2. Determination of BPT and air bag deployment in accordance with given condition.
3. Internal and external diagnosis of air bag system.
4. Warning by warning lamp if there's any fault in airbag system.
5. Proffering data for scantool diagnosis.

6. In a case of a vehicle's rollover, It senses the ratio of a vehicle's rotation.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

DTC Description

When the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag, or side-airbag is be unfolded by a vehicle's turnover accident, A code is recorded on the SRSCM.

If the DTC, "B1649 Crash recorded - Rollover event(Replace ECU)", is detected, Replace with a new SRSCM.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• When the Seat-Belt Pretensioner, Curtain-Airbag, or Side-Airbag is be unfolded by a vehicle's turnover accident	• PT, CAB, SAB deployment • SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• N/A	
	De-Qualification	• ∞(infinite-DTC cannot be erased)	

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9656L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES

► Internal fault of SRSCM. Substitute with a SRSCM and check for proper operation. If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

Refer to DTC B1101 : Battery Voltage High.

RT-176

Restraint

B1650 Crash Recorded in 1st Stage Only(Frontal-Replace SRSCM)

General Description

In collision, SRSCM sends current to pertinent air bag for deployment.

Besides SRSCM performs diagnosis of overall air bag system and light warning lamp if there's any fault in it.

Main functions of SRSCM are as follows.

1. Collision and Passenger presence Detection.
2. Determination of BPT and air bag deployment in accordance with given condition.
3. Internal and external diagnosis of air bag system.
4. Warning by warning lamp if there's any fault in airbag system.
5. Proffering data for scantool diagnosis.

6. In a case of a vehicle's rollover, It senses the ratio of a vehicle's rotation.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1650 if DAB or PAB deploys.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check DAB or PAB deployment	• SRSCM. • DAB or PAB deployment
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• N/A	
	De-Qualification	• ∞(infinite-DTC cannot be erased)	

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9657L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES

► DTC caused by deployment of front(1ST)air bag. Substitute with a SRSCM and check for proper operation. If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

Refer to DTC B1101 : Battery Voltage High.

SRSCM

RT-177

B1651 Crash Recorded in Front-Driver Side Airbag(Replace SRSCM)

General Description

In collision, SRSCM sends current to pertinent air bag for deployment.

Besides SRSCM performs diagnosis of overall air bag system and light warning lamp if there's any fault in it.

Main functions of SRSCM are as follows.

1. Collision and Passenger presence Detection.
2. Determination of BPT and air bag deployment in accordance with given condition.
3. Internal and external diagnosis of air bag system.
4. Warning by warning lamp if there's any fault in airbag system.
5. Proffering data for scantool diagnosis.

6. In a case of a vehicle's rollover, It senses the ratio of a vehicle's rotation.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

DTC Description

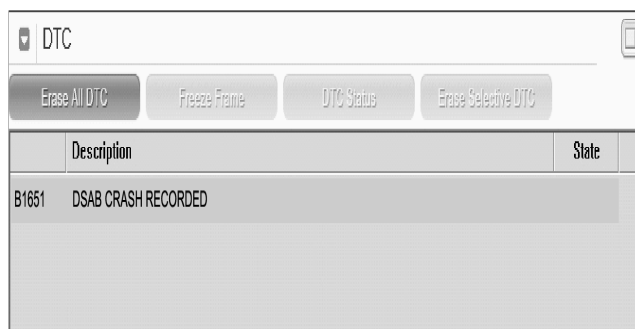
The SRSCM sets DTC B1651 if DSAB and DCAB deploys.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check DSAB and DCAB deployment	• SRSCM. • DSAB and DCAB deployment
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• N/A	
	De-Qualification	• ∞(infinite-DTC cannot be erased)	

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9658L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES

► DTC caused by deployment of front driver side air bag and driver side air bag. Substitute with a SRSCM and check for proper operation. If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

Refer to DTC B1101 : Battery Voltage High.

RT-178

Restraint

B1652 Crash Recorded in Front-Passenger Side Airbag(Replace SRSCM)

General Description

In collision, SRSCM sends current to pertinent air bag for deployment.

Besides SRSCM performs diagnosis of overall air bag system and light warning lamp if there's any fault in it.

Main functions of SRSCM are as follows.

1. Collision and Passenger presence Detection.
2. Determination of BPT and air bag deployment in accordance with given condition.
3. Internal and external diagnosis of air bag system.
4. Warning by warning lamp if there's any fault in airbag system.
5. Proffering data for scantool diagnosis.

6. In a case of a vehicle's rollover, It senses the ratio of a vehicle's rotation.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

DTC Description

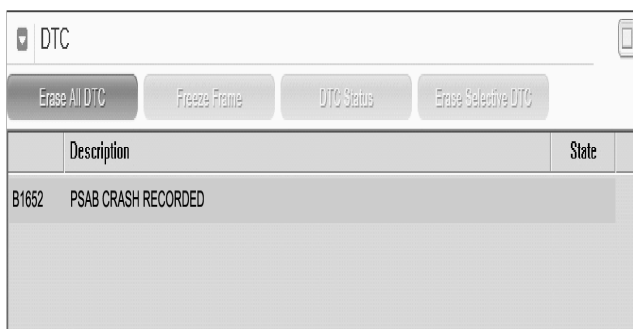
The SRSCM sets DTC B1652 if PSAB and PCAB deploys.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check PSAB and PCAB deployment	• SRSCM. • PSAB and PCAB deployment
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• N/A	
	De-Qualification	• ∞(infinite-DTC cannot be erased)	

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9659L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES

► DTC caused by deployment of front passenger SAB and passenger CAB. Substitute with a SRSCM and check for proper operation. If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

Refer to DTC B1101 : Battery Voltage High.

SRSCM

RT-179

B1657 Crash Recorded in Belt Pretensioner only

General Description

In collision, SRSCM sends current to pertinent air bag for deployment.

Besides SRSCM performs diagnosis of overall air bag system and light warning lamp if there's any fault in it.

Main functions of SRSCM are as follows.

1. Collision and Passenger presence Detection.
2. Determination of BPT and air bag deployment in accordance with given condition.
3. Internal and external diagnosis of air bag system.
4. Warning by warning lamp if there's any fault in airbag system.
5. Proffering data for scantool diagnosis.

6. In a case of a vehicle's rollover, It senses the ratio of a vehicle's rotation.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1657 if any BPT deploys.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check BPT deployment	• BPT deployment • SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• NA	
	De-Qualification	• NA	

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9660L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES

► DTC caused by deployment of BPT. Substitute with a SRSCM and check for proper operation. If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

Refer to DTC B1101 : Battery Voltage High.

RT-180

Restraint

B1658 Belt Pretensioner 6 times Deployment

General Description

In collision, SRSCM sends current to pertinent air bag for deployment.

Besides SRSCM performs diagnosis of overall air bag system and light warning lamp if there's any fault in it.

Main functions of SRSCM are as follows.

1. Collision and Passenger presence Detection.
2. Determination of BPT and air bag deployment in accordance with given condition.
3. Internal and external diagnosis of air bag system.
4. Warning by warning lamp if there's any fault in airbag system.
5. Proffering data for scantool diagnosis.

6. In a case of a vehicle's rollover, It senses the ratio of a vehicle's rotation.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

DTC Description

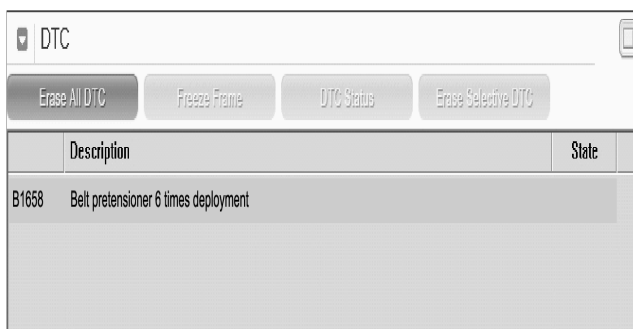
When the Crash (Belt pretensioner 6 times deployment) recorded in the SRSCM.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check BPT deployment	• Crash recorded(Belt pretensioner 6 times deployment). • SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• NA	
	De-Qualification	• ∞(infinite-DTC cannot be erased)	

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9661L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES

► DTC caused by 6th deployment of BPT. Substitute with a SRSCM and check for proper operation. If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

Refer to DTC B1101 : Battery Voltage High.

B1738 P-SIS front – Driver Wrong ID

Component Location

Pressure-Side Impact Sensor and Rear Side Impact Sensor are installed in the left and the right side of front door and in the lower of C-pillar respectively. The Pressure-Side Impact Sensor senses an impact based on an acceleration at crashing. Unlike the conventional acceleration sensor, the Pressure Sensor senses an air pressure by a distorted door at crashing and measures an impact.

The SCM detects the impact signals of the Pressure-Side Impact Sensor and Rear Side Impact Sensor and compares with signals of the safe sensor inside. If the signals of all sensors are judged as a collision, the side-airbag and the curtain-airbag would be unfolded.

NOTICE

At inspecting the pressure sensor, keep the door airtight for an exact measuring.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1738 if Pressure-Side Impact(Driver) with wrong ID is detected.

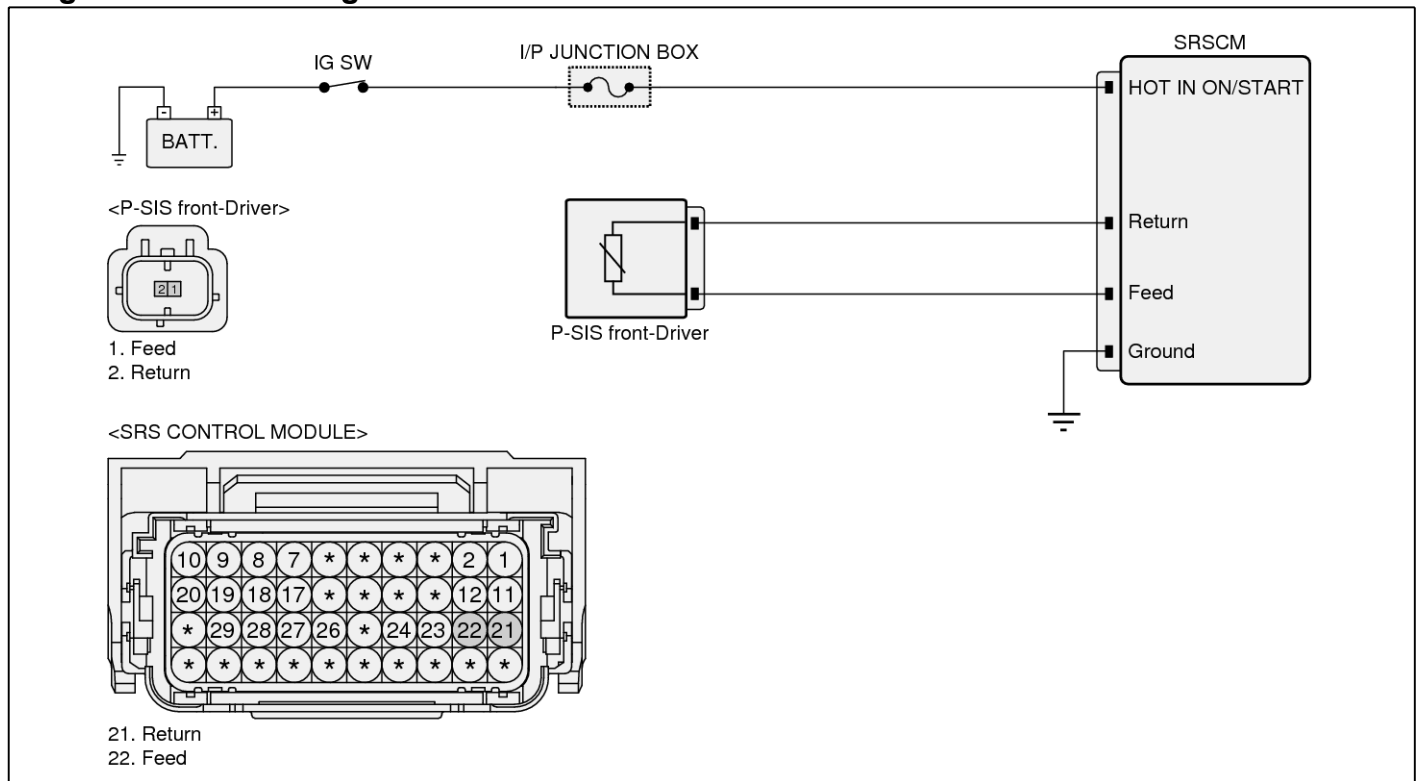
DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Data	• Pressure-Side Impact(Driver) with wrong ID. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• Pressure-Side Impact ID is different from programmed in ACU	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• Ini(Start Up):1 time • Steady:1 time	
	De-Qualification	• N/A	

RT-182

Restraint

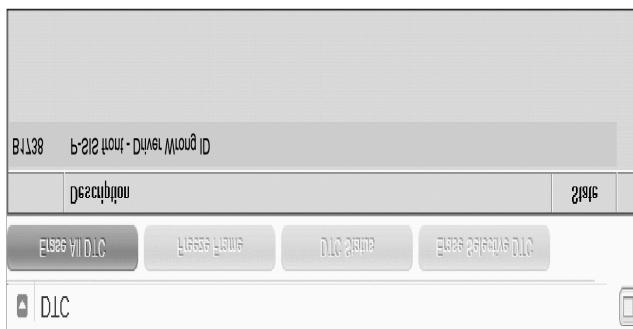
Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9514L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9662L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

- YES** ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.
- NO** ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage. ► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

Component Inspection

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
2. Ignition "OFF".
3. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
4. Disconnect Pressure-Side Impact connector .
5. Substitute the Pressure-Side Impact and check for proper operation.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good Pressure-Side Impact, and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

B1739 P-SIS Front-Driver Defect

General Description

Pressure-Side Impact Sensor and Rear Side Impact Sensor are installed in the left and the right side of front door and in the lower of C-pillar respectively. The Pressure-Side Impact Sensor senses an impact based on an acceleration at crashing. Unlike the conventional acceleration sensor, the Pressure Sensor senses an air pressure by a distorted door at crashing and measures an impact.

The SCM detects the impact signals of the Pressure-Side Impact Sensor and Rear Side Impact Sensor and compares with signals of the safe sensor inside. If the signals of all sensors are judged as a collision, the side-airbag and the curtain-airbag would be unfolded.

NOTICE

At inspecting the pressure sensor, keep the door airtight for an exact measuring.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1739 if there is any fault in Pressure-Side Impact(Driver) circuit.

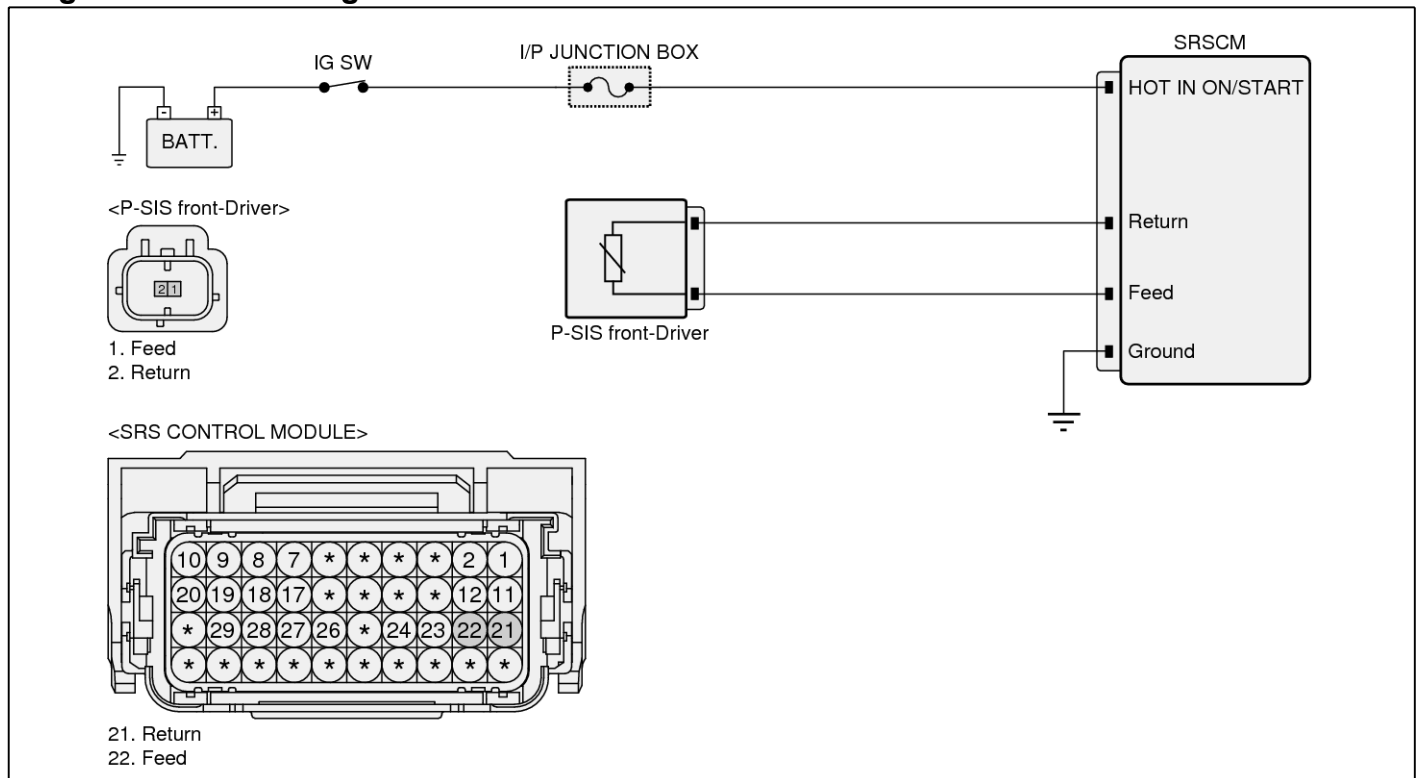
DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Data	• Faulty Pressure-Side Impact (Driver) circuit. • Faulty Pressure-Side Impact (Driver). • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• Pressure-Side Impact send defect code • Pressure-Side Impact output is not expected value	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• Ini(Start Up):100 ms (500μs x 20) • Steady:1s (10ms x 100)	
	De-Qualification	• Ini(Start Up):IGN off -> on • Steady:IGN off -> on	

SRSCM

RT-185

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9514L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9663L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.

Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ► Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ► Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

Component Inspection

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
2. Ignition "OFF".
3. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
4. Disconnect Pressure-Side Impact connector .
5. Substitute the Pressure-Side Impact and check for proper operation.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

► Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ► Substitute a known-good Pressure-Side Impact, and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace Pressure-Side Impact and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ► Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ► System is performing to specification at this time.

B1740 P-SIS Front-Driver Short to Ground

General Description

Pressure-Side Impact Sensor and Rear Side Impact Sensor are installed in the left and the right side of front door and in the lower of C-pillar respectively. The Pressure-Side Impact Sensor senses an impact based on an acceleration at crashing. Unlike the conventional acceleration sensor, the Pressure Sensor senses an air pressure by a distorted door at crashing and measures an impact.

The SCM detects the impact signals of the Pressure-Side Impact Sensor and Rear Side Impact Sensor and compares with signals of the safe sensor inside. If the signals of all sensors are judged as a collision, the side-airbag and the curtain-airbag would be unfolded.

NOTICE

At inspecting the pressure sensor, keep the door airtight for an exact measuring.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1740 if there is a short to ground in Pressure-Side Impact(Driver) harness.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		Check voltage	- Short to ground in Pressure-Side Impact(Driver) harness. - Faulty Pressure-Side Impact (Driver). - Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		Pressure-Side Impact no acceleration data, and line voltage < 3V	
Threshold Value		Pressure-Side Impact no acceleration data, and line voltage < 3V	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	- Ini(Start Up):2.1s (2 times) - Steady:500μs x 8 + 2.2s (2 times)	
	De-Qualification	- Ini(Start Up):1 time - Steady:1 time	

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect Pressure-Side Impact connector and SRSCM main harness connector.
4. Measure resistance between terminal "Low" or "High" of the Pressure-Side Impact harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : ∞

5. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES ▶ Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Component Inspection

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
2. Ignition "OFF".
3. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
4. Disconnect Pressure-Side Impact connector .
5. Substitute the Pressure-Side Impact and check for proper operation.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good Pressure-Side Impact, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace Pressure-Side Impact and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

RT-190

Restraint

B1741 P-SIS Front-Driver Short to Battery

General Description

Pressure-Side Impact Sensor and Rear Side Impact Sensor are installed in the left and the right side of front door and in the lower of C-pillar respectively. The Pressure-Side Impact Sensor senses an impact based on an acceleration at crashing. Unlike the conventional acceleration sensor, the Pressure Sensor senses an air pressure by a distorted door at crashing and measures an impact.

The SCM detects the impact signals of the Pressure-Side Impact Sensor and Rear Side Impact Sensor and compares with signals of the safe sensor inside. If the signals of all sensors are judged as a collision, the side-airbag and the curtain-airbag would be unfolded.

NOTICE

At inspecting the pressure sensor, keep the door airtight for an exact measuring.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1741 if there is short to power harness in Pressure-Side Impact(Driver) harness.

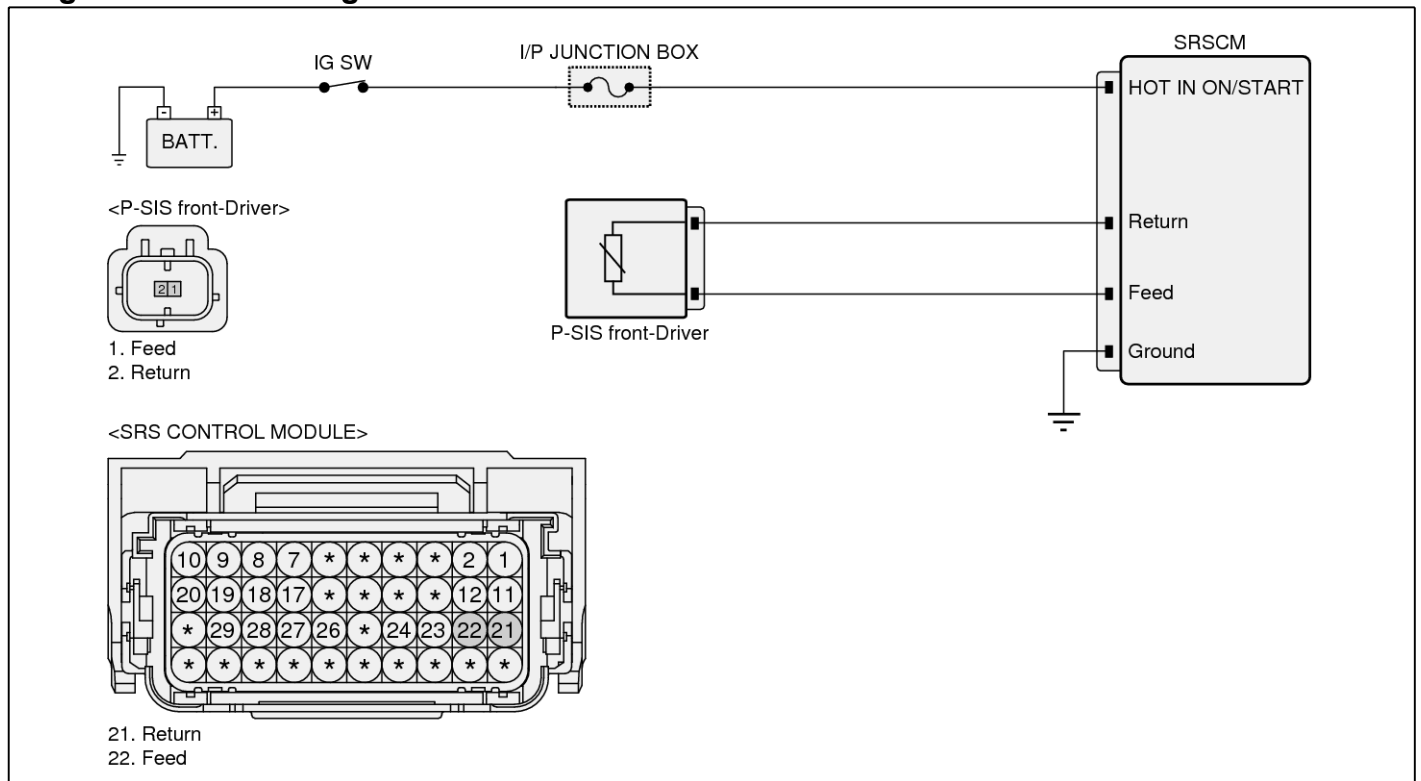
DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check voltage	• Short to power in Pressure-Side Impact(Driver) harness. • Faulty Pressure-Side Impact (Driver). • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• Pressure-Side Impact no acceleration data, and line voltage >11V	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• Ini(Start Up):0.2s (100ms x 2) • Steady:500μs x 8 + 2.2s (2 times)	
	De-Qualification	• Ini(Start Up):1 time • Steady:1 time	

SRSCM

RT-191

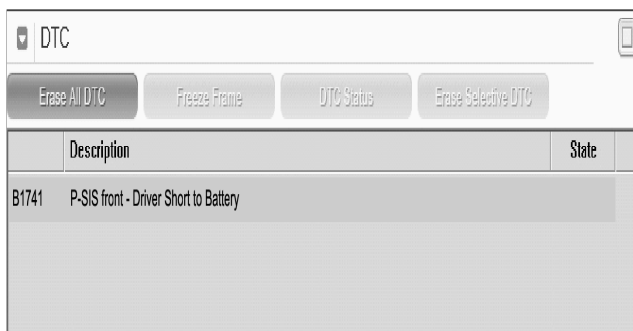
Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9514L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9665L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.

Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect Pressure-Side Impact connector and SRSCM main harness connector.
4. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF"
5. Measure voltage between terminal "Low" or "High" of the Pressure-Side Impact harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : 0V

6. Is the measured Voltage within specifications?

YES ▶ Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Component Inspection

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
2. Ignition "OFF".
3. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
4. Disconnect Pressure-Side Impact connector .
5. Substitute the Pressure-Side Impact and check for proper operation.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good Pressure-Side Impact, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace Pressure-Side Impact and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

B1742 P-SIS Front-Driver Communication Error

General Description

Pressure-Side Impact Sensor and Rear Side Impact Sensor are installed in the left and the right side of front door and in the lower of C-pillar respectively. The Pressure-Side Impact Sensor senses an impact based on an acceleration at crashing. Unlike the conventional acceleration sensor, the Pressure Sensor senses an air pressure by a distorted door at crashing and measures an impact.

The SCM detects the impact signals of the Pressure-Side Impact Sensor and Rear Side Impact Sensor and compares with signals of the safe sensor inside. If the signals of all sensors are judged as a collision, the side-airbag and the curtain-airbag would be unfolded.

NOTICE

At inspecting the pressure sensor, keep the door airtight for an exact measuring.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1742 if there is any error in communication between Pressure-Side Impact(Driver) and SRSCM.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Data	• Faulty Pressure-Side Impact (Driver) circuit. • Faulty Pressure-Side Impact (Driver). • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• Pressure-Side Impact no acceleration data, and line voltage is ok (between 3V and 11V)	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• 1 time	
	De-Qualification	• 1 time	

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

Component Inspection

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
2. Ignition "OFF".
3. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
4. Disconnect Pressure-Side Impact connector .
5. Substitute the Pressure-Side Impact and check for proper operation.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good Pressure-Side Impact, and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace Pressure-Side Impact and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

RT-196

Restraint

B1744 P-SIS front - Passenger Wrong ID

General Description

Pressure-Side Impact Sensor and Rear Side Impact Sensor are installed in the left and the right side of front door and in the lower of C-pillar respectively. The Pressure-Side Impact Sensor senses an impact based on an acceleration at crashing. Unlike the conventional acceleration sensor, the Pressure Sensor senses an air pressure by a distorted door at crashing and measures an impact.

The SCM detects the impact signals of the Pressure-Side Impact Sensor and Rear Side Impact Sensor and compares with signals of the safe sensor inside. If the signals of all sensors are judged as a collision, the side-airbag and the curtain-airbag would be unfolded.

NOTICE

At inspecting the pressure sensor, keep the door airtight for an exact measuring.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1744 if Pressure-Side Impact(Passenger) with wrong ID is detected.

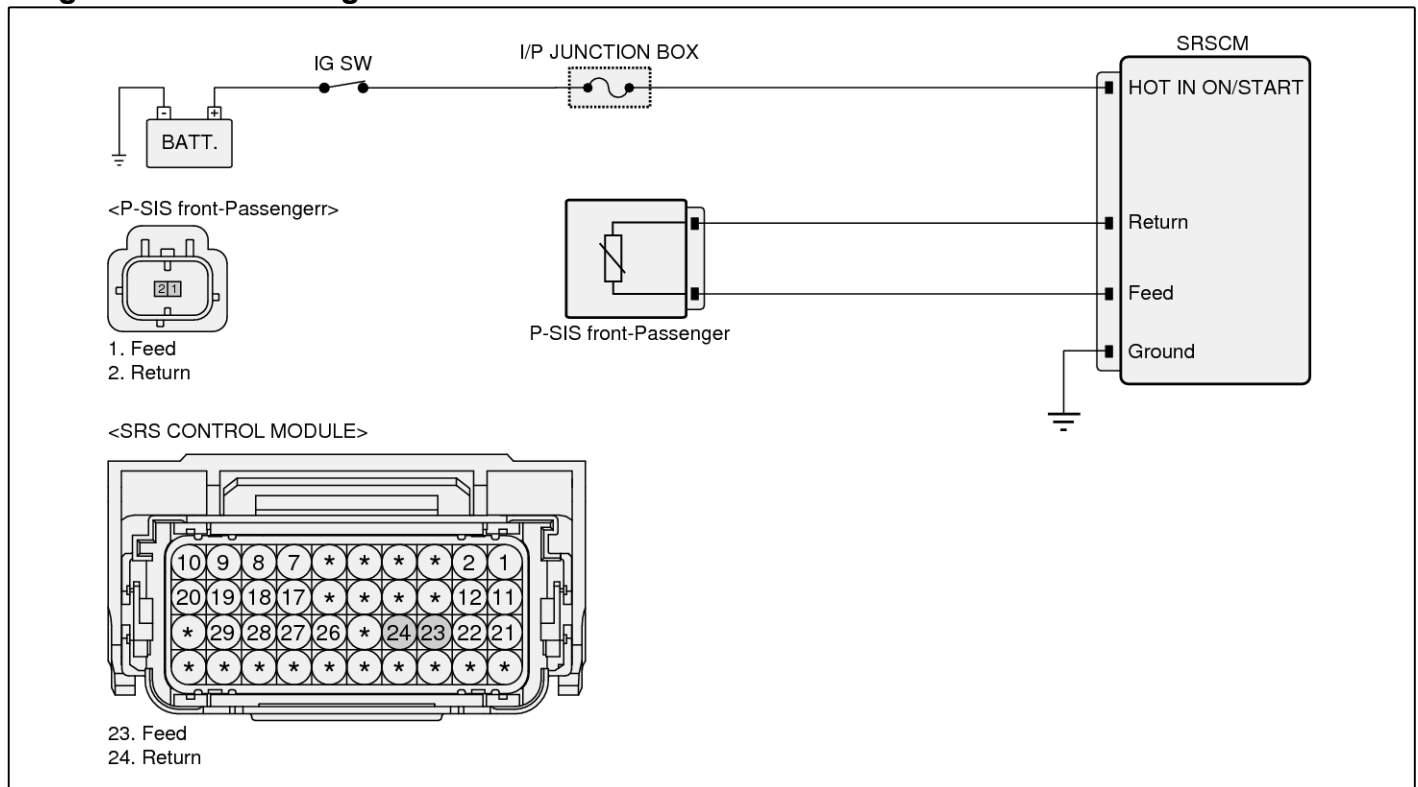
DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		Check Data	- Pressure-Side Impact(Passenger) with wrong ID. - Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		Pressure-Side Impact ID is different from programmed in ACU	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	- Ini(Start Up):1 time - Steady:1 time	
	De-Qualification	N/A	

SRSCM

RT-197

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9515L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9667L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.

Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ► Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ► Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

Component Inspection

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
2. Ignition "OFF".
3. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
4. Disconnect Pressure-Side Impact connector .
5. Substitute the Pressure-Side Impact and check for proper operation.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

► Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ► Substitute a known-good Pressure-Side Impact, and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ► Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ► System is performing to specification at this time.

B1745 P-SIS Front-Passenger Defect

General Description

Pressure-Side Impact Sensor and Rear Side Impact Sensor are installed in the left and the right side of front door and in the lower of C-pillar respectively. The Pressure-Side Impact Sensor senses an impact based on an acceleration at crashing. Unlike the conventional acceleration sensor, the Pressure Sensor senses an air pressure by a distorted door at crashing and measures an impact.

The SCM detects the impact signals of the Pressure-Side Impact Sensor and Rear Side Impact Sensor and compares with signals of the safe sensor inside. If the signals of all sensors are judged as a collision, the side-airbag and the curtain-airbag would be unfolded.

NOTICE

At inspecting the pressure sensor, keep the door airtight for an exact measuring.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1745 if there is any fault in Pressure-Side Impact(Passenger) circuit.

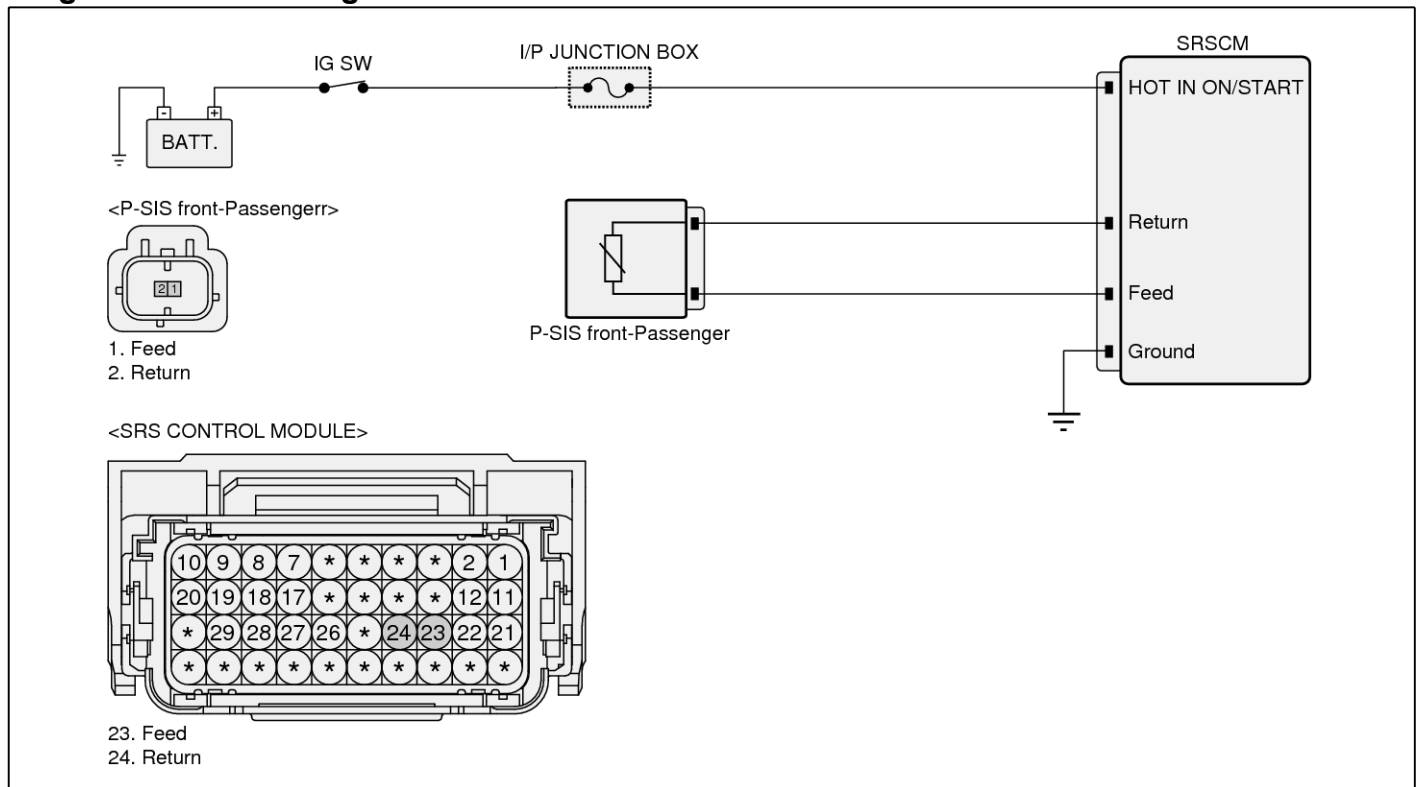
DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Data	• Faulty Pressure-Side Impact (Passenger) circuit. • Faulty Pressure-Side Impact (Passenger). • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• Pressure-Side Impact send defect code • Pressure-Side Impact output is not expected value	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• Ini(Start Up):100 ms (500μs x 20) • Steady:1s (10ms x 100)	
	De-Qualification	• Ini(Start Up):IGN off -> on • Steady:IGN off -> on	

RT-200

Restraint

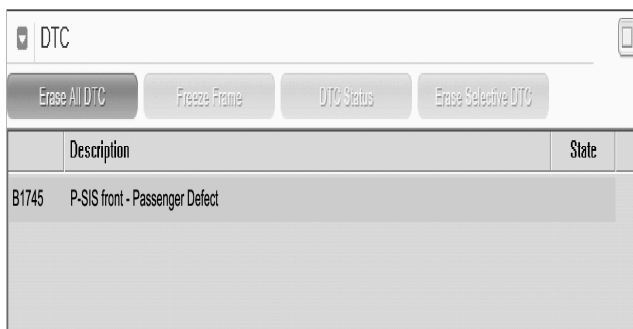
Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9515L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9668L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.

Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

Component Inspection

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
2. Ignition "OFF".
3. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
4. Disconnect Pressure-Side Impact connector .
5. Substitute the Pressure-Side Impact and check for proper operation.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good Pressure-Side Impact, and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace Pressure-Side Impact and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

RT-202

Restraint

B1746 P-SIS Front-Passenger Short to Ground

General Description

Pressure-Side Impact Sensor and Rear Side Impact Sensor are installed in the left and the right side of front door and in the lower of C-pillar respectively. The Pressure-Side Impact Sensor senses an impact based on an acceleration at crashing. Unlike the conventional acceleration sensor, the Pressure Sensor senses an air pressure by a distorted door at crashing and measures an impact.

The SCM detects the impact signals of the Pressure-Side Impact Sensor and Rear Side Impact Sensor and compares with signals of the safe sensor inside. If the signals of all sensors are judged as a collision, the side-airbag and the curtain-airbag would be unfolded.

NOTICE

At inspecting the pressure sensor, keep the door airtight for an exact measuring.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1746 if there is a short to ground in Pressure-Side Impact(Passenger) harness.

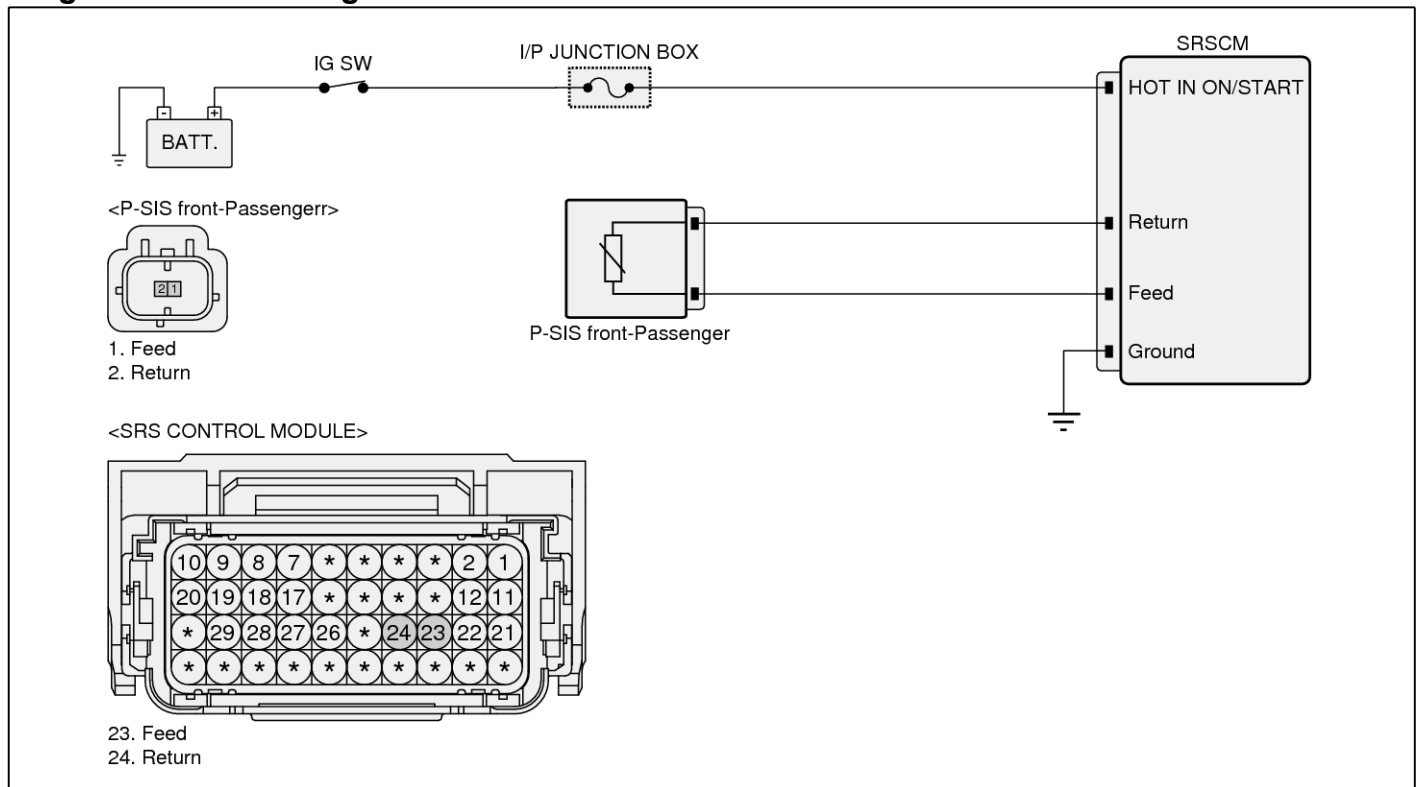
DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		Check voltage	- Short to ground in Pressure-Side Impact(Passenger) harness. - Faulty Pressure-Side Impact. - Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		Pressure-Side Impact no acceleration data, and line voltage < 3V	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	- Ini(Start Up):2.1s (2 times) - Steady:500μs x 8 + 2.2s (2 times)	
	De-Qualification	- Ini(Start Up):1 time - Steady:1 time	

SRSCM

RT-203

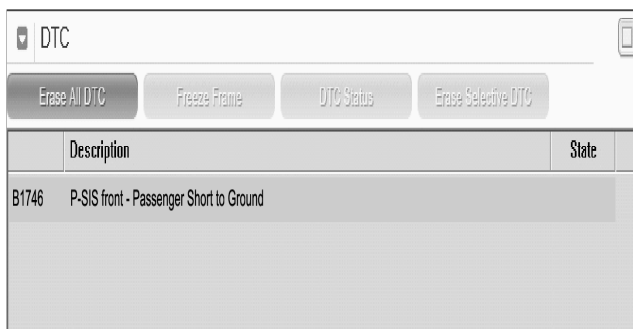
Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9515L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9669L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.

Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect Pressure-Side Impact connector and SRSCM main harness connector.
4. Measure resistance between terminal "Low" or "High" of the Pressure-Side Impact harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : ∞

5. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES ▶ Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Component Inspection

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
2. Ignition "OFF".
3. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
4. Disconnect Pressure-Side Impact connector .
5. Substitute the Pressure-Side Impact and check for proper operation.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good Pressure-Side Impact, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace Pressure-Side Impact and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

B1747 P-SIS Front Passenger Short to Battery

General Description

Pressure-Side Impact Sensor and Rear Side Impact Sensor are installed in the left and the right side of front door and in the lower of C-pillar respectively. The Pressure-Side Impact Sensor senses an impact based on an acceleration at crashing. Unlike the conventional acceleration sensor, the Pressure Sensor senses an air pressure by a distorted door at crashing and measures an impact.

The SCM detects the impact signals of the Pressure-Side Impact Sensor and Rear Side Impact Sensor and compares with signals of the safe sensor inside. If the signals of all sensors are judged as a collision, the side-airbag and the curtain-airbag would be unfolded.

NOTICE

At inspecting the pressure sensor, keep the door airtight for an exact measuring.

DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1747 if there is short to power harness in Pressure-Side Impact(Passenger) harness.

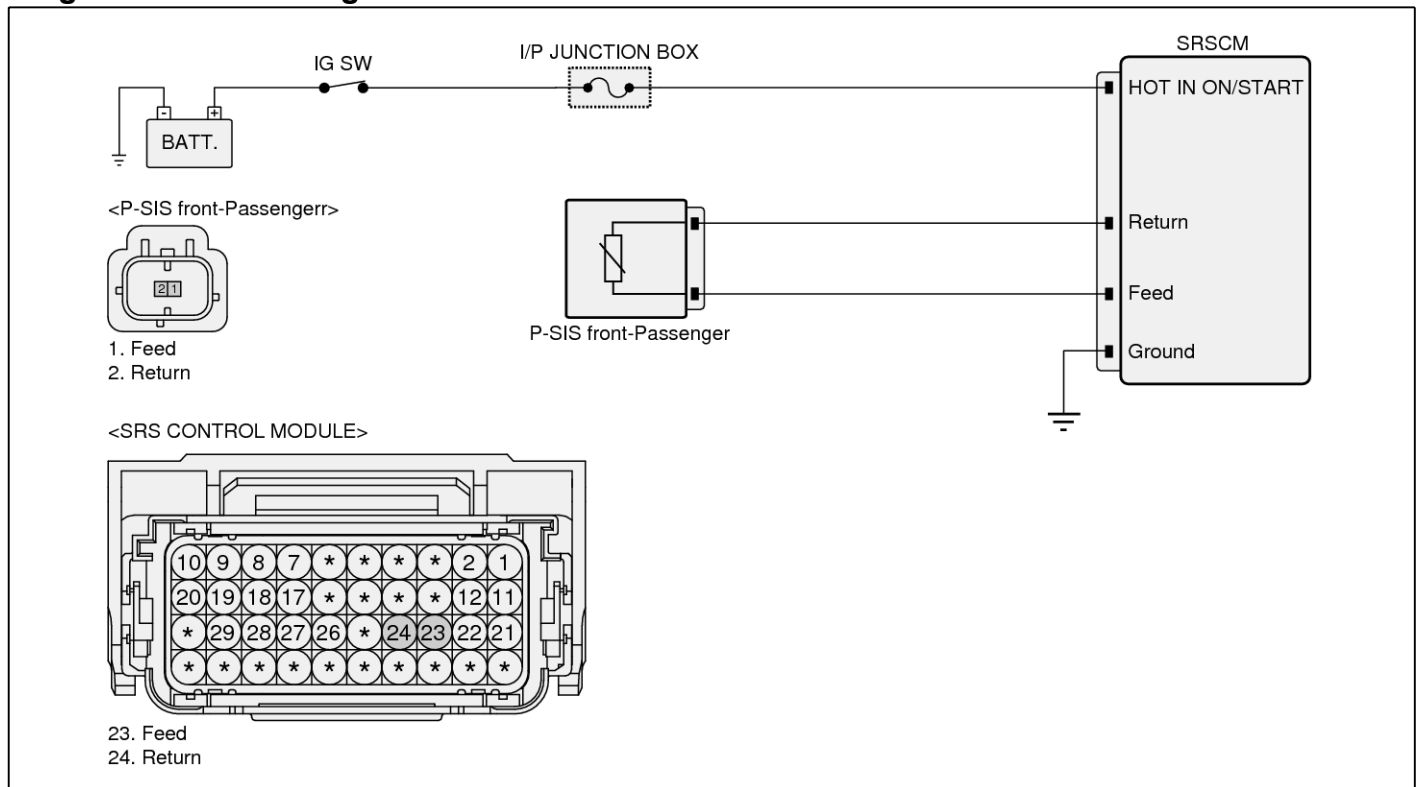
DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check voltage	• Short to power in Pressure-Side Impact(Passenger) harness. • Faulty Pressure-Side Impact. • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• Pressure-Side Impact no acceleration data, and line voltage >11V	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• Ini(Start Up):0.2s (100ms x 2) • Steady:500μs x 8 + 2.2s (2 times)	
	De-Qualification	• Ini(Start Up):1 time • Steady:1 time	

RT-206

Restraint

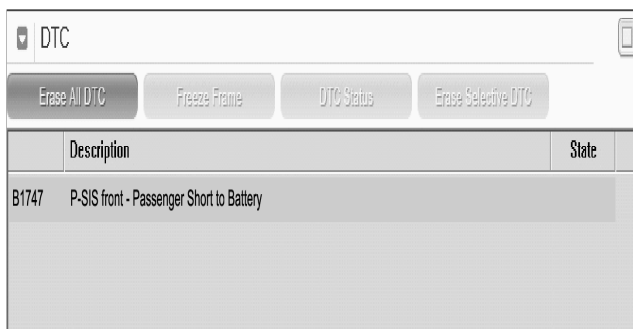
Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9515L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9670L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.

Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect Pressure-Side Impact connector and SRSCM main harness connector.
4. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF"
5. Measure voltage between terminal "Low" or "High" of the Pressure-Side Impact harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : 0V

6. Is the measured Voltage within specifications?

YES ▶ Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Component Inspection

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
2. Ignition "OFF".
3. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
4. Disconnect Pressure-Side Impact connector .
5. Substitute the Pressure-Side Impact and check for proper operation.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ▶ Substitute a known-good Pressure-Side Impact, and check for proper operation.
If the problem is corrected, replace Pressure-Side Impact and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

RT-208

Restraint

B1748 P-SIS Front-Passenger Communication Error

General Description

Pressure-Side Impact Sensor and Rear Side Impact Sensor are installed in the left and the right side of front door and in the lower of C-pillar respectively. The Pressure-Side Impact Sensor senses an impact based on an acceleration at crashing. Unlike the conventional acceleration sensor, the Pressure Sensor senses an air pressure by a distorted door at crashing and measures an impact.

The SCM detects the impact signals of the Pressure-Side Impact Sensor and Rear Side Impact Sensor and compares with signals of the safe sensor inside. If the signals of all sensors are judged as a collision, the side-airbag and the curtain-airbag would be unfolded.

NOTICE

At inspecting the pressure sensor, keep the door airtight for an exact measuring.

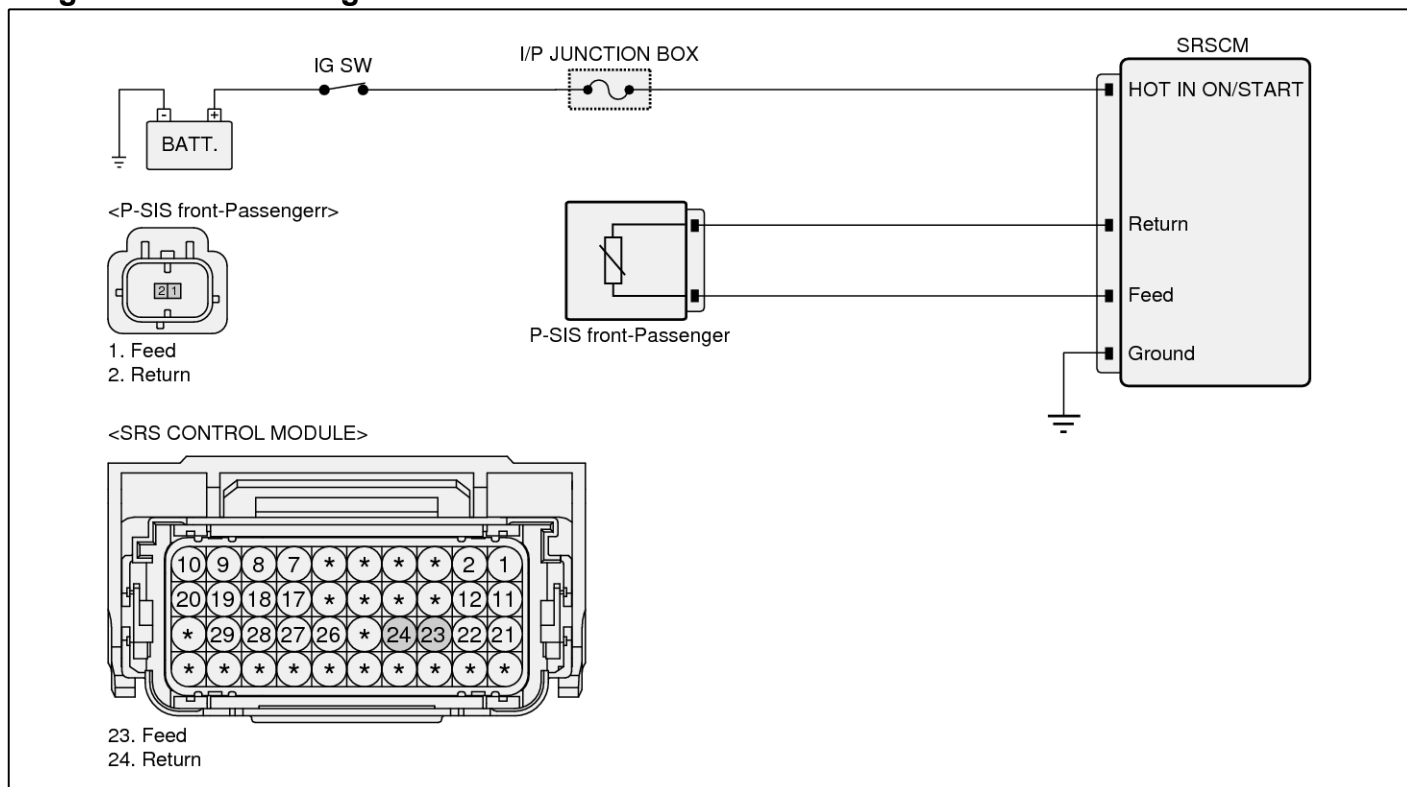
DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B1748 if there is any error in communication between Pressure-Side Impact(Passenger) and SRSCM.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check Data	• Faulty Pressure-Side Impact (Passenger) circuit. • Faulty Pressure-Side Impact (Passenger). • Faulty SRSCM.
Enable Conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value		• Pressure-Side Impact no acceleration data, and line voltage is ok (between 3V and 11V)	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• 1 time	
	De-Qualification	• 1 time	

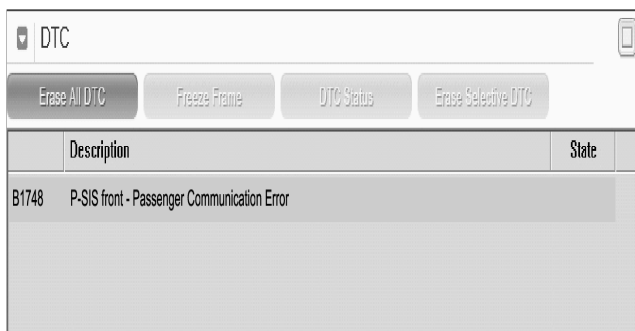
Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9515L

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9671L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ► Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.

Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.

► Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

RT-210

Restraint

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.

Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.

2. Thoroughly check shorting connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES ► Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ► Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

Component Inspection

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" and Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
2. Ignition "OFF".
3. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery, and wait at least one minutes.
4. Disconnect Pressure-Side Impact connector .
5. Substitute the Pressure-Side Impact and check for proper operation.
6. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ► Substitute a known-good SRSCM, and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

► Substitute the SRSCM main harness and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM main harness and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

NO ► Substitute a known-good Pressure-Side Impact, and check for proper operation.

If the problem is corrected, replace SRSCM and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?

YES ► Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO ► System is performing to specification at this time.

SRSCM

RT-211

B2500 Warning lamp Failure

General Description

Air bag warning lamp is located at cluster

When key is in 'ignition on' position, SRSCM performs diagnosis of overall air bag system. If there's no fault, air bag.

Warning lamp in cluster flickers for a while and then goes out.

SRSCM measures voltage of out terminal of warning lamp to check if warning lamp is operated in accordance with signal SRSCM sends.

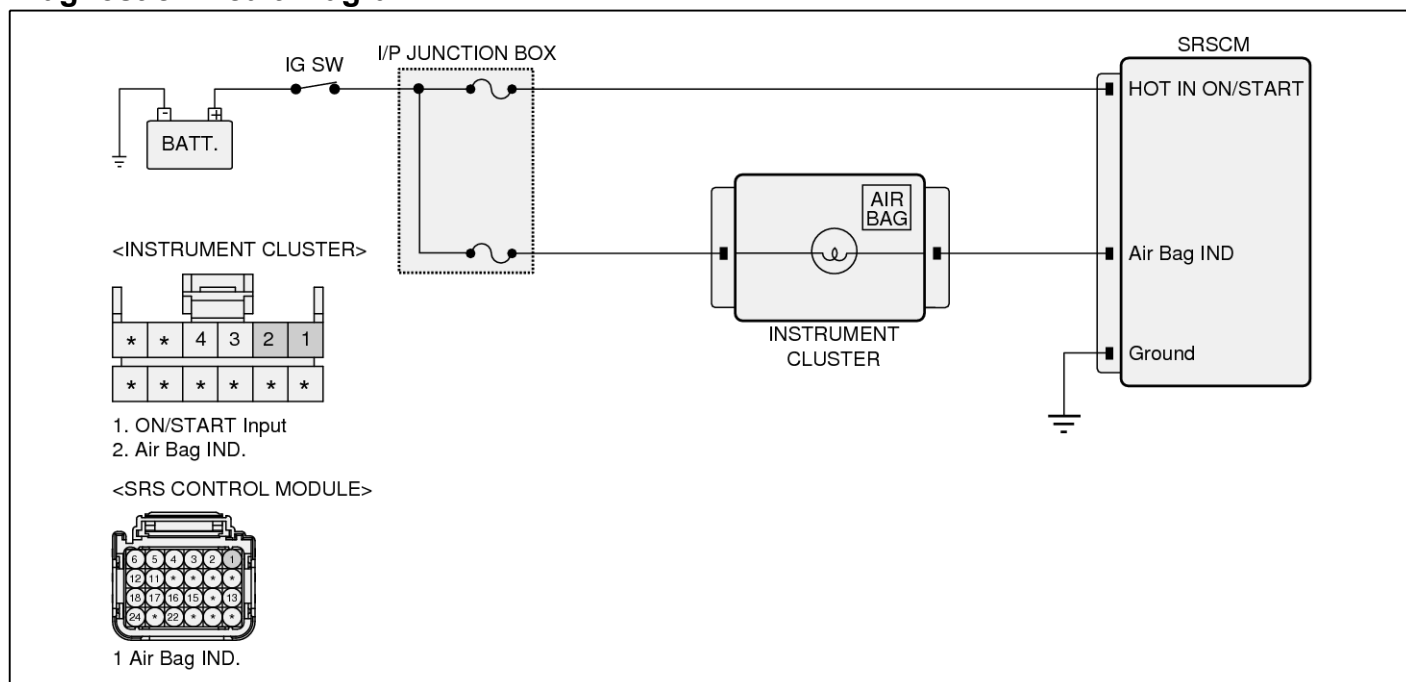
DTC Description

The SRSCM sets DTC B2500 if there is an open circuit or short to ground in air bag circuit harness.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		• Check voltage	- Burnt-out fuse. - Burnt-out warning lamp. - Open circuit in warning lamp harness. - Short circuit in warning lamp harness. - Faulty SRSCM.
Enable conditions		• Ignition "ON"	
Threshold Value	Lamp "OFF"	• Line voltage < 0.3V -> ground short	
	Lamp "ON"	• Line voltage < 0.3V -> ground short • Line voltage > 6.1V -> battery short	
Diagnostic Time	Qualification	• More than 2 sec	
	De-Qualification	• More than 4 sec	

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



SHMRT9516L

RT-212

Restraint

Monitor Scantool Data

1. Ignition "OFF", connect scantool.
2. Ignition "ON"& Engine "OFF", select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
3. Monitor diagnostic trouble code and present of trouble code.
4. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.



SHMRT9672L

5. Is DTC present problem ?

YES ▶ Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO ▶ Displaying nothing(no DTC) or DTC with label "H"(historical) shows that Fault is intermittent caused by poor contact in the part's and/or SRSCM connector or was repaired and SRSCM memory was not cleared.
Thoroughly check shorting bar/shorting bar release pin and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
▶ Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminals.
Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.
2. Thoroughly check shorting connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?
YES ▶ Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO ▶ Go to "Main harness circuit inspection" procedure.

Main harness Circuit Inspection

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect the battery (-) terminal cable from the battery and wait at least one minutes.
3. Disconnect SRSCM main harness connector.
4. Connect the battery (-) terminal cable to the battery and Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF".
5. Measure voltage between Air bag warning lamp terminal of the SRSCM harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : Approx. Batt Voltage

6. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES ▶ Check warning lamp and connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage. Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO ▶ Check airbag fuse, junction block, Warning Lamp, harness between junction block and SRSCM .
Repair as necessary and go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NOTICE

If you strike or spin the SRSCM at the IG "ON" state, the seat-belt pretensioner, curtain-airbag or side-airbag could be unfolded and bring on danger. Handle it with care.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scan tool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTC)" mode.
2. Using a scan tool, clear the DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
4. Are any DTC present ?
YES ▶ Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.
NO ▶ System is performing to specification at this time.

Airbag Module

Airbag Disposal

Special Tool Required

Deployment tool 0957A-34100A

Before scrapping any airbags or side airbags (including those in a whole vehicle to be scrapped), the airbags or side airbags must be deployed. If the vehicle is still within the warranty period, before deploying the airbags or side airbags, the Technical Manager must give approval and/or special instruction. Only after the airbags or side airbags have been deployed (as the result of vehicle collision, for example), can they be scrapped. If the airbags or side airbags appear intact (not deployed), treat them with extreme caution. Follow this procedure.

Deploying Airbags In The Vehicle

If an SRS equipped vehicle is to be entirely scrapped, its airbags or side airbags should be deployed while still in the vehicle. The airbags or side airbags should not be considered as salvageable parts and should never be installed in another vehicle.

1. Turn the ignition switch OFF, and disconnect the battery negative cable and wait at least three minutes.
2. Confirm that each airbag or side airbag is securely mounted.
3. Confirm that the special tool is functioning properly by following the check procedure.
 - 1) Driver's Airbag :
 - Remove the driver's airbag and install the SST (0957A-38500).
 - Install the driver's airbag on the steering wheel.
 - 2) Front Passenger's Airbag :
 - Remove the glove box, and then disconnect the 4P connector between the front passenger's airbag and SRS main harness.
 - Install the SST(0957A-3F100).
 - 3) Side Airbag :
 - Disconnect the 2P connector between the side airbag and wire harness.
 - Install the SST (0957A-3F100).
 - 4) Curtain Airbag :
 - Disconnect the 2P connector between the curtain airbag and wire harness.
 - Install the SST (0957A-38500).

5) Seat Belt Pretensioner :

- Disconnect the 2P connector from the seat belt pretensioner.
- Install the SST (0957A-38500).

4. Place the deployment tool at least thirty feet (10meters) away from the airbag.
5. Connect a 12 volt battery to the tool.
6. Push the tool's deployment switch. The airbag should deploy (deployment is both highly audible and visible: a loud noise and rapid inflation of the bag, followed by slow deflection)
7. Dispose of the complete airbag. No part of it can be reused. Place it in a sturdy plastic bag and seal it securely.

Deploying the Airbag Out of the Vehicle

If an intact airbag has been removed from a scrapped vehicle, or has been found defective or damage during transit, storage or service, it should be deployed as follows:

1. Confirm that the special is functioning properly by following the check procedure on this page.
2. Position the airbag face up, outdoors on flat ground at least thirty feet (10meters) from any obstacles or people.

Disposal of Damaged Airbag

1. If installed in a vehicle, follow the removal procedure of driver's airbag front passenger's and side airbag.
2. In all cases, make a short circuit by twisting together the two airbag inflator wires.
3. Package the airbag in exactly the same packing that the new replacement part come in.

Driver Airbag (DAB) Module and Clock Spring

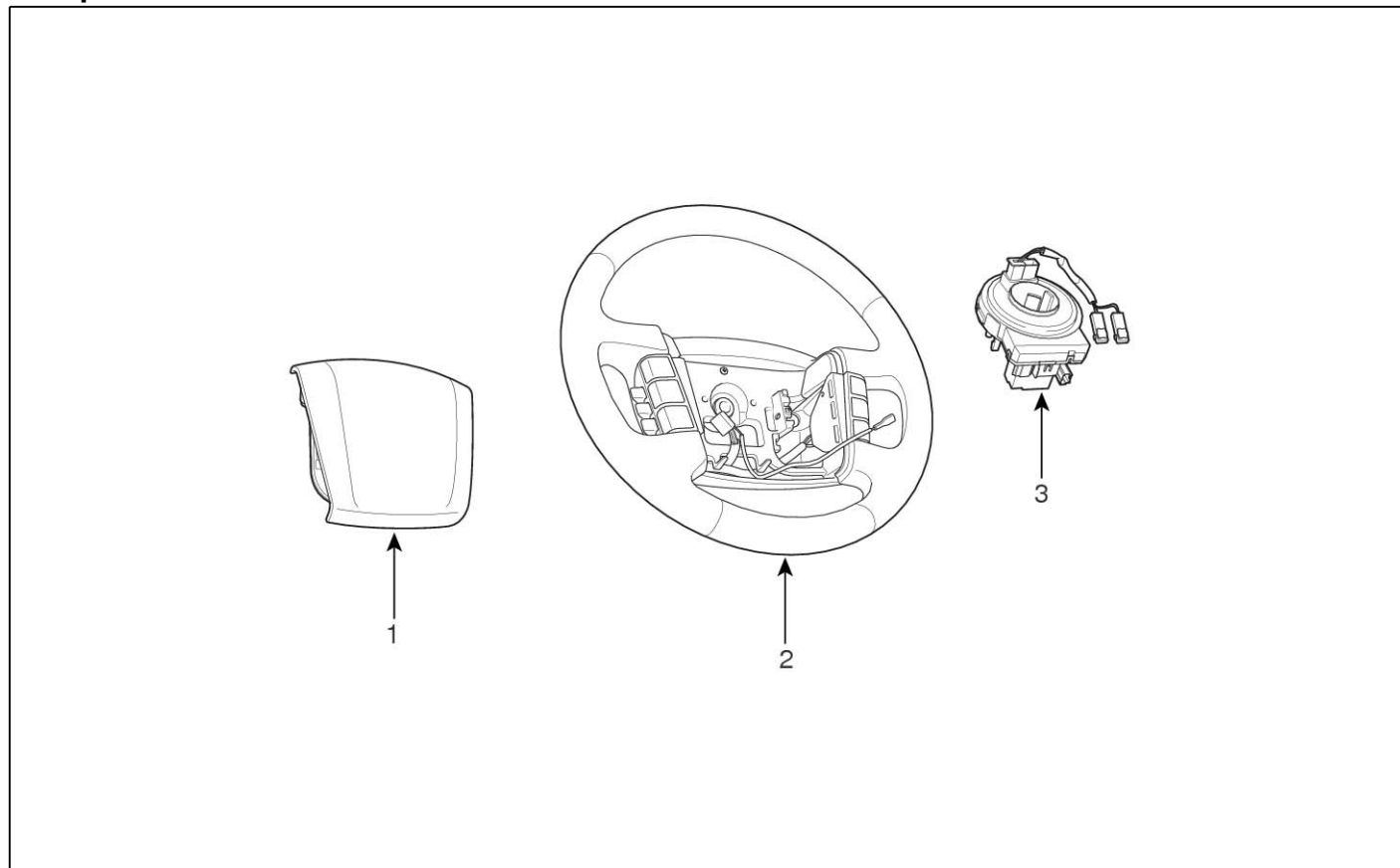
Description

Driver Airbag (DAB) is installed in steering wheel and electrically connected to SRSCM via clock spring. It protects the driver from danger by deploying a bag when frontal crash occurs. The SRSCM determines deployment of Driver Airbag (DAB).

⚠ CAUTION

Never attempt to measure the circuit resistance of the airbag module (squib) even if you are using the specified tester. If the circuit resistance is measured with a tester, accidental airbag deployment will result in serious personal injury.

Components



SHMRT9180N

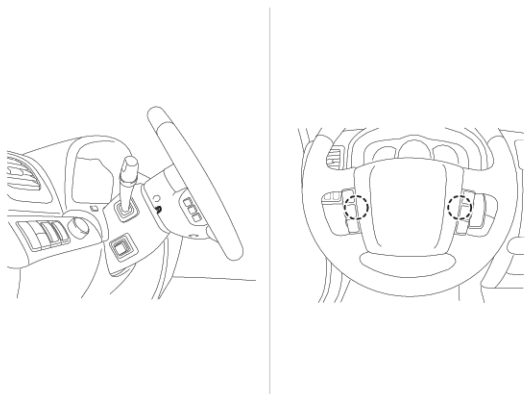
1. Driver Airbag (DAB)
2. Steering Wheel
3. Clock Spring

Airbag Module

RT-215

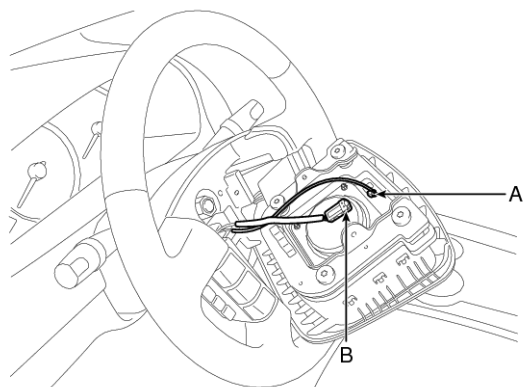
Removal

1. Disconnect the battery negative cable and wait for at least three minutes before beginning work.
2. Remove the airbag module mounting bolts (2EA).



SHMRT9181N

3. Disconnect the horn connector (A).



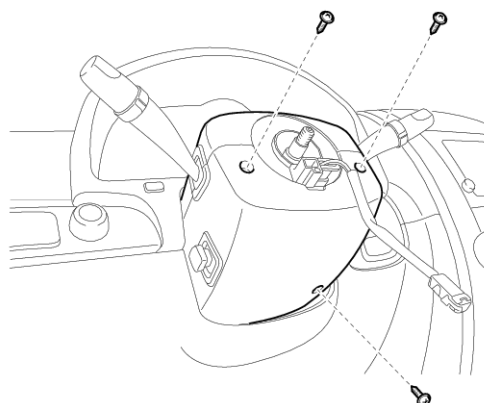
SHMRT8182D

4. Release the connector locking pin, then disconnect the driver airbag module connector(B).

⚠CAUTION

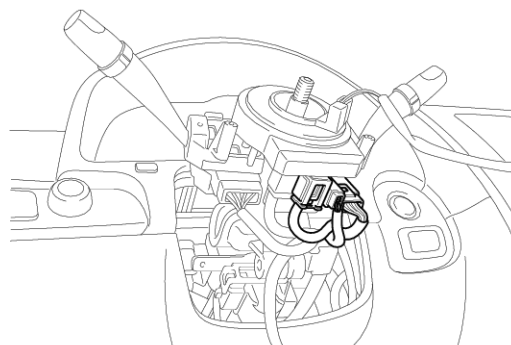
The removed airbag module should be stored in a clean, dry place with the pad cover face up.

5. Remove the steering wheel and steering wheel column cover. (Refer to the Steering System group-Steering Column and Shaft)



SHMRT8183D

6. Disconnect the clock spring and horn connector, then remove the clock spring.



SHMRT8184D

RT-216

Restraint

Inspection

Driver Airbag (DAB)

If any improper parts are found during the following inspection, replace the airbag module with a new one.

CAUTION

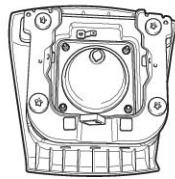
Never attempt to measure the circuit resistance of the airbag module (squib) even if you are using the specified tester. If the circuit resistance is measured with a tester, accidental airbag deployment will result in serious personal injury.

1. Check pad cover for dents, cracks or deformities.
2. Check the airbag module for denting, cracking or deformation.
3. Check hooks and connectors for damage, terminals for deformities, and harness for binds.
4. Check airbag inflator case for dents, cracks or deformities.

(Front View)



(Rear View)

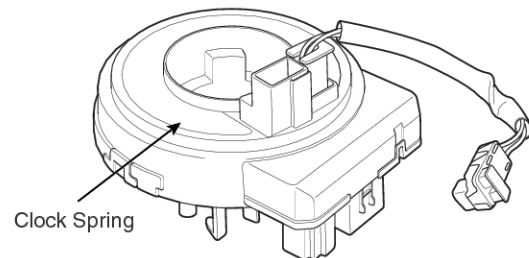


SHMRT9193L

5. Install the airbag module to the steering wheel to check for fit or alignment with the wheel.

Clock Spring

1. If, as a result of the following checks, even one abnormal point is discovered, replace the clock spring with a new one.
2. Check connectors and protective tube for damage, and terminals for deformities.



SHMRT9003L

Airbag Module

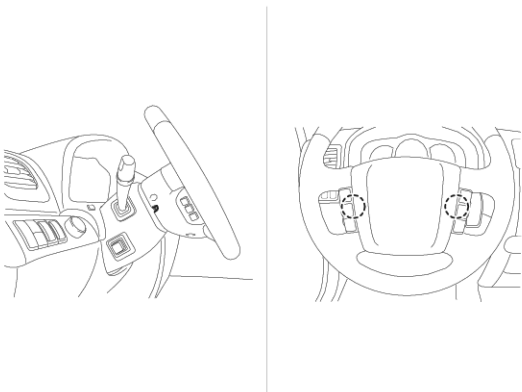
RT-217

Installation

1. Remove the ignition key from the vehicle.
2. Disconnect the battery negative cable from battery and wait for at least three minutes before beginning work.
3. Connect the clock spring harness connector and horn harness connector to the clock spring.
4. Set the center position by getting marks between the clock spring and the cover into line. Make an array the mark (►◄) by turning the clock spring clockwise to the stop and then 2.4 revolutions counterclockwise.
5. Install the steering wheel column cover and the steering wheel. (Refer to the Steering System group-Steering Column and Shaft)
6. Connect the Driver Airbag (DAB) module connector and horn connector, and then install the Driver Airbag (DAB) module on the steering wheel.
7. Secure the Driver Airbag (DAB) with the new mounting bolts.
8. Connect the battery negative cable.
9. After installing the airbag, confirm proper system operation:
 - Turn the ignition switch ON; the SRS indicator light should be turned on for about six seconds and then go off.
 - Make sure horn button works.

Tightening torque

: 7.8 ~ 10.8 Nm (0.8 ~ 1.1 kgf.m, 5.1 ~ 8.0 lb.ft)



SHMRT9181N

Passenger Airbag (PAB) Module

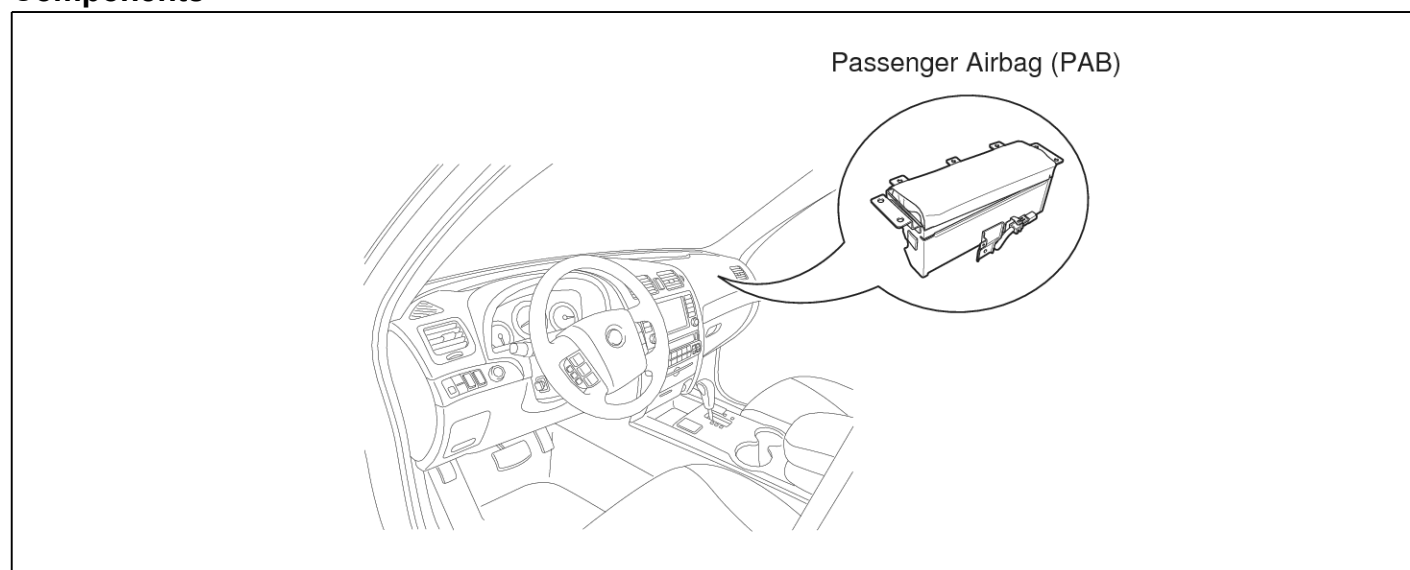
Description

The passenger airbag (PAB) is installed inside the crash pad and protects the front passenger in the event of a frontal crash. The SRSCM determines if and when to deploy the PAB.

⚠CAUTION

Never attempt to measure the circuit resistance of the airbag module (squib) even if you are using the specified tester. If the circuit resistance is measured with a tester, accidental airbag deployment will result in serious personal injury.

Components



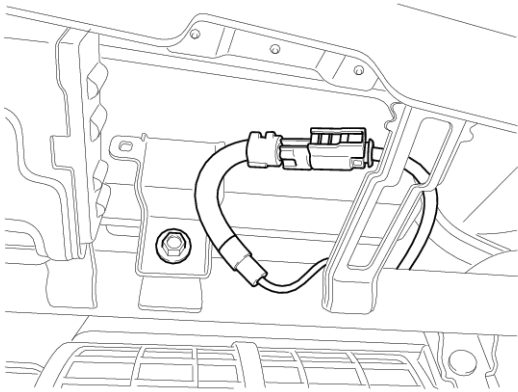
SHMRT9190N

Airbag Module

RT-219

Removal

1. Disconnect the battery negative cable and wait for at least three minutes before beginning work.
2. Remove the glove box housing. (Refer to the Body group- crash pad).
3. Disconnect the passenger airbag connector and remove the PAB mounting bolt.



SHMRT8191D

4. Remove the crash pad. (Refer to the Body group- crash pad).

NOTICE

Replace the crash pad which is damaged while PAB is deployed.

5. Remove the heater duct from the crash pad.
6. Remove the mounting nuts(6EA) from the crash pad. Then remove the passenger airbag.

CAUTION

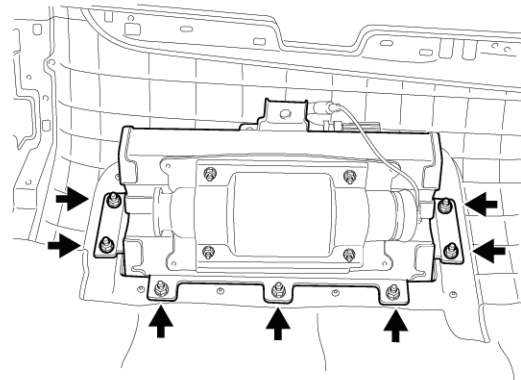
The removed airbag module should be stored in a clean, dry place with the airbag cushion up.

Installation

1. Remove the ignition key from the vehicle.
2. Disconnect the battery negative cable from battery and wait for at least three minutes before beginning work.
3. Place a passenger airbag on the crash pad and tighten the passenger airbag mounting nuts.

Tightening torque

: 5.9 ~ 6.9 Nm (0.6 ~ 0.7 kgf.m, 4.3 ~ 5.1 lb.ft)



SHMRT8192D

4. Install the heater duct to the crash pad.
5. Install the crash pad. (Refer to the Body group- crash pad)
6. Tighten the passenger airbag mounting bolt.

Tightening torque

: 18.6 ~ 26.5 Nm (1.9 ~ 2.7 kgf.m, 13.7 ~ 19.2 lb.ft)

7. Connect the passenger airbag harness connector to the SRS main harness connector.
8. Install the glove box. (Refer to the Body group- crash pad)
9. Reconnect the battery negative cable.
10. After installing the passenger airbag (PAB), confirm proper system operation:
 - Turn the ignition switch ON; the SRS indicator light should be turned on for about six seconds and then go off.

Side Airbag (SAB) Module

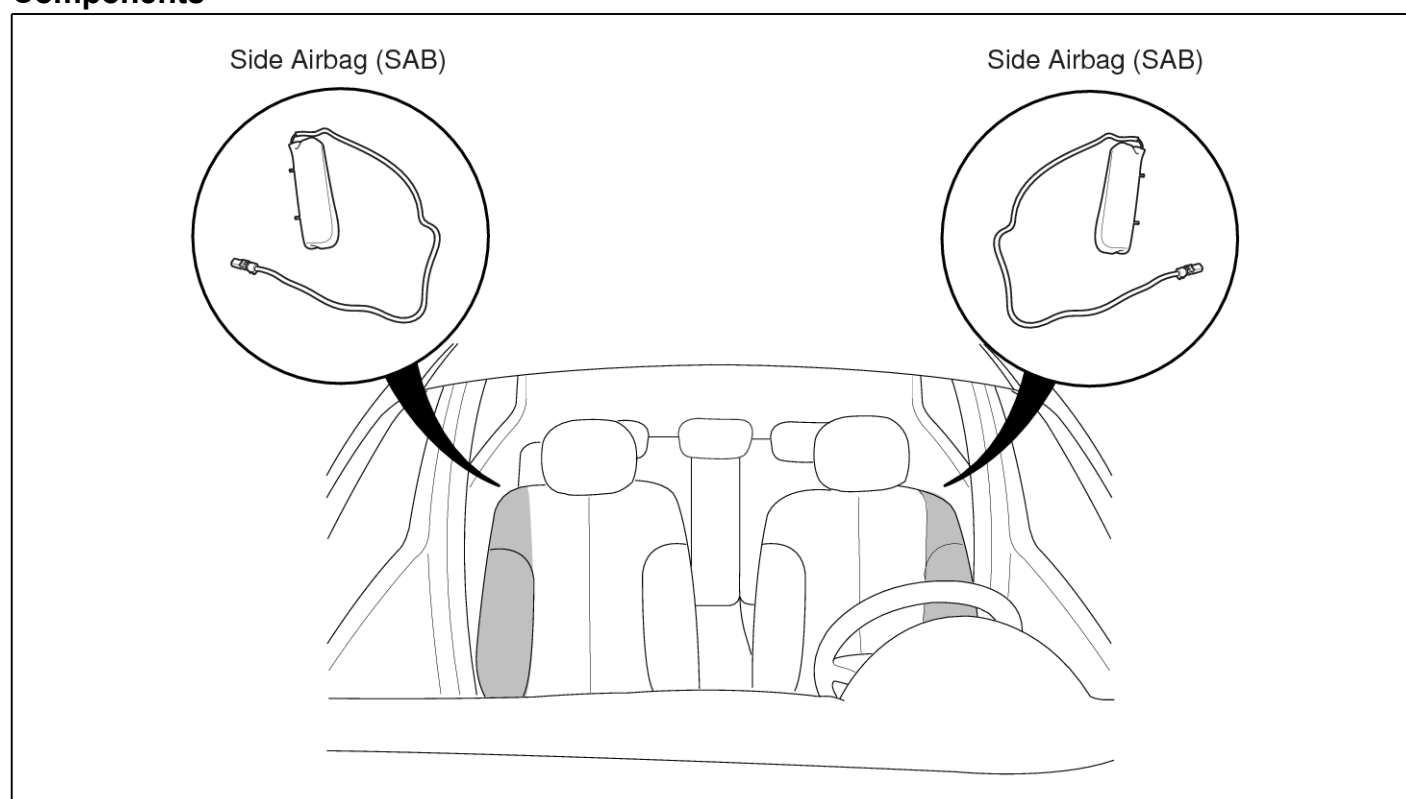
Description

The Side Airbags (SAB) are installed inside the front seat and protects the driver and passenger from danger when side crash occurs. The SRSCM determines deployment of side airbag by using Side Impact Sensor (SIS) signal.

⚠CAUTION

Never attempt to measure the circuit resistance of the airbag module (squib) even if you are using the specified tester. If the circuit resistance is measured with a tester, accidental airbag deployment will result in serious personal injury.

Components



SHMRT9120N

Airbag Module

RT-221

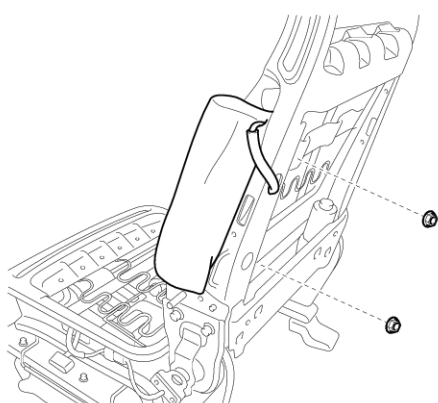
Removal

1. Disconnect the battery negative cable and wait for at least 3 minutes before beginning work.
2. Remove the front seat assembly. (Refer to the Body group- Seat)
3. Remove the seatback cover. (Refer to the Body group- Seat)

NOTICE

When the front side airbag deployed after a collision, replace the seatback as an assembly.

4. Loosen the side airbag mounting nuts and remove the SAB module.



SHMRT8121D

WARNING

The removed airbag module should be stored in a clean and dry place with the cushion side up.

Installation

CAUTION

Be sure to install the harness wires not to be pinched or interfered with other parts.

NOTICE

- Do not open the lid of the side airbag cover.
- Use new mounting nuts when you replace a side airbag.
- Make sure that the airbag assembly cover is installed properly. Improper installation may prevent the proper deployment.

1. Remove the ignition key from the vehicle.
2. Disconnect the battery negative cable and wait for at least three minutes.
3. Place a side airbag on the side airbag frame and tighten the side airbag mounting nuts (2EA).

Tightening torque

: 6.9 ~ 8.8 Nm (0.7 ~ 0.9 kgf.m , 5.1 ~ 6.5 lb.ft)

4. Install the new seatback cover. (Refer to the Body group- Seat)
5. Install the front seat assembly, and then connect the side airbag harness connector.
6. Recline and slide the front seat forward fully, make sure the harness wires are not pinched or interfering with other parts.
7. Reconnect the battery negative cable.
8. After installing the side airbag (SAB), confirm proper system operation:
 - Turn the ignition switch ON; the SRS indicator light should be turned on for about six seconds and then go off.

Curtain Airbag (CAB) Module

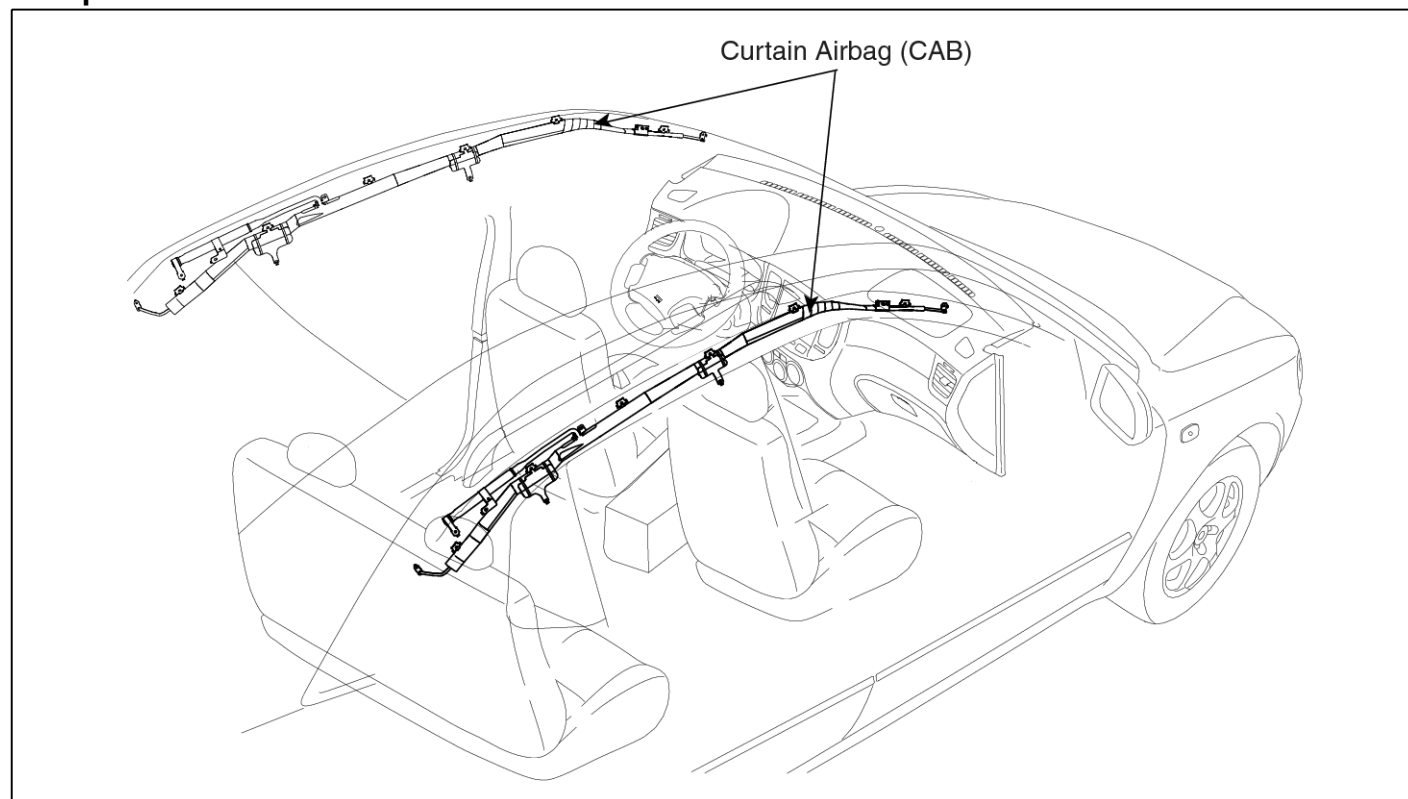
Description

Curtain airbags are installed inside the headliner (LH and RH) and protect the driver and passenger from danger when side crash occurs. The SRSCM determines deployment of curtain airbag by using side impact sensor (SIS) signal.

⚠ CAUTION

Never attempt to measure the circuit resistance of the airbag module even if you are using the specified tester. If the circuit resistance is measured with a tester, accidental airbag deployment will result in serious personal injury.

Components



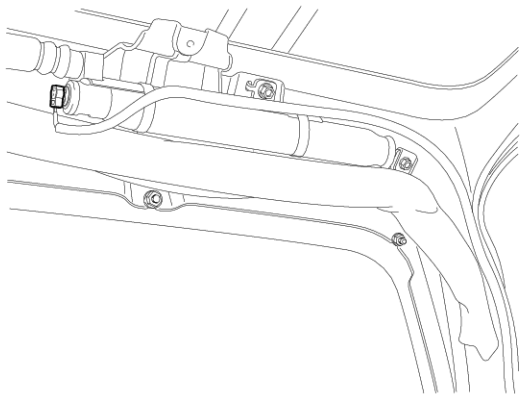
SENRT7130L

Airbag Module

RT-223

Removal

1. Disconnect the battery negative cable and wait for at least 3 minutes before beginning work.
2. Remove the roof trim. (Refer to the Body group-Interior)
3. Disconnect the curtain airbag harness connector.



SHMRT8131D

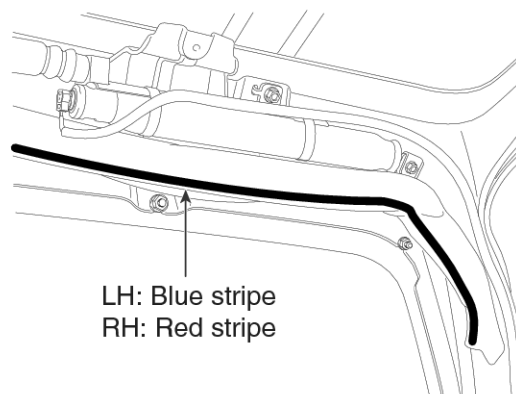
4. After loosening the mounting bolts and nuts remove the curtain airbag.

Installation

1. Remove the ignition key from the vehicle.
2. Disconnect the battery negative cable and wait for at least three minutes.
3. Tighten the curtain airbag mounting bolts.

Tightening torque

: 11.8 ~ 14.7 Nm (1.2 ~ 1.5 kgf.m, 8.7 ~ 10.9 lb.ft)



SHMRT9133N

⚠ CAUTION

- **Never twist the airbag module when installing it. If the module is twisted, airbag module may operate abnormally.**
4. Connect the curtain airbag connector.
 5. Install the roof trim. (Refer to the Body group-Interior)
 6. Reconnect the battery negative cable.
 7. After installing the curtain airbag (CAB), confirm proper system operation:
 - Turn the ignition switch ON; the SRS indicator light should be turned on for about six seconds and then go off.

Seat Belt Pretensioner

Seat Belt Pretensioner (BPT)

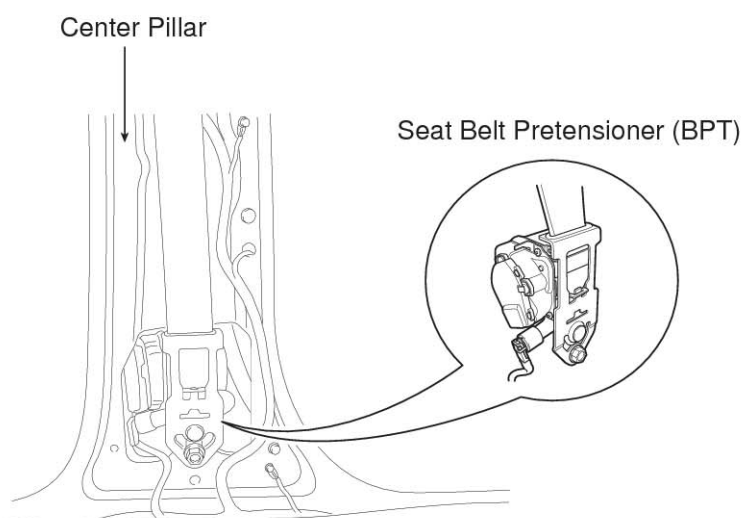
Description

The Seat Belt Pretensioners (BPT) are installed inside Center Pillar (LH & RH). When a vehicle crashes with a certain degree of frontal impact, the pretensioner seat belt helps to reduce the severity of injury to the front seat occupants by retracting the seat belt webbing. This prevents the front occupants from thrusting forward and hitting the steering wheel or the instrument panel when the vehicle crashes.

⚠CAUTION

Never attempt to measure the circuit resistance of the Seat Belt Pretensioner (BPT) even if you are using the specified tester. If the circuit resistance is measured with a tester, the pretensioner will be ignited accidentally. This will result in serious personal injury.

Components



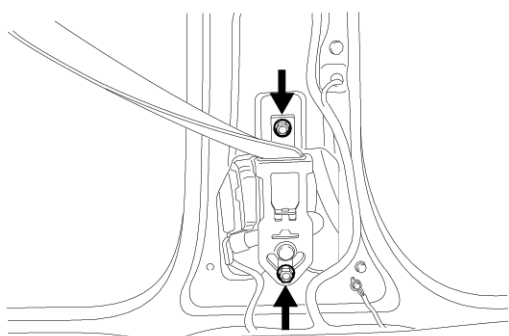
SHMRT9140N

Seat Belt Pretensioner

RT-225

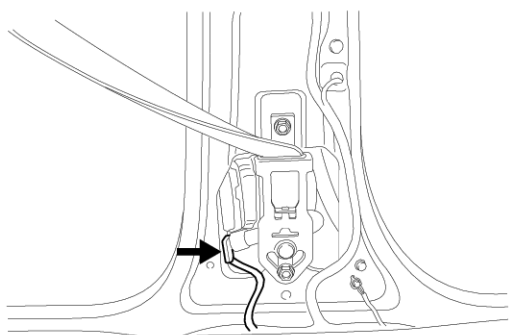
Removal

1. Disconnect the battery negative cable, and wait for at least three minutes before beginning work.
2. Remove the lower anchor bolt.
3. Remove the following parts. (Refer to the Body group- Seat belt)
 - Door scuff trim
 - Center pillar trim
4. Remove the upper anchor bolt.
5. Loosen the Seat Belt Pretensioner mounting bolt and remove the Seat Belt Pretensioner.



SHMRT8142D

6. Disconnect the Seat Belt Pretensioner connector.



SHMRT8141D

Installation

1. Remove the ignition key from the vehicle.
2. Disconnect the battery negative cable and wait for at least three minutes.
3. Install the Seat Belt Pretensioner (BPT) with a bolt.

Tightening torque

Bolt B: 39.2 ~ 53.9 Nm (4.0 ~ 5.5 kgf.m, 28.9 ~39.8 lb.ft)

4. Connect the Seat Belt Pretensioner (BPT) connector.
5. Install the upper anchor bolts.

Tightening torque

: 39.2 ~ 53.9 Nm (4.0 ~ 5.5 kgf.m, 28.9 ~39.8 lb.ft)

6. Install the following parts. . (Refer to the Body group- Seat belt)
 - Center pillar trim
 - Door scuff trim
7. Install the lower anchor bolts.

Tightening torque

: 39.2 ~ 53.9 Nm (4.0 ~ 5.5 kgf.m, 28.9 ~39.8 lb.ft)

8. Reconnect the battery negative cable.
9. After installing the Seat Belt Pretensioner (BPT), confirm proper system operation:
 - Turn the ignition switch ON; the SRS indicator light should be turned on for about six seconds and then go off.